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Initial Site Investigation	Work Scope
X Corrective Action Feasibility Investigation	X Technical Report
Corrective Action Plan	PCF Reimbursement Request
Corrective Action Summary Report	General Correspondence
Operations and Monitoring Report	

Corrective Action Feasibility Investigation and Site Monitoring Report

**Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Facility
521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, Vermont**

SMS Site #2005-3397

for

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Corrective Action Feasibility Investigation (CAFI) and Site Monitoring Report was prepared by Environmental Compliance Services, Inc. (ECS) of Richmond, VT on behalf of Bradford Oil Company, Inc. of Bradford, VT to evaluate remedial alternatives at the Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Facility (Site #2005-3397), located at 521 Bay Street in St. Johnsbury, Vermont (hereafter referred as the “Site”). ECS’s findings are summarized as follows:

- Recoverable amounts of light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) were detected in four wells in the southeastern corner and eastern side of the site. LNAPL was measured in on-site wells MW-12 and MW-22, off-site upgradient well MW-28, and off-site downgradient well MW-7, at thicknesses ranging from 0.13 feet to 1.36 feet. Estimated actual LNAPL thickness ranged from 0.01 feet to 0.03 feet. The presence of LNAPL, identified as gasoline, in off-site upgradient well MW-28 suggests an off-site source of contamination migrating onto the site.
- LNAPL bail-down testing was conducted at one week intervals for four weeks. LNAPL thickness decreased with each removal event in most wells.
- Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) were exceeded for one or more petroleum hydrocarbons in samples collected from eleven monitoring wells, including offsite downgradient well MW-8. Total benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene (BTEX) concentrations in these eleven samples ranged from 5.0 micrograms per liter (µg/L) in MW-8 to 7,961 µg/L in upgradient onsite well MW-17. The presence of dissolved-phase petroleum contamination in upgradient MW-17 is likely from an off-site source. BTEX concentrations in most wells increased since the previous February 2006 sampling event.
- The gasoline additive methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) was detected in eight wells located throughout the site at concentrations ranging from 3.3 µg/L in MW-31 to 5,620 µg/L in MW-1. This is generally consistent with the data collected during the initial site investigation; however, MTBE was detected in off-site wells MW-29 and MW-30 located on the former Ralston Purina property for the first time since sampling began in July 2005.
- No petroleum volatile organic compounds (VOCs) were detected in off-site wells MW-1R, MW-26, MW-27, MW-32 or MW-101.
- Groundwater in the unconfined surficial aquifer at the site appears to flow generally southeast toward the Passumpsic River, which is consistent with previous data. However, there appears to be anomalous groundwater elevations in the southeastern corner of the site in the vicinity of the tank farm. The cause of the lower groundwater elevations is unknown, but it may be hindering off-site migration based on contaminant concentrations in downgradient off-site monitoring wells MW-29 through MW-32. Gradients may vary in this location due to geologic factors such as subsurface gravel layers and slightly finer-grained soils in downgradient soil borings MW-29 through MW-32.

Based upon our current understanding of the Site conditions, the results of the bail-down testing, and this remedial alternative screening using the Federal Remediation Technologies Screening Matrix and Reference Guide, ECS recommends that LNAPL removal with passive bailers be conducted in the vicinity of the southeastern plume. Additional monitoring wells are recommended to delineate the full extent of free product and facilitate LNAPL recovery. Paving would enhance the LNAPL removal efforts by minimizing contaminant migration and reducing solubilization of LNAPL in the unsaturated zone at this site. Based on the results of previous investigations and the likely presence of an upgradient contaminant source, a more aggressive remedial approach in the vicinity of the southeastern plume may

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

exacerbate the migration of contamination onto the Northern Petroleum site. It is the opinion of ECS that site closure not be contingent on contamination migrating onto the site in the northwestern portion of the property from potential off-site sources.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Corrective Action Feasibility Investigation (CAFI) and Site Monitoring report has been prepared by Environmental Compliance Services, Inc. (ECS) of Richmond, VT on behalf of Bradford Oil Company, Inc. of Bradford, VT to evaluate remedial alternatives at the Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Facility (Site #2005-3397), located at 521 Bay Street in St. Johnsbury, Vermont (Figures 1 & 1a). The CAFI was determined to be necessary to select a remedial alternative to eliminate light non-aqueous phase liquid (LNAPL) and expedite site closure. Preparation of the CAFI was approved by the Sites Management Section (SMS) of the Vermont Department of Environmental Conservation (VTDEC) in a letter dated 13 July 2006.

The purpose of this CAFI is to evaluate, identify, and select the corrective action(s) best suited to the conditions at the Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Facility (the Site). The objectives of the corrective action(s) are to reduce volatile organic compound (VOC) contamination in soil and groundwater resulting from petroleum releases associated with a multiple-decade history of petroleum bulk storage on the Site. No sensitive receptors have been impacted by this contamination. The remedial goals for the Site are to eliminate LNAPL and mitigate contaminant migration. Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (VGES) must be achieved at the property boundary in order to reach Site closure, as well as other conditions specified in the Sites Management Activity Completed (SMAC) Designation Procedures Manual (October 2001).

The scope of work included sampling groundwater monitoring wells, conducting bail-down tests on monitoring wells containing LNAPL, and evaluating remedial technologies that would be suitable for the Site.

2.0 SITE HISTORY

The site currently operates primarily as a bulk oil storage facility, with a small area in the northern portion of the site used for parking by a local bus shuttle service headquartered on adjacent property north of the site. The property includes two buildings currently used as an office building and storage garage for Northern Petroleum. The property also houses a propane cylinder and tank storage area and associated facility parking areas. The ground surface throughout the site is gravel. Stormwater appears to flow to the southeastern corner of the site and ponds near the outside of the bulk storage tank farm. A site plan is shown in Figure 2.

The bulk oil storage facilities include gasoline, diesel, kerosene and #2 fuel oil stored in aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) with a total capacity of approximately 130,000 gallons, all of which are located within an earthen bermed enclosure in the southeastern corner of the site. The base of the berm is composed of six inches of compacted clay. Oil from the bulk tanks is piped underground to a fueling rack located approximately 40 feet north of the tanks. Northern Petroleum personnel were unable to confirm whether or not buried piping leading from the ASTs to the loading rack is provided with secondary containment.

One 500-gallon underground storage tank (UST), used to store #2 heating oil for on-site use, is reportedly currently located south of the office building. A former 1,000-gallon UST used to store #2 fuel oil was reportedly located at the storage garage.

The site has been used for bulk petroleum storage for several decades, during which time at least three different bulk petroleum facilities have operated at the site. Since 1990, the site has been operated as a Northern Petroleum bulk storage facility. In 1990, the current generation of ASTs were reportedly moved to the site from a Northern Petroleum property located at 590 Bay Street. According to the Spill Prevention, Control, and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan for the site, the current generation of onsite ASTs were originally constructed in 1953 (four tanks) and 1962 (two tanks).

For an unknown period prior to 1990, the site was operated as a petroleum bulk storage facility by Menut & Parks. Another petroleum bulk storage operation reportedly preceded the Menut & Parks business. Aerial photographs dated 1962, 1974, and 1983 illustrate four apparent horizontal bulk storage ASTs located in the northeastern portion of the property, and three apparent vertical bulk storage tanks in the east-center portion of the site. Available Sanborn maps for St. Johnsbury did not include coverage of the site to confirm the history of the site in the late 1980s to early 1990s.

An initial site investigation (ISI) was completed by ECS in December 2005, which included a historical review of the site and nearby properties, a site inspection, drilling of 32 soil borings and the subsequent installation of 21 monitoring wells, and a sensitive receptor survey. The ISI concluded that soil and groundwater at the site have been impacted with petroleum-related volatile organic compounds (VOCs) associated with both on-site and off-site sources. Although the preliminary investigation disclosed several potential on-site and off-site sources, no obvious source or sources were identified.

Petroleum contamination appears to have migrated onto the site from one or more upgradient off-site sources. LNAPL, identified as gasoline, was detected on the western side of Bay Street, upgradient of the site. This location is approximately 40 feet north of an existing well on the Lewis Oil bulk storage plant. The source of this LNAPL is unknown, but likely originated from a source other than the Northern Petroleum bulk plant. The upgradient extent of groundwater contamination in this area has not been defined. ECS recommended additional groundwater monitoring, as well as an evaluation of underground utilities that may be acting as a preferential pathway for contaminant migration.

Additional site monitoring and soil survey along Bay Street was completed by ECS in April 2006. Recoverable amounts of LNAPL were detected in four wells at the site. No underground utilities were found to exist along Bay Street adjacent to the site.

Several nearby properties are listed as active or closed hazardous waste sites (Figure 1a). The Lewis Oil site, located adjacent to the Site across Bay Street, has reportedly served as a bulk oil storage facility for over 50 years. Prior to 1990, fuel was offloaded by rail car at a rack located approximately 80 feet west (upgradient) of the site. In a Phase II report conducted for the former Canadian Pacific Railway, approximately 120 cubic yards of petroleum-contaminated soil were reportedly excavated and stockpiled on the Lewis Oil site in 1990 (Tewhey, 1998). According to the VT DEC spill sites list, approximately 200 gallons of #2 fuel oil was released in January 1999 due to a tank overfill. The spills database indicated that Twin State Environmental provided clean up and the spill site was subsequently closed in February 1999.

A lubricating oil business has occupied the former Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage/office site for approximately 25 years. The former Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage/office site is located north of the site (Figure 1a).

The former Canadian Pacific Railway property has operated as a rail yard facility since the 1850s. The central portion of the rail yard formerly included fueling operations in the 1960s, approximately 600 feet northwest of the site (Tewhey, 1998).

3.0 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

The site and limited portions of adjacent property to the east and west have been impacted by two or more petroleum contaminants including #2 fuel oil, gasoline, and possibly a third unidentified oil. Contaminant distribution and historical information indicates that the contamination likely originated from multiple sources. No obvious onsite sources, such as a leaking storage tank or spills, have been documented. Two contaminant plumes have been identified and are described below. Groundwater in the unconfined surficial aquifer appears to flow generally southeast toward the Passumpsic River.

3.1 NORTHWESTERN PLUME

The northwestern plume is the larger of the two and is defined by three areas of free product detected in MW-22 and MW-28 (also detected in MW-17 and MW-19 in previous investigations). The outer limits are delineated by reduced VOC concentrations in wells and/or relatively low PID readings in soil borings around the northern, eastern, and southern perimeters. The western extent of this plume, beyond MW-28, has not been defined.

Data collected to date suggest that a release related to the former bulk storage tanks may have contributed to the contamination in this portion of the site, but an offsite source west (upgradient) of MW-28 also is considered likely. LNAPL in upgradient monitoring well MW-28 was identified by the analytical laboratory as gasoline. No. 2 fuel oil was identified in soils above the water table in MW-1, and estimated to be present in MW-2 ECS, MW-17 and MW-18 in soil both above and below the water table. Other oil, (which may include lubricating, cutting, and/or silicon oil) was also identified above the water table in MW-2 ECS. No. 2 fuel oil and gasoline were detected in groundwater in these wells. Subsurface soils in this area generally consist of a fine to medium sand upper layer with underlying coarse sand and gravels. In all soil borings, the top of the water table is within the finer sands. PID readings in soil borings indicate that the vertical extent of contamination extends into the underlying coarse sand and gravel, where present. PID readings at six soil boring locations increase with increasing depth.

3.2 SOUTHEASTERN PLUME

The southeastern plume is defined by LNAPL detected in MW-7 and MW-12. The downgradient limits are delineated by reduced VOC concentration in wells and/or relatively low PID readings in soil borings in MW-29 through MW-32, SB-9 and SB-10. This downgradient limit extends approximately 40 feet beyond the Northern Petroleum property line. The upgradient extent of this plume is less discernable and may merge with the northwestern contaminant plume.

Data collected to date suggest that a release related to the current bulk storage tank system may have contributed to the contamination in this portion of the site. No. 2 fuel oil was identified in soils both above and below the water table in MW-5 and MW-12, both of which are located upgradient of MW-7. No. 2 fuel oil was also identified in groundwater in wells in this area. The hydrogeology in this area of the site is similar to that described in the previous section. PID readings in soil borings indicate that the vertical extent of contamination extends into the underlying coarse sand and gravel layer, generally decreasing in concentration with increasing depth.

4.0 INVESTIGATIVE PROCEDURES AND RESULTS

4.1 GROUNDWATER ELEVATION AND FLOW DIRECTION

During the July 2006 monitoring event, groundwater in the unconfined surficial aquifer at the site appeared to flow generally southeast toward the Passumpsic River, which is consistent with previous data. However, there appears to be anomalous groundwater elevations in the southeastern corner of the site in the vicinity of the tank farm. The cause of the lower groundwater elevations is unknown, but it may be hindering off-site migration by acting as a collection area for LNAPL in the southeast corner of the site. Gradients may vary in this location due to geologic factors (i.e. subsurface gravel layers and slightly finer-grained soils in downgradient soil borings MW-29 through MW-32).

The average horizontal hydraulic gradient was approximately 0.16 percent between MW-13 and MW-17. The vertical groundwater flow components at the site, and the hydraulic relationship between the shallow unconfined aquifer and the bedrock aquifer, are currently unknown.

Fluid levels were measured in the monitoring wells on 17 and 18 July 2006 to calculate the groundwater flow direction. Depths to groundwater in the on-site monitoring wells ranged from 4.06 feet (MW-13) to 7.62 feet (MW-26) below top-of-casing. Static water-table elevations were computed for each monitoring well by subtracting the measured depth-to-water readings from the surveyed top-of-casing elevations, which are relative to an arbitrary site datum of 100.00 feet. Groundwater elevations for wells that contained LNAPL were corrected by multiplying the LNAPL thickness by the specific gravity of fuel oil (assumed to be 0.9) and subtracting the result from the measured depth to water. Water-level measurements and elevation calculations are presented in Table 1. A groundwater flow direction map was prepared using these data (Figure 3).

4.2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING AND LABORATORY ANALYSIS

Groundwater samples were collected on 17, 18, and 31 July, 2006 from on-site monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 ECS, MW-4, MW-5, MW-13, MW-16, MW-17, MW-18, and MW-19, and off-site wells MW-8, MW-26, MW-27, MW-29, MW-31, MW-32, MW- 2 (existing well), MW-101, and MW-102 and analyzed for the possible presence of VOCs via the EPA Method 8021B list of petroleum-related VOCs (Figure 5). Samples were not collected from MW-4 or MW-11 because these wells could not be located during the sampling events. In accordance with ECS and industry standard operating procedures, groundwater samples were not collected from four monitoring wells in which LNAPL was detected (MW-7, MW-12, MW-22, and MW-28). No petroleum VOCs were detected in off-site wells MW-1R, MW-26, MW-27, MW-32 or MW-101.

VGES¹ were exceeded for one or more petroleum hydrocarbons in samples collected from eleven monitoring wells, including one offsite downgradient well (MW-8). Total BTEX concentrations in these eleven samples ranged from 5.0 micrograms per liter (µg/L) in MW-8 to 7,961 µg/L in onsite well MW-17. The total BTEX concentrations in upgradient Lewis Oil wells MW-2 and MW-102 were 169.8 and 18.6 µg/L, respectively. BTEX concentrations in most wells increased an average of 269 percent since the February 2006 sampling event.

The gasoline additive methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE) was detected in eight wells located throughout the site at concentrations ranging from 3.3 µg/L in MW-31 to 5,620 µg/L in MW-1. This is generally consistent with the data collected during the initial site investigation, however, MTBE was detected in off-site wells MW-29 and MW-30 for the first time since sampling began.

LNAPL was measured in onsite wells MW-7, MW-12, MW-22, and MW-28 at thicknesses of 0.13, 0.20, 1.36 and 0.64 feet, respectively (Table 1). Bail-down testing was performed during this monitoring event and is discussed in more detail in Section 3.3.

Prior to groundwater sample collection, the monitoring wells were purged using low-flow sampling techniques in accordance with ECS and industry standard protocols. Purge water was discharged directly to the ground in the vicinity of each well. A trip blank and a duplicate sample were collected to ensure that adequate quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) standards were maintained.

All samples were transported under chain-of-custody in an ice-filled cooler to Spectrum Analytical, Inc. of Agawam, Massachusetts. Relative percent difference (RPD) values for the duplicate sample, collected from MW-16, were within the EPA guideline of 30 percent. No VOCs were detected in the trip blank. Analytical results are included in Table 2 and the laboratory analytical reports are presented in Appendix A; time series graphs are presented in Figures 5-28.

4.3 BAILDOWN TESTING

ECS performed weekly LNAPL gauging and removal from monitoring wells MW-7, MW-12, MW-22, and MW-28 on 18 July, 24 July, 31 July, and 7 August 2006. A total of 0.29 gallons of LNAPL was recovered and stored on-site. LNAPL thickness was determined using an interface probe. The information gathered from the bail-down test was used to evaluate the actual LNAPL thickness and the success of LNAPL removal efforts at the site.

On 18 July 2006, the initial LNAPL thickness in MW-7 was 0.13 feet and recovered to an average thickness of 0.10 feet over the next 30 minutes. The actual LNAPL thickness is estimated to be 0.01 feet, based on graphical interpretation¹. A total of 40 milliliters (mL) or 0.01 gallons were recovered. During the next three visits, the initial LNAPL thickness decreased from 0.13 feet on 24 July 2006 to 0.01 feet on 7 August 2006. A total of 65 mL was recovered from MW-7. LNAPL removal efforts resulted in a decrease of product thickness over the four week monitoring period, indicating that LNAPL removal may be successful in the vicinity of the southeastern plume.

Due to difficulty locating MW-12, baildown testing was only performed on 31 July 2006. The actual LNAPL thickness is estimated to be 0.02 feet, based on graphical interpretation¹. The initial LNAPL thickness in MW-12 was 0.20 feet and recovered to an average thickness of 0.12 feet over the next 80 minutes. A total of 40 mL or 0.01 gallons were recovered.

On 18 July 2006, the initial LNAPL thickness in MW-22 was 1.36 feet and recovered to an average thickness of 0.16 feet over the next 30 minutes. The actual LNAPL thickness is estimated to be 0.01 feet, based on graphical interpretation¹. A total of 500 mL or 0.13 gallons were recovered. During the next three visits, LNAPL thickness decreased to 0.23 feet on 24 July 2006 and 0.13 feet on 31 July 2006. The thickness on 7 August 2006 was 1.45 feet. A total of 730 mL was recovered from MW-22. LNAPL removal efforts resulted in a decrease of product recovery over the three week monitoring period, with the exception of the 7 August 2006 initial LNAPL thickness.

On 18 July 2006, the initial LNAPL thickness in MW-28 was 0.64 feet and recovered to an average thickness of 0.15 feet over the next 30 minutes. The actual LNAPL thickness is estimated to be 0.03 feet,

¹ Hughes, J.P., Sullivan, C.R., and Zinner, R.E., 1988. Two Techniques for Determining the True Hydrocarbon Thickness in an Unconfined Sandy Aquifer. *Proceedings of the Conference on Petroleum Hydrocarbons and Organic Chemicals in Ground Water: Prevention, Detection and Restoration*, November 1988, Pages 291 to 314.

based on graphical interpretation¹. A total of 200 mL or 0.05 gallons were recovered. No LNAPL was detected during the 24 July 2006 site visit. LNAPL thickness was 0.35 feet on 24 July 2006 and 0.16 feet on 7 August 2006. A total of 250 mL was recovered from MW-28. LNAPL removal efforts resulted in a decrease of product thickness during the four weeks.

Bail-down test data are presented in Charts 1 through 4 in Appendix C. Bail-down test data indicate that in most monitoring locations, the LNAPL thickness decreased with each removal effort.

4.4 CONTAMINANT MASS ESTIMATES

Northwestern Plume

Based on soil samples collected on 18 July 2005, estimates of contaminant mass and LNAPL saturation were calculated in soils above and below the water table. Approximately 25,000 pounds of predominantly fuel oil-related hydrocarbon contamination are estimated to be present above the water table within the 1,000 µg/L total VOC isopleth from the July 2006 monitoring event (Table 3), representing a LNAPL saturation of approximately 5 percent in the pore spaces above the water table. Approximately 38,000 pounds of predominantly fuel oil-related hydrocarbon contamination are estimated to be present at or below the water table within the 1,000 µg/L total VOC isopleth from the July 2006 monitoring event (Table 4), representing an LNAPL saturation of approximately 3.7 percent in the pore spaces above the water table.

Mass estimates were calculated based on TPH soil analytical data (presented in the December 2005 Site Investigation Report) from samples collected from monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2 ECS, MW-17, and MW-18.

Southeastern Plume

Based on soil samples collected on 18 July 2005, estimates of contaminant mass and LNAPL saturation were calculated in soils above and below the water table. Approximately 3,000 pounds of predominantly fuel oil-related hydrocarbon contamination are estimated to be present above the water table within the 1,000 µg/L total VOC isopleth from the July 2006 monitoring event (Table 3), representing a LNAPL saturation of approximately 1.3 percent in the pore spaces above the water table. Approximately 516 pounds of predominantly fuel oil-related hydrocarbon contamination are estimated to be present at or below the water table within the 1,000 µg/L total VOC isopleth from the July 2006 monitoring event (Table 4), representing a LNAPL saturation of approximately 0.2 percent in the pore spaces above the water table. Based on these calculations, there appears to be more mass above the water table in the southeastern portion of the site, suggesting that on-site sources may be responsible for contamination.

Mass estimates were calculated based on TPH soil analytical data (presented in the December 2005 Site Investigation Report) from samples collected from monitoring wells MW-5, MW-12, and MW-13.

5.0 EVALUATION OF CORRECTIVE ACTION ALTERNATIVES

Based on Site-specific conditions and the type and distribution of petroleum contamination detected in Site soil and groundwater, potentially applicable technologies were evaluated for their effectiveness at remediating Site contamination (Table 5 – Initial Screening of Remediation Alternatives). The screening process was based upon the Federal Remediation Technologies Screening Matrix and Reference Guide Version 4.0. Each of the remedial action alternatives was scored on the basis of its effectiveness, reliability, cleanup time, and overall costs to reduce the level of risk posed by the concentrations of contamination in the groundwater and soil at the Site. The scoring was determined as follows:

	TECHNOLOGY EVALUATION CRITERIA				
CHARACTERISTIC	0	3	5	7	10
Effectiveness	Ineffective	Possible	Somewhat Effective	Effective	Very Effective
Reliability	Not Reliable	Limited Reliability	Somewhat Reliable	Reliable	Very Reliable
Cleanup Time	Slowest	Slow	Average	Fast	Fastest
Overall Costs	Exorbitant	Very Costly	Average Cost	Inexpensive	Low or No Cost

A remedial action alternative was considered to be Not Viable if the effectiveness, reliability, or overall cleanup time of the alternative was considered to be zero or if the combined score of the effectiveness, reliability, cleanup time, and overall costs was calculated to be less than 15. A remedial action alternative was considered to be Potentially Viable if the effectiveness, reliability, and overall cleanup time were greater than zero and if the combined score of effectiveness, reliability, cleanup time, and overall costs was between 15 and 20. A remedial action alternative was considered to be Viable if the effectiveness, reliability, and overall cleanup time were greater than zero and if the combined score of effectiveness, reliability, cleanup time, and overall costs was greater than 20.

In-situ and ex-situ remediation options were evaluated during this investigation. Due to the presence of upgradient contamination, a majority of full-scale site-wide remediation technologies were not retained because of the likelihood of recontamination from off-site properties. A more aggressive remedial approach on-site may exacerbate the migration of contaminants onto the Northern Petroleum site. Excavation may be a viable technology at this site; however, due to challenges at the site, including the location of the tank farm and berm, and the presence of downgradient contamination on the property of an uncooperative adjacent landowner, excavation was not retained as a remedial alternative at this time. Three potential treatment options were retained for further evaluation until contamination at upgradient properties are addressed. Viable remedial action alternatives included:

- Capping;
- LNAPL recovery; and,
- Enhanced Fluid Recovery (EFR).

5.1 CAPPING

Description

Capping would include paving the grassy or porous media surfaces on the site (approximately 33,600 square feet). The current parking lot consists of gravel. Paving the parking lot would limit exposure of subsurface constituents, reduce infiltration of surface water and contaminant migration, and prevent leaks and spills from impacting the ground surface.

Effectiveness

Capping is an effective way of reducing infiltration and preventing petroleum leaks and spills from entering the subsurface. Capping will not reduce existing concentrations of contaminated soil and groundwater at the site; however, it will likely reduce migration off-site. Capping at this site may minimize additional solubilization of LNAPL, especially that which is present above the water table. Future remedial activities would require disturbing and reparation of the cap.

Implementability

A majority of the site consists of a gravel parking lot, which would be easily paved. Existing monitoring wells would have to be protected and road boxes elevated to grade. Paving would likely have to occur in the warmer weather months.

Cost

The estimated cost associated with paving the Northern Petroleum parking lot is approximately \$70,000.

5.2 LNAPL RECOVERY

Description

LNAPL recovery involves pumping or bailing LNAPL from existing monitoring and recovery wells. Pumping could be achieved by the use of permanently-installed LNAPL pumps at specific wells or with a pump or manual collection device that requires a field technician to operate during a site visit.

Manual bailer extraction or passive bailers can be used to remove LNAPL. A passive bailer is a tube that is empty or filled with absorbent material that is lowered into a well, secured with a rope or string, and left to perform its function. Typically, a hydrophobic screen near the top of the unit allows the product to enter and be collected by the absorbent material and keeps the water out. Once installed at a pre-determined level, the passive bailer is able to collect LNAPL only within a set range. LNAPL is removed from the bailer during site visits and stored on-site for eventual off-site disposal.

Effectiveness

Bail-down testing conducted at the site in July-August 2006 suggests that LNAPL thickness was effectively reduced during each event, and in most cases, remained lower the following week, suggesting that the actual plume thickness is less than that measured and/or LNAPL recharge is slow. The effectiveness of LNAPL recovery is determined based on the extent and thickness of the LNAPL plume, the spacing of extraction wells, the recovery method and the rate of LNAPL recharge. Larger-diameter extraction wells (2-inch or greater) will be necessary to accommodate the LNAPL recovery pumps and passive bailers, and would likely have greater recovery than the existing one-inch microwells. Passive bailers and product pumps, such as the Spill Buddy Pro by Clean Earth Technologies, effectively remove only LNAPL from the well. Passive bailers are relatively inexpensive, but require positioning the unit at the proper depth as the water table fluctuates. The average groundwater fluctuation at the site, based on data from three monitoring events, is 1.2 feet.

LNAPL recovery has a fair to moderate certainty of success at eliminating LNAPL; however, this technique is unlikely to reduce VOCs in soils or groundwater to levels approaching background concentrations over the long term. Therefore this alternative is recommended as a temporary solution until upgradient sources of contamination are remediated.

Implementability

Product recovery pumps that are permanently installed would require very little maintenance and would be fairly easy to implement. Tubing may have to be installed underground at a shallow depth to a 55-gallon drum. A field pump or bailer extraction would be easy to implement, but would require more frequent site visits.

Costs

Table 6 includes a summary of preliminary estimated costs associated with LNAPL removal at the Site using bailer events, pump events, and permanently-installed product pumps. Costs have been estimated based on one year of operation with semi-annual groundwater monitoring and quarterly reporting. Monthly site visits are assumed for bailer removal and field pumping events. Permanently-installed product pumps would be installed in six newly-installed extraction wells, and site visits would be scheduled every other month. Equipment costs have been estimated using purchase pricing from Clean Earth Technologies; these costs may be reduced based on monthly rental options.

TABLE 6	Passive Bailers	Field Pumping	Installed Pumps
Install Monitoring Wells ($\geq 2''$)	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000
LNAPL Removal (monthly for 1 year)	\$12,000	\$15,000	\$0
Pump installation and O&M (6 wells)	\$0	\$0	\$50,000
Groundwater Monitoring (semi-annually)	\$10,000	\$10,000	\$10,000
Reporting (quarterly) & Coordination	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,000
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST	\$40,000	\$43,000	\$78,000

5.3 ENHANCED FLUID RECOVERY

Description

EFR utilizes a vacuum truck to periodically apply a vacuum to recovery wells in order to extract LNAPL and dissolved-phase petroleum-impacted groundwater. EFR events only require the installation of recovery wells with no trenches or conveyance piping. Periodically, impacted groundwater, vapor, and/or LNAPL are recovered by applying a vacuum on the recovery well or trench. This alternative is effective at extracting source and residual hydrocarbon constituents present in both unsaturated and saturated zones, and it is highly effective in silty or low permeability soils.

Recovered fluids would be shipped to a licensed hazardous waste treatment facility via vacuum tanker truck. Vapors generated from the vacuum blower during extraction will be treated using vapor-phase granular activated carbon (GAC) units. These units will be left on-site until sufficient extraction events have occurred to induce breakthrough, at which time the GAC units will be replaced with fresh GAC, and the spent GAC will be transported to a licensed GAC regeneration facility.

Effectiveness

EFR remediation has a moderate to high certainty of success at reducing concentrations of absorbed-phase hydrocarbons and eliminating LNAPL; however, this technique is unlikely to reduce VOCs to

levels approaching background concentrations over the long term. Therefore this alternative is recommended as a temporary solution until upgradient sources of contamination are resolved. Larger-diameter extraction wells (2-inch or greater) will be necessary to conduct EFR.

Implementability

This remedial action alternative is not technically complex, and will not be difficult to implement. EFR remediation would only require subsurface excavations associated with the installation of recovery wells; however, each vacuum truck extraction event will require coordination with site workers and personnel due to the use of temporary hoses and placement of the vacuum tanker truck.

Cost

Table 7 includes a summary of preliminary estimated costs associated with LNAPL removal at the Site using EFR. A cost of \$58,000 is estimated based on six LNAPL recovery events in one year.

TABLE 7	EFR
Install Monitoring Wells ($\geq 2''$)	\$10,000
EFR events (6/yr for 1 year)	\$30,000
Groundwater Monitoring (semi-annually)	\$10,000
Reporting (quarterly) & Coordination	\$8,000
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST	\$58,000

5.4 SUMMARY

Based upon our current understanding of the Site conditions and the results of the bail-down testing and this remedial alternative screening, ECS recommends that LNAPL removal with passive bailers be conducted in the vicinity of the southeastern plume. Additional monitoring wells are recommended to delineate the full extent of free product and facilitate LNAPL recovery. Paving would enhance the LNAPL removal efforts by minimizing contaminant migration. Paving will also reduce solubilization of LNAPL in the unsaturated zone at this site. Justification for using these technologies is as follows:

- LNAPL recovery would provide a cost-effective way of reducing and/or eliminating LNAPL to minimize further on-site dissolved-phase contaminant plume migration and expedite site closure;
- The average groundwater fluctuation is 1.2 feet; therefore, passive bailers would not require frequent repositioning with high and low water table conditions;
- Paving is recommended to reduce migration of dissolved-phase contaminants and minimize solubilization of LNAPL, especially from the unsaturated soils at the site; and
- A more comprehensive remediation system may be recommended when upgradient sources are addressed.

TABLES

Table 1.
Groundwater Elevations

521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, VT

Monitoring Date: 17 & 18 July 2006 (3 wells on 31st)

Well I.D.	Top of Casing Elevation	Depth to Product	Depth to Water	Product Thickness	Corrected Depth to Water	Water Table Elevation
MW-1	100.00		4.80			95.20
MW-1R	-		4.85			-
MW-2 (existing)	100.14		4.80			95.34
MW-2ECS	100.16		5.48			94.68
MW-4	99.15		NS			-
MW-5	98.95		4.20			94.75
MW-7	100.50	5.62	5.75	0.13	5.63	94.87
MW-8	100.67		5.86			94.81
MW-11	98.75		NS			-
MW-12*	98.65	3.88	4.08	0.2	3.90	94.75
MW-13	98.98		4.06			94.92
MW-16	99.56		4.55			95.01
MW-17 *	99.83		4.75			95.08
MW-18 *	99.96		4.73			95.23
MW-19	100.05		4.68			95.37
MW-22	99.95	4.43	5.79	1.36	4.57	95.38
MW-26	102.76		7.62			95.14
MW-27	102.90		7.39			95.51
MW-28	102.09	6.92	7.56	0.64	6.98	95.10
MW-29	99.63		4.70			94.93
MW-30	100.01		5.01			95.00
MW-31	99.95		4.82			95.13
MW-32	99.75		4.66			95.09
MW-101 (existing)	--		4.81			--
MW-102	--		4.20			--

Notes:

All values reported in feet relative to a datum of 100.00 ft.

NS - Not Sampled

* sampled on 7/31/06

Corrected ground-water elevations were calculated by multiplying the petroleum product thickness by the specific gravity of #2 fuel oil (0.9) and subtracting the result from the measured depth to water.

Table 2.
Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results

521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, VT

Monitoring Dates: 17-18 and 31 July 2006

ON-SITE MONITORING WELLS													
Sample Identification	VGES	MW-1	MW-2 ECS	MW-4	MW-5	MW-11	MW-12	MW-13	MW-16	MW-17	MW-18	MW-19	MW-22
Sampling Date		7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/31/06	7/31/06	7/17/06	7/17/06
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS by EPA Method 8260B (µg/L)													
Benzene	5	536	782	NS	149	NS	FP	104	202	1450	728	91.6	FP
Ethylbenzene	700	263	450	NS	BRL<5.0	NS	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	549	150	233	FP
Toluene	1,000	142	94.5	NS	BRL<5.0	NS	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	2,110	125	460	FP
Total Xylenes	10,000	1,152	1,241.0	NS	BRL<15.0	NS	FP	BRL<3.0	11.4	3,852	768.8	951	FP
BTEX	--	2,093	2,567.5	NS	149	NS	FP	104	213.4	7,961	1,772	1,736	FP
Naphthalene	20	90.0	132	NS	12.8	NS	FP	BRL<1.0	47.2	364	87.8	84.6	FP
1,2,4-Timethylbenzene	5	230	270	NS	20.5	NS	FP	1.1	48.5	819	277	248	FP
1,3,5-Timethylbenzene	4	65.5	74.0	NS	BRL<5.0	NS	FP	BRL<1.0	18.2	242	70.6	66.5	FP
Methyl tert-butyl ether	40	5,620	1,610	NS	352	NS	FP	133	BRL<5.0	14.0	108	BRL<5.0	FP

Notes:

-- - not analyzed or not applicable

µg/L - micrograms per liter

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

FP - Free-phase product in well; well not sampled.

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NS - Not Sampled

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (exceedances are shaded)

MW-4 and MW-11 were not located during the sampling event.

Table 2.
Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results

521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, VT

Monitoring Dates: 17-18 and 31 July 2006

OFF-SITE MONITORING WELLS														
Sample Identification	VGES	MW-1R	MW-7	MW-8	MW-26	MW-27	MW-28	MW-29	MW-30	MW-31	MW-32	MW-2 (existing well)	MW-101 (existing well)	MW-102
Sampling Date		7/18/06	7/17/06	7/18/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/18/06	7/17/06
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS by EPA Method 8260B (µg/L)														
Benzene	5	BRL<1.0	FP	5.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	58.4	BRL<1.0	5.2
Ethylbenzene	700	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	37.2	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0
Toluene	1,000	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	8.4	BRL<1.0	1.2
Total Xylene	10,000	BRL<3.0	FP	BRL<3.0	BRL<3.0	BRL<3.0	FP	BRL<3.0	BRL<3.0	BRL<3.0	BRL<3.0	65.8	BRL<3.0	13.4
BTEX	--	BRL	FP	5.0	BRL	BRL	FP	BRL	BRL	BRL	BRL	169.8	BRL	18.6
Naphthalene	20	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	12.4	BRL<1.0	8.1
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	5	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	40.0	BRL<1.0	12.7
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	4	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	12.0	BRL<1.0	9.3
MTBE	40	BRL<1.0	FP	38.6	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	FP	10.0	3.8	3.3	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0

Notes:

-- - not analyzed or not applicable

µg/L - micrograms per liter

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

FP - Free-phase product in well; well not sampled.

mg/L - milligrams per liter

CL - Cannot Locate; well not sampled

NS - Not Sampled

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (exceedances are shaded)

Table 2.
Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results

521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, VT

Monitoring Dates: 17-18 and 31 July 2006

QA/QC SAMPLES					
Sample Identification	VGES	Trip	Duplicate	Original Sample (MW-16)	% difference
Sampling Date		7/17/06	7/17/06	7/17/06	--
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (µg/L)					
Benzene	5	BRL<1.0	186	202	8.2
Ethylbenzene	700	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	BRL<5.0	--
Toluene	1,000	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	BRL<5.0	--
Total Xylene	10,000	BRL<3.0	11.5	11.4	0.9
BTEX	--	--	186	213.4	--
Naphthalene	20	BRL<1.0	46.0	47.2	2.6
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	5	BRL<1.0	46.0	48.5	5.3
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	4	BRL<1.0	17.8	18.2	2.2
MTBE	40	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	BRL<5.0	-

Notes:

-- - not analyzed or not applicable

µg/L - micrograms per liter

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

FP - Free-phase product in well; well not sampled.

mg/L - milligrams per liter

NS - Not Sampled

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards (exceedances are shaded)

CL - Cannot Locate; well not sampled

Table 3
Mass Estimates of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) Detected in Soil Above the Water Table
Northern Petroleum
St. Johnsbury, Vermont

Sample ID	MW-1	MW-2 ECS	MW-17	MW-18	MW-5	MW-12	MW-13
Sample Depth (feet)	2 feet	3 feet	4.5 feet	4 feet	2 feet	3 feet	4.5 feet
Sampling Date	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/Kg)	Northwestern Plume				Southeastern Plume		
Fuel Identification	-	#2 fuel oil and other oil	#2 fuel oil	#2 fuel oil	#2 fuel oil	-	-
TOTAL VPH (mg/Kg)	6,110	1,920	4,630	14,300	190	3,620	1,400
AVERAGE VPH IN SOIL (mg/Kg)	6,740				1,737		
Estimated Plume Area (ft ²)	8,400				4,000		
Impacted Soil Thickness (ft)	3				3		
Total Soil Volume (yd ³)	933				444		
Total Weight of Soil (Kg)	1,696,970				808,081		
Residual TPH Mass (Kg)	11,438				1,403		
Residual TPH Mass (Lbs)	25,163				3,087		
Equivalent Volume of LNAPL (gallons)	4,133				507		
NAPL Saturation (% pore space)	4.98%				1.28%		

Table 4
Mass Estimates of Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) Detected in Soil at or below the Water Table
Northern Petroleum
St. Johnsbury, Vermont

Sample ID	MW-1	MW-2 ECS	MW-17	MW-18	MW-5	MW-12	MW-13
Sample Depth (feet)	8 feet	11 feet	5 feet	6 feet	8 feet	11 feet	7 feet
Sampling Date	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005	7/18/2005
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (mg/Kg)	Northwestern Plume				Southeastern Plume		
Fuel Identification	#2 fuel oil and other oil	#2 fuel oil	#2 fuel oil	#2 fuel oil	-	#2 fuel oil	-
TOTAL VPH (mg/Kg)	1,750	55.9	17,700	725	369	104	180
AVERAGE VPH IN SOIL (mg/Kg)	5,058				218		
Estimated Plume Area (ft ²)	8,400				4,000		
Impacted Soil Thickness (ft)	6				4		
Total Soil Volume (yd ³)	1,867				593		
Total Weight of Soil (Kg)	3,393,939				1,077,441		
Residual TPH Mass (Kg)	17,166				235		
Residual TPH Mass (Lbs)	37,764				516		
Equivalent Volume of LNAPL (gallons)	6,203				85		
NAPL Saturation (% pore space)	3.74%				0.16%		

Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury, Vermont		Table 5 Initial Screening of Remedial Action Alternatives								
Response Action	Remedial Technology	Description	Technology Evaluation Criteria ¹				Total Score	Viability ³	Retained for Evaluation	Solution ⁴
			Effectiveness ²	Reliability	Cleanup Time ²	Overall Costs				
No Action	None	No effort to control, remove or monitor impact or control site access.	0	5	0	10	15	Not viable. This alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards. Migration of LNAPL and petroleum-contaminated groundwater will not be recorded.	No	NA
Institutional Controls	Site fencing and security	Fence site perimeter to restrict access.	0	5	0	7	12	Not viable. This alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards.	No	NA
	Activity and Use Limitation	Deed restriction to identify prohibited site uses as well as personal protection for selected site activities.	0	0	0	7	7	Not viable. Alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards. In order to achieve site closure, a notice to the land records would be required.	No	NA
Site Monitoring	Natural Attenuation	Monitoring of volatilization, dispersion and biological, or chemical degradation of petroleum hydrocarbons over time.	0	0	3	10	13	Not viable. Due to the presence of LNAPL at this site, this alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards.	No	NA
Passive Containment	Capping	Limits exposure to subsurface constituents and prevents additional infiltration of rain/surface water.	3	7	3	7	20	Viable. The site mostly contains a gravel parking lot. Although this alternative would not reduce contaminant concentrations below applicable standards, it may prevent migration and protect the subsurface from leaks or spills in the future.	Yes	Permanent
	Vertical barriers	Prevents horizontal migration of constituents.	0	5	0	3	8	Not viable. This alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards. In order to achieve site closure, a notice to the land records would be required.	No	NA
	NAPL removal	Collect NAPL by passive absorbent socks or containers from existing monitoring wells and recovery wells.	0	3	3	7	13	Not Viable. All of the existing monitoring wells on the site are 1-inch diameter wells, which are too small for absorbant socks.	No	NA
Active Containment	NAPL recovery	Pump or bail NAPL from existing monitoring and recovery wells.	5	7	5	7	24	Viable. This alternative would serve to reduce the LNAPL source from the subsurface and would in turn reduce dissolved-phase concentrations. Off-site contamination would have to be addressed before active remediation would be recommended.	Yes	NA
	Hydraulic Capture	Operation of single or dual phase pump in recovery well.	3	5	3	3	14	Not Viable. Off-site migration of LNAPL onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
1) Rating scale definitions: Effectiveness: 0 - ineffective, 3 - possible, 5 - somewhat effective, 7 - effective, 10 - very effective Reliability: 0 - not reliable, 3 - limited reliability, 5 - somewhat reliable, 7 - reliable, 10 - very reliable Cleanup Time: 0 - slowest, 3 - slow, 5 - average, 7 - fast, 10 - fastest Overall Costs: 0 - exorbitant, 3 - very costly, 5 - average cost, 7 - inexpensive, 10 - low or no cost Total Score: Sum of the individual scores for Effectiveness, Reliability, Cleanup Time, and Overall Costs. 2) Remedial technologies are automatically rejected when effectiveness, reliability, and/or cleanup time are given a score of 0. 3) Viability: Qualitative assessment of the application of the remedial technology to site-specific limitations. 4) Solution: NA - Not Applicable. 5) All ex-situ action would require the excavation of impacted soil and/or groundwater.										

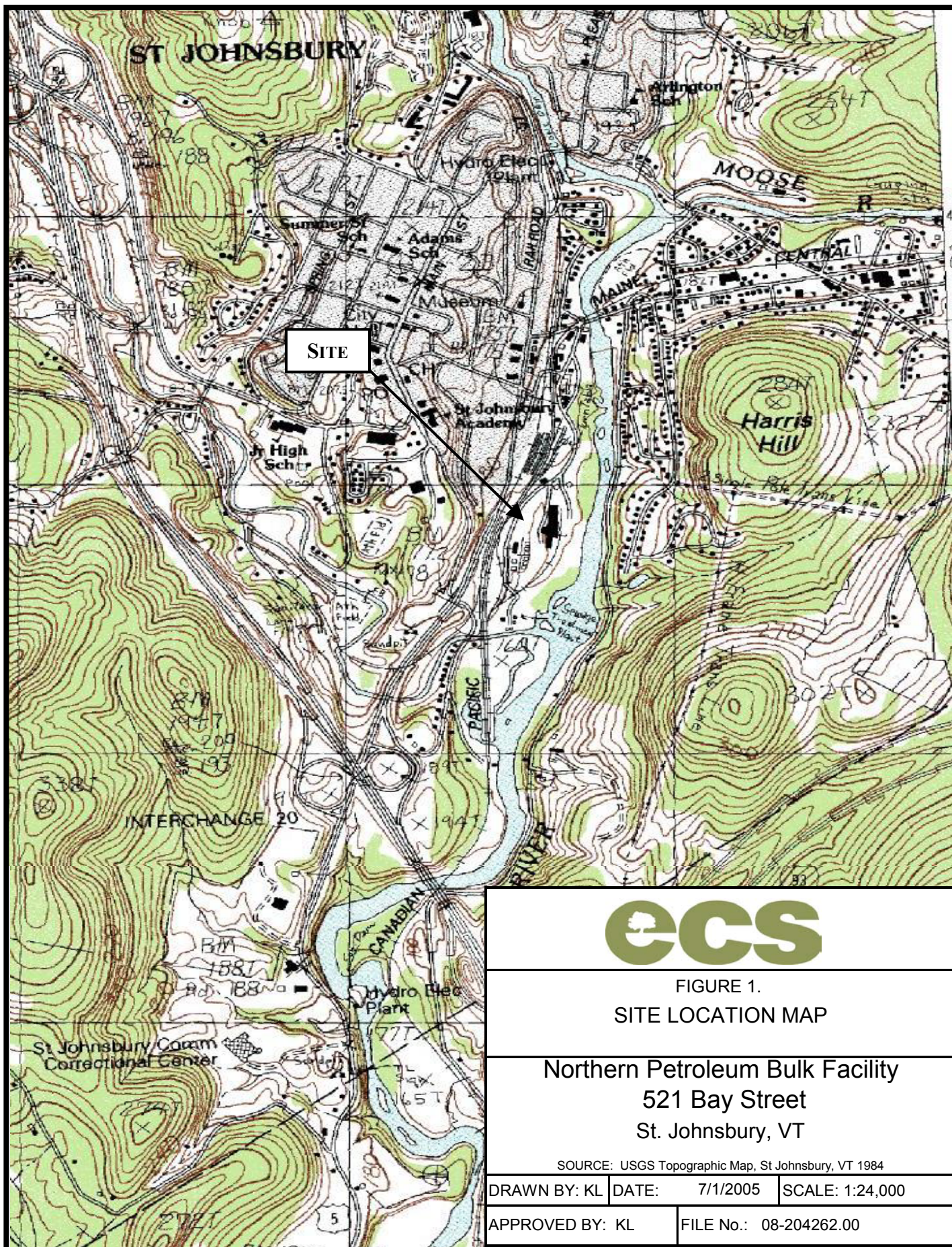
Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury, Vermont		Table 5 Initial Screening of Remedial Action Alternatives								
Response Action	Remedial Technology	Description	Technology Evaluation Criteria ¹				Total Score	Viability ³	Retained for Evaluation	Solution ⁴
			Effectiveness ²	Reliability	Cleanup Time ²	Overall Costs				
In Situ Treatment	Deep soil mixing	Large augers are advanced into impacted areas while injecting stabilizing agents.	0	0	0	0	0	Not viable. This alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards.	No	NA
	Shallow soil stabilization	Stabilizing agents are injected in impacted areas using injection wells or jet grouting techniques.	0	0	0	0	0	Not viable. This alternative would not reduce dissolved- and adsorbed-phase concentrations below applicable standards.	No	NA
	Biosparging - Air Sparging (AS)	Inject air or pure oxygen below the water table. This process should increase dissolved O ₂ in the groundwater, enhancing aerobic degradation of petroleum constituents in the saturated and vadose zones.	3	3	3	5	14	Not Viable. Not viable for LNAPL remediation. Off-site migration of LNAPL onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Bioventing - Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE)	SVE system exhausts soil gases from the unsaturated zone, with potential increase of O ₂ levels in the unsaturated zone, enhancing aerobic degradation of petroleum constituents.	3	3	3	5	14	Not Viable. Not viable for LNAPL remediation. Off-site migration of LNAPL onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Air Sparging and Soil Vapor Extraction	AS system increases dissolved O ₂ levels in the groundwater, enhancing aerobic degradation of petroleum hydrocarbons, and promotes volatilization of dissolved VPH to the unsaturated zone. SVE system exhausts soil gases from the unsaturated zone, with potential increase of O ₂ levels in the unsaturated zone, enhancing aerobic degradation of	3	3	3	5	14	Not Viable. Not viable for LNAPL remediation. Off-site migration of LNAPL onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Multi Phase Extraction (MPE)	Impacted groundwater is recovered utilizing recovery wells and either an applied vacuum or submersible pumps. A vacuum is applied to each well to remove VPH-impacted groundwater in the saturated zone and VOC constituents in the unsaturated zone, and to augment the recharge rate for the recovery wells. In addition, airflow is induced through the unsaturated zone enhancing biodegradation of any residual petroleum constituents.	3	3	5	3	14	Not Viable. Off-site migration of free-product onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
1) Rating scale definitions: Effectiveness: 0 - ineffective, 3 - possible, 5 - somewhat effective, 7 - effective, 10 - very effective Reliability: 0 - not reliable, 3 - limited reliability, 5 - somewhat reliable, 7 - reliable, 10 - very reliable Cleanup Time: 0 - slowest, 3 - slow, 5 - average, 7 - fast, 10 - fastest Overall Costs: 0 - exorbitant, 3 - very costly, 5 - average cost, 7 - inexpensive, 10 - low or no cost Total Score: Sum of the individual scores for Effectiveness, Reliability, Cleanup Time, and Overall Costs. 2) Remedial technologies are automatically rejected when effectiveness, reliability, and/or cleanup time are given a score of 0. 3) Viability: Qualitative assessment of the application of the remedial technology to site-specific limitations. 4) Solution: NA - Not Applicable. 5) All ex-situ action would require the excavation of impacted soil and/or groundwater.										

Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury, Vermont		Table 5 Initial Screening of Remedial Action Alternatives								
Response Action	Remedial Technology	Description	Technology Evaluation Criteria ¹				Total Score	Viability ³	Retained for Evaluation	Solution ⁴
			Effectiveness ²	Reliability	Cleanup Time ²	Overall Costs				
In Situ Treatment (Continued)	Enhanced Fluid Recovery	Impacted groundwater is recovered utilizing recovery wells and an applied vacuum. A vacuum truck is used to periodically remove VPH-impacted groundwater and LNAPL in the saturated zone and VOC constituents in the unsaturated zone, and to augment the recharge rate for the recovery wells. In addition, airflow is induced through the unsaturated zone permitting biodegradation of any residual petroleum constituents.	7	5	3	7	22	Viable. Periodic events will not be effective at reducing LNAPL thickness and dissolved-phase concentrations. Without addressing the upgradient source of contamination, the potential for continued treatments would be necessary to remove LNAPL.	Yes	NA
	Air-lift Re-Circulation Trench and Natural Attenuation Monitoring	An interceptor trench is used to cut off plume migration. A large diameter well, installed within the trench, contains an internal drop tube positioned at the top of the well screen. Compressed air is routed through the drop tube and travels	3	3	5	3	14	Not Viable. Not viable for LNAPL remediation. Off-site migration of LNAPL onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Addition of biocatalyst to wells	Inject solutions of biocatalyst to wells. Stimulates microbes to degrade hydrocarbons.	3	3	3	7	16	Not Viable. Not viable for LNAPL remediation.	No	NA
	Groundwater chemical treatment. Soil Flushing	Inject surfactants to partition soil constituents into groundwater. Groundwater is continuously extracted and treated. Chemical oxidants or biocatalysts can be flushed within the system during latter stages of treatment.	3	5	5	5	18	Not Viable. Off-site migration of free-product onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Chemical oxidation	Inject chemical oxidants into the subsurface.	3	5	5	5	18	Not Viable. Not viable for LNAPL remediation. Off-site migration of LNAPL onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Steam stripping	Inject steam into subsurface to volatilize and mobilize the hydrocarbons impacts.	7	3	3	0	13	Not Viable. Off-site migration of free-product onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
	Vitrification	Apply intense electrical heating of soil matrix, resulting in a glassy mass.	7	3	3	0	13	Not Viable. Off-site migration of free-product onto the site limits the effectiveness of remediation using in-situ technologies without treatment of upgradient properties.	No	NA
¹) Rating scale definitions: Effectiveness: 0 - ineffective, 3 - possible, 5 - somewhat effective, 7 - effective, 10 - very effective Reliability: 0 - not reliable, 3 - limited reliability, 5 - somewhat reliable, 7 - reliable, 10 - very reliable Cleanup Time: 0 - slowest, 3 - slow, 5 - average, 7 - fast, 10 - fastest Overall Costs: 0 - exorbitant, 3 - very costly, 5 - average cost, 7 - inexpensive, 10 - low or no cost Total Score: Sum of the individual scores for Effectiveness, Reliability, Cleanup Time, and Overall Costs. ²) Remedial technologies are automatically rejected when effectiveness, reliability, and/or cleanup time are given a score of 0. ³) Viability: Qualitative assessment of the application of the remedial technology to site-specific limitations. ⁴) Solution: NA - Not Applicable. ⁵) All ex-situ action would require the excavation of impacted soil and/or groundwater.										

Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury, Vermont		Table 5 Initial Screening of Remedial Action Alternatives								
Response Action	Remedial Technology	Description	Technology Evaluation Criteria ¹				Total Score	Viability ³	Retained for Evaluation	Solution ⁴
			Effectiveness ²	Reliability	Cleanup Time ²	Overall Costs				
Ex Situ Treatment ⁵	High temperature incineration	Destroy hydrocarbons by heating soils to high temperature.	3	3	10	0	16	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient property owner.	No	NA
	Medium to high temperature thermal desorption	Remove VOCs and Semi-VOCs by heating excavated soils in a desorption chamber.	3	3	10	3	19	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Co-burning as fuel	Supplement boiler fuel with site residuals.	3	3	10	0	16	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Soil washing	Mix surfactants with excavated soil to separate hydrocarbons from the soil matrix.	3	3	5	3	14	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Solvent extraction	Mix solvent with excavated soil. Solvent treated for removal of hydrocarbons.	3	3	5	3	14	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil	No	NA
	Supercritical extraction	A solvent gas (i.e. CO ₂) treats impacted soil under supercritical conditions.	3	3	10	0	16	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Cement manufacturing	Supplement fossil fuels with high energy wastes for cement manufacturing.	3	3	10	0	16	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Brick manufacturing	Impacted soil substitutes for shale and clay in the manufacturing.	3	3	10	0	16	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
¹) Rating scale definitions: Effectiveness: 0 - ineffective, 3 - possible, 5 - somewhat effective, 7 - effective, 10 - very effective Reliability: 0 - not reliable, 3 - limited reliability, 5 - somewhat reliable, 7 - reliable, 10 - very reliable Cleanup Time: 0 - slowest, 3 - slow, 5 - average, 7 - fast, 10 - fastest Overall Costs: 0 - exorbitant, 3 - very costly, 5 - average cost, 7 - inexpensive, 10 - low or no cost Total Score: Sum of the individual scores for Effectiveness, Reliability, Cleanup Time, and Overall Costs. ²) Remedial technologies are automatically rejected when effectiveness, reliability, and/or cleanup time are given a score of 0. ³) Viability: Qualitative assessment of the application of the remedial technology to site-specific limitations. ⁴) Solution: NA - Not Applicable. ⁵) All ex-situ action would require the excavation of impacted soil and/or groundwater.										

Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury, Vermont		Table 5 Initial Screening of Remedial Action Alternatives								
Response Action	Remedial Technology	Description	Technology Evaluation Criteria ¹				Total Score	Viability ³	Retained for Evaluation	Solution ⁴
			Effectiveness ²	Reliability	Cleanup Time ²	Overall Costs				
Ex Situ Treatment ⁵ (Continued)	Soil vapor extraction	Impacted soil is stockpiled or placed in roll-off containers. Vacuum lines running through the stockpile draw air through the soil which enhances aerobic degradation.	3	3	5	3	14	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Bed treatment	Impacted soil is placed at a thickness that allows aerobic biodegradation to occur.	3	3	5	3	14	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Composting	Impacted soil is stockpiled 3-6 feet in height with bulking agent.	3	3	5	3	14	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Slurry phase bioremediation	Impacted soil is combined with water, nutrients, and microorganisms in a bioreactor and aerated.	3	3	5	3	14	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Asphalt-batch recycling	Combine impacted soil with asphalt material to encapsulate contaminants.	3	3	10	3	19	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient	No	NA
	Off-Site Treatment by Polyencapsulation	Transport impacted soils off-site and place soils on polyethylene sheeting and cover. Soils have to be tested periodically to determine whether the solid equivalent of VGESs are met before approval to thinspread.	3	3	5	5	16	Not viable. Soil excavation would remediate LNAPL saturated soils; however, LNAPL is detected in wells on upgradient off-site properties and may be migrating onto the site . The location of the tank farm and bermed area limits the effectiveness of soil excavation. There are challenges in working with the downgradient property owner.	No	NA
1) Rating scale definitions: Effectiveness: 0 - ineffective, 3 - possible, 5 - somewhat effective, 7 - effective, 10 - very effective Reliability: 0 - not reliable, 3 - limited reliability, 5 - somewhat reliable, 7 - reliable, 10 - very reliable Cleanup Time: 0 - slowest, 3 - slow, 5 - average, 7 - fast, 10 - fastest Overall Costs: 0 - exorbitant, 3 - very costly, 5 - average cost, 7 - inexpensive, 10 - low or no cost Total Score: Sum of the individual scores for Effectiveness, Reliability, Cleanup Time, and Overall Costs. 2) Remedial technologies are automatically rejected when effectiveness, reliability, and/or cleanup time are given a score of 0. 3) Viability: Qualitative assessment of the application of the remedial technology to site-specific limitations. 4) Solution: NA - Not Applicable. 5) All ex-situ action would require the excavation of impacted soil and/or groundwater.										

FIGURES



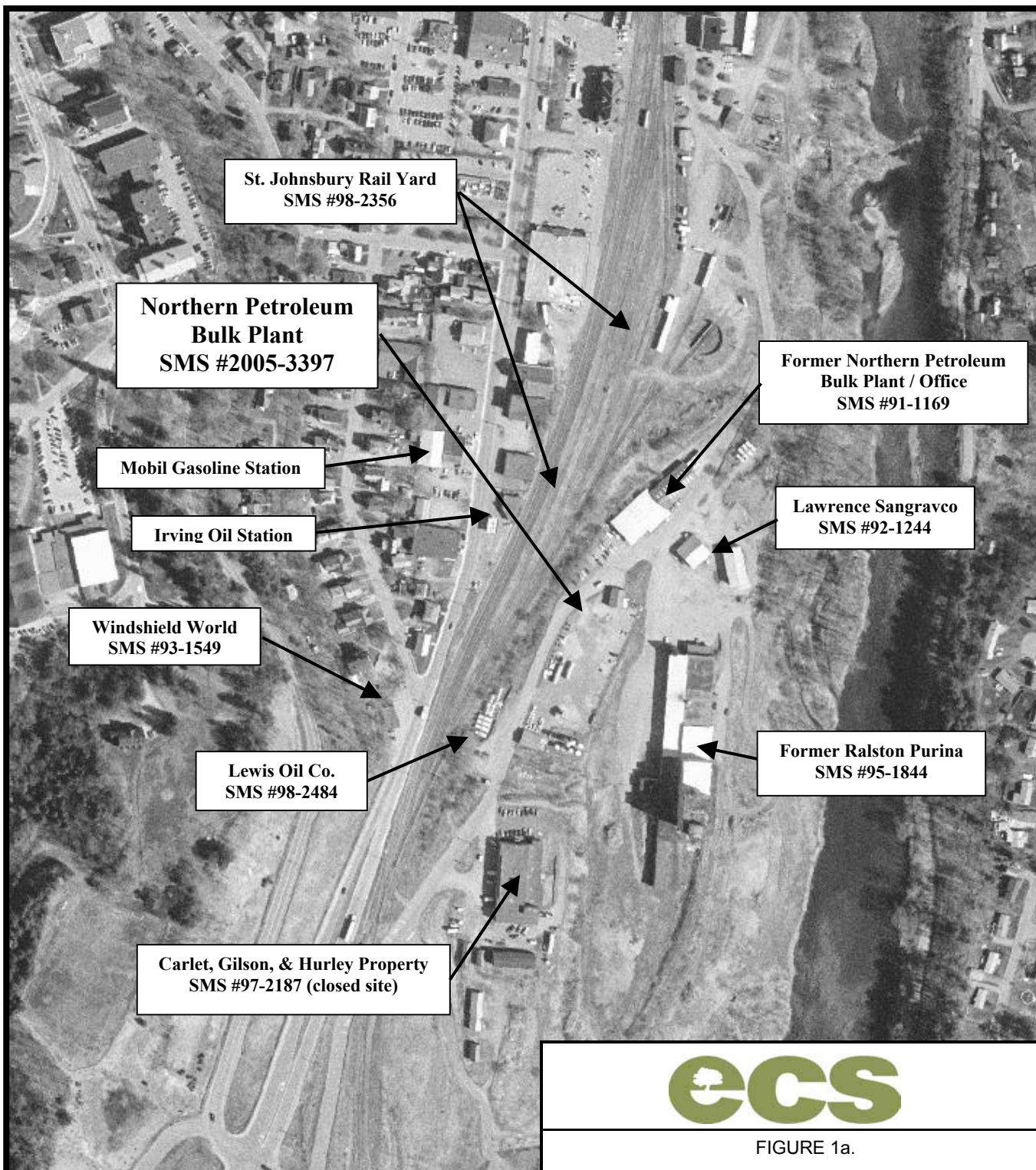
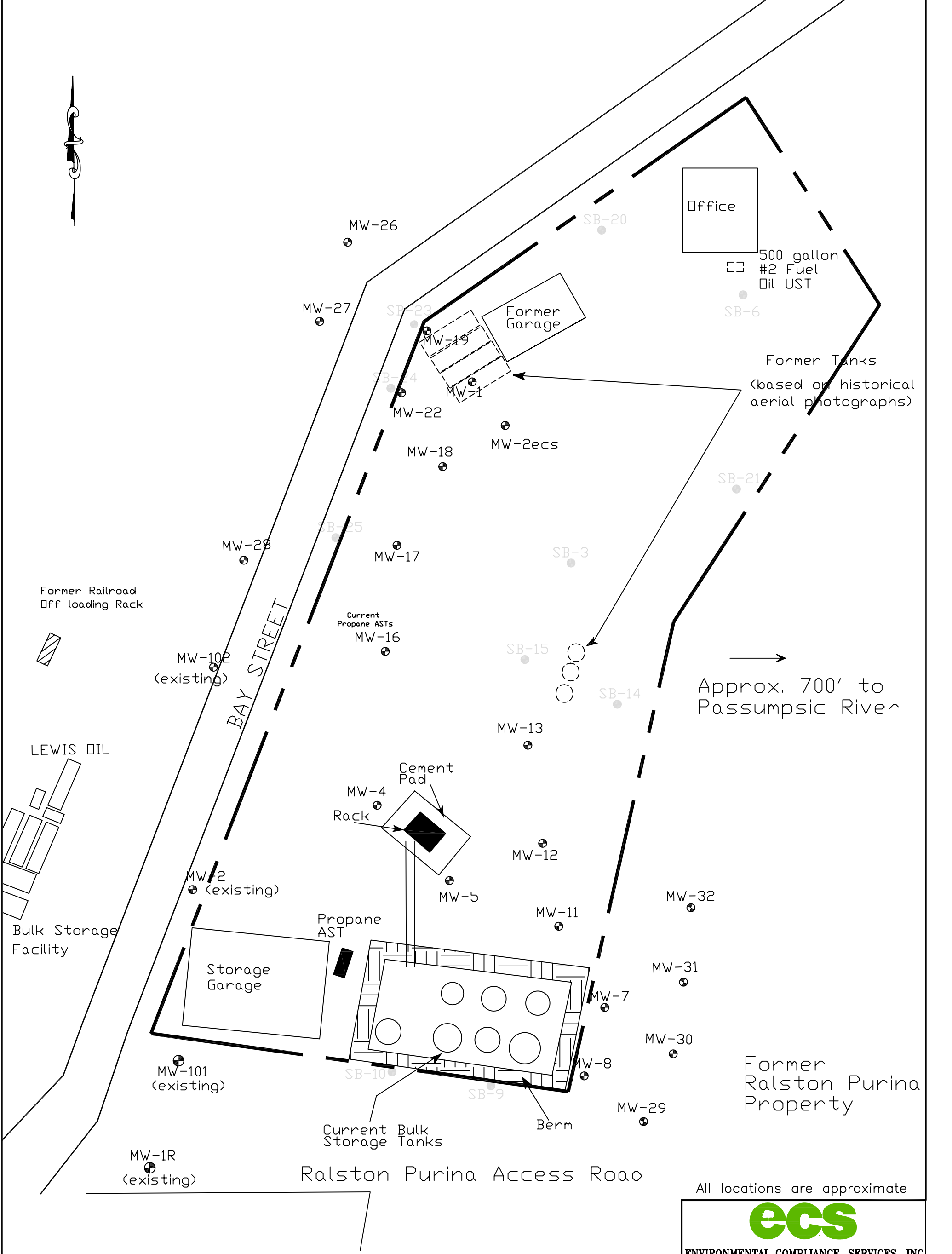


FIGURE 1a.
AREA MAP

Northern Petroleum Bulk Facility
521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, VT

SOURCE: USGS Aerial Photograph, St Johnsbury, VT 1999

DRAWN BY: KL	DATE: 12/1/2005	SCALE: not to scale
APPROVED BY: KL	FILE No.: 08-204262.00	



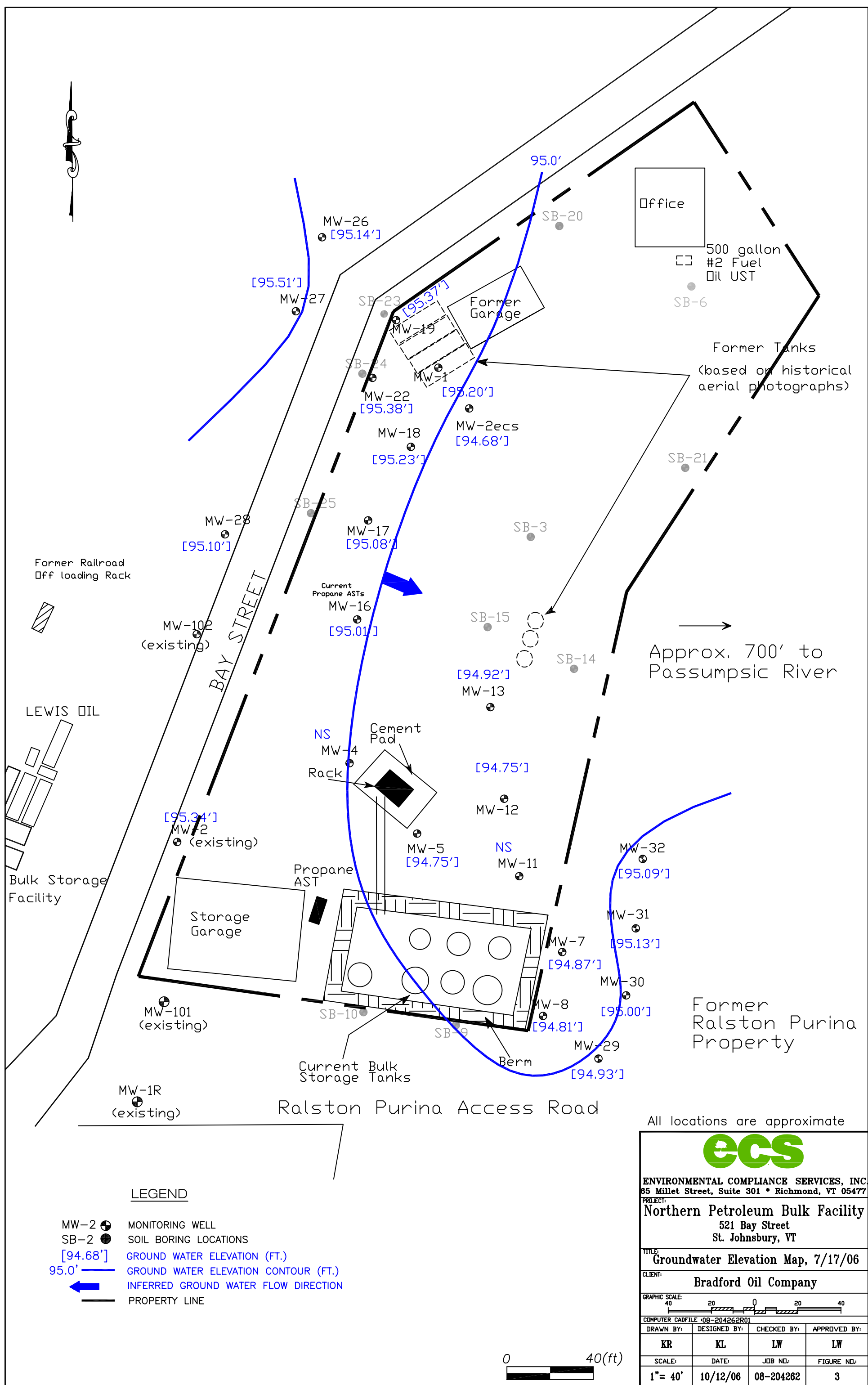
LEGEND

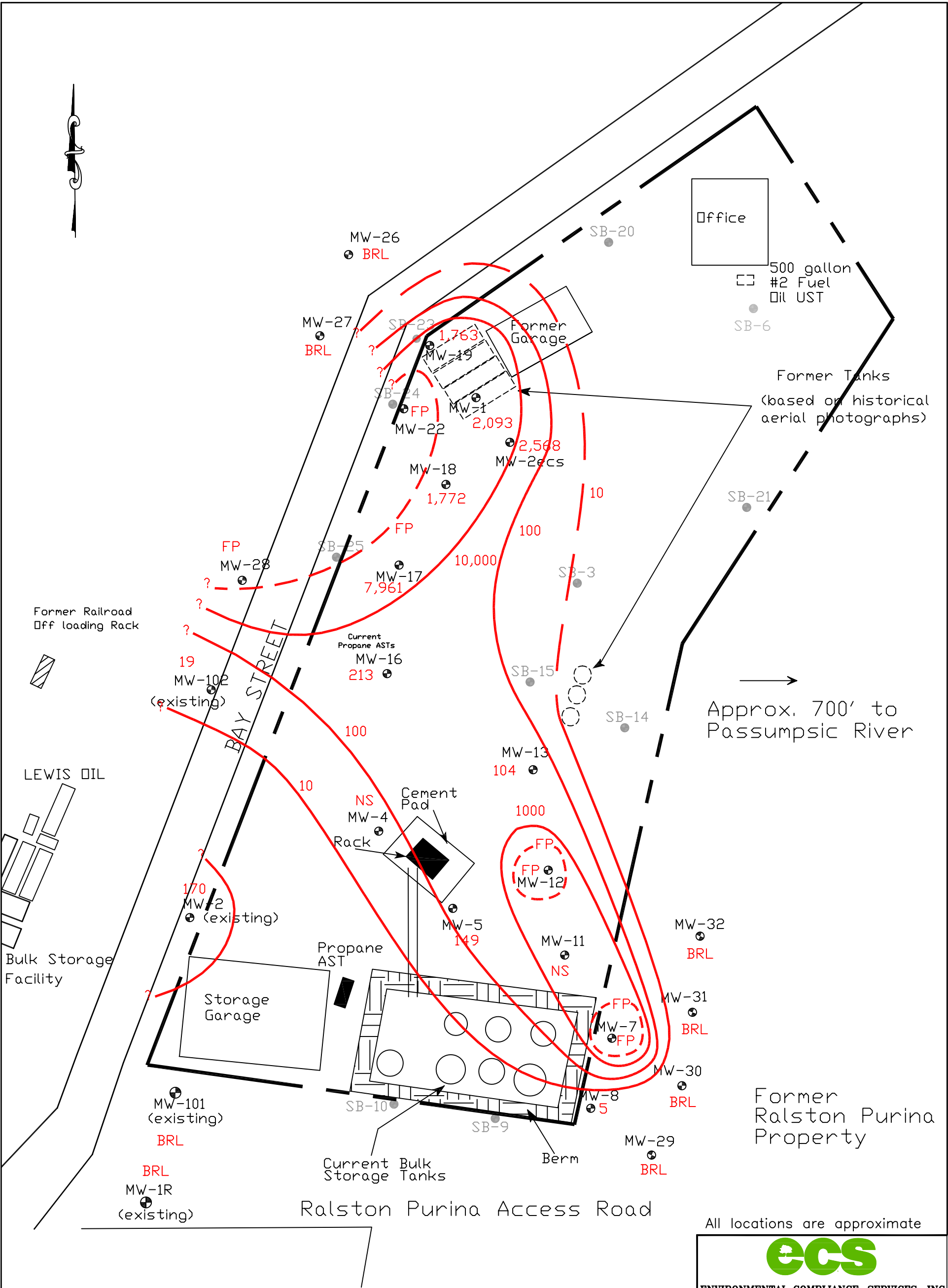
- MW-2 MONITORING WELL
SB-2 SOIL BORING LOCATIONS
 PROPERTY LINE




All locations are approximate

			
ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE SERVICES, INC. 65 Millet Street, Suite 301 • Richmond, VT 05477			
PROJECT: Northern Petroleum Bulk Facility 521 Bay Street St. Johnsbury, VT			
TITLE: Site Plan			
CLIENT: Bradford Oil Company			
GRAPHIC SCALE: 			
COMPUTER CAD FILE: 08-204262R01.dwg			
DRAWN BY:	DESIGNED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVED BY:
KR	KL	LW	LW
SCALE:	DATE:	JOB NO.:	FIGURE NO.:
1" = 40'	10/12/06	08-204262	2





All locations are approximate



ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE SERVICES, INC.
65 Millet Street, Suite 301 • Richmond, VT 05477

PROJECT:
Northern Petroleum Bulk Facility
521 Bay Street
St. Johnsbury, VT

TITLE:
Groundwater Contaminant Dist. Map

CLIENT:
Bradford Oil Company

GRAPHIC SCALE:
40 20 0 20 40

COMPUTER CADFILE: 08-204262R01

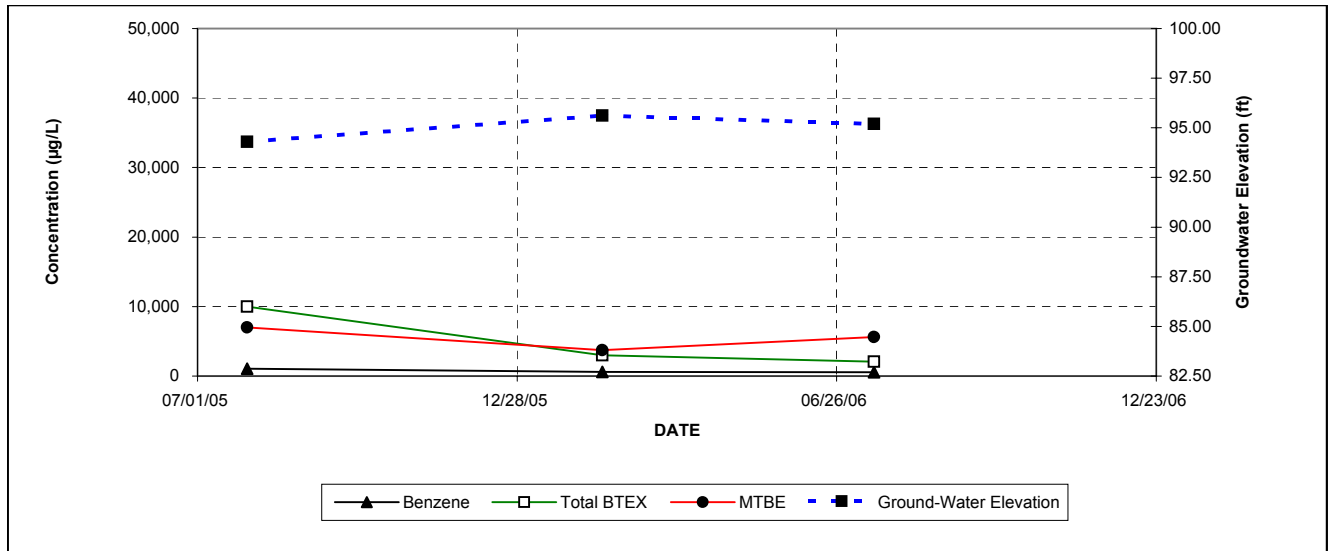
DRAWN BY:	DESIGNED BY:	CHECKED BY:	APPROVED BY:
KR	KL	LW	LW
SCALE:	DATE:	JOB NO.:	FIGURE NO.:
1"= 40'	12/7/05	08-204262	4

- LEGEND**
- MW-2 ● MONITORING WELL
 - SB-2 ● SOIL BORING LOCATIONS
 - 7,961 BTEX (Total benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and xylenes) CONCENTRATION (ug/L)
 - 10,000 BTEX CONCENTRATION CONTOUR
 - FP FREE PRODUCT
 - PROPERTY LINE
- Sampling was completed on 18 July 2006.



**FIGURE 5. MW-1
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	1,060	433	1,560	6,920	9,973	6,980	507	1,830	632	94.29
02/14/06	608	110	403	1,884	3,005	3,740	142	539	160	95.62
07/17/06	536	142	263	1,152	2,093	5,620	65.5	230	90.0	95.20
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

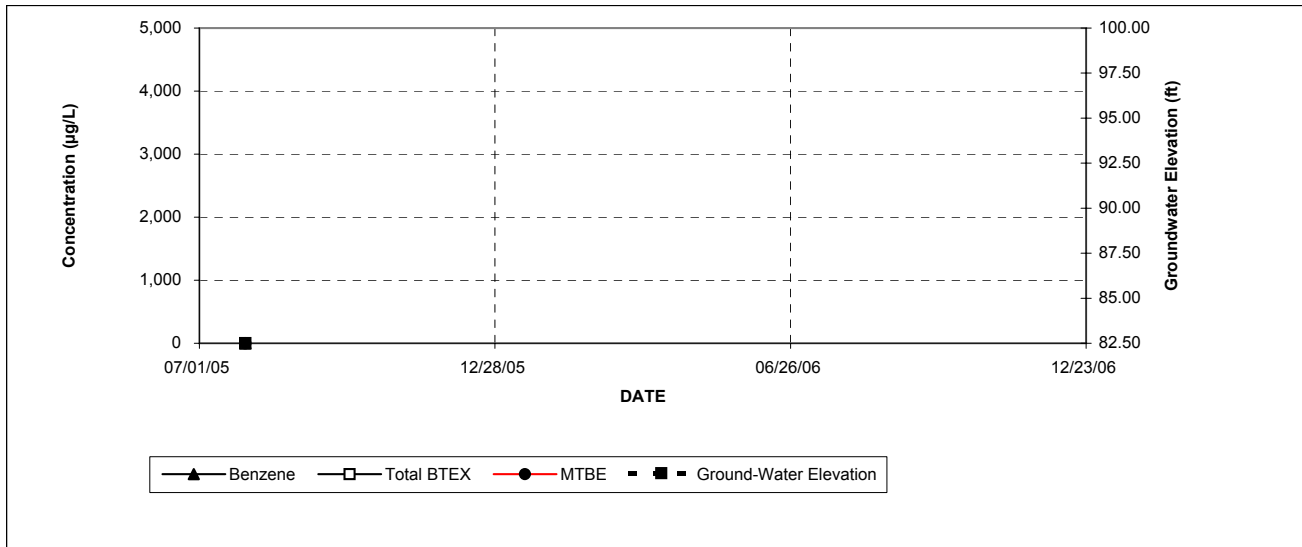
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 6. MW-1R Existing
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	-
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	-
07/17/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	-
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

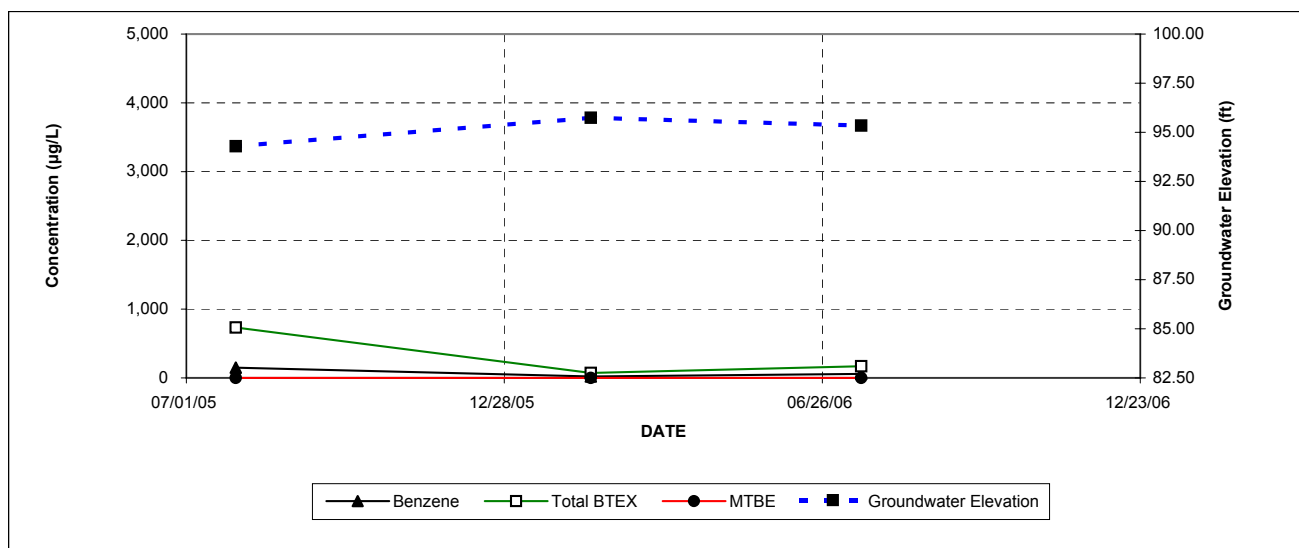
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not Sampled

**FIGURE 7. MW-2 Existing
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Groundwater Elevation
07/29/05	150	25.7	121	437	733.7	BRL<10.0	41.3	126	50.6	94.29
02/15/06	19.9	4.0	20.7	27.3	71.9	BRL<1.0	4.6	14.0	3.3	95.74
07/18/06	58.4	8.4	37.2	65.8	169.8	BRL<1.0	12.0	40.0	12.4	95.34
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

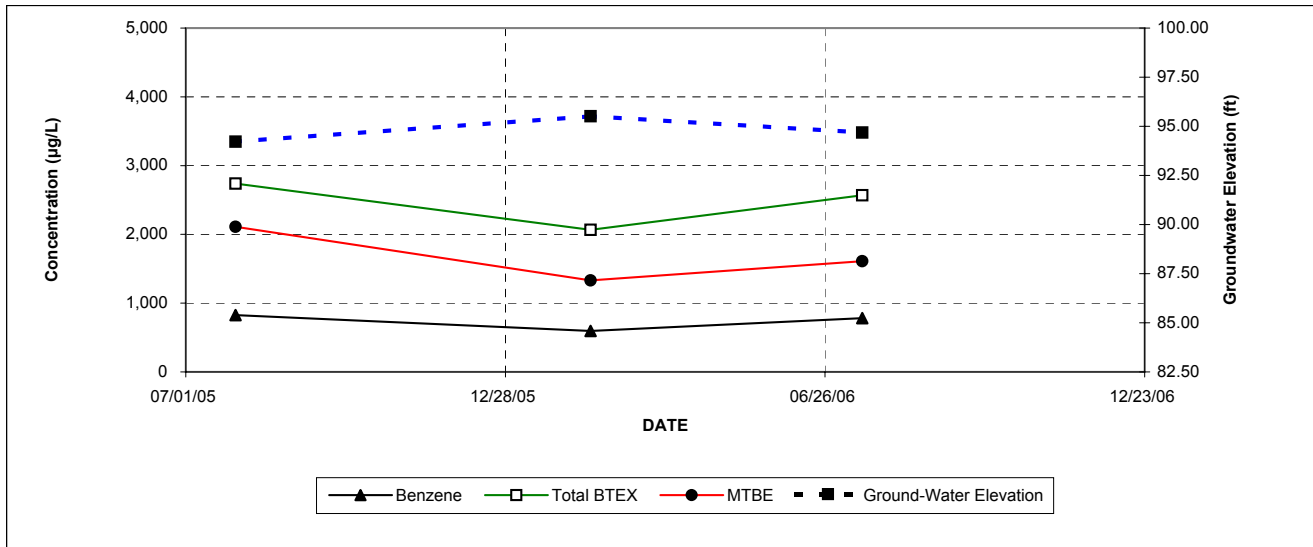
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 8. MW-2 ECS
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	827	93	398	1,420	2,738	2,110	136	416	304	94.22
02/14/06	596	70.0	380	1,020.5	2,067	1,330	72.5	286	111	95.51
07/17/06	782	94.5	450	1,241.0	2,567.5	1,610	74.0	270	132	94.68
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

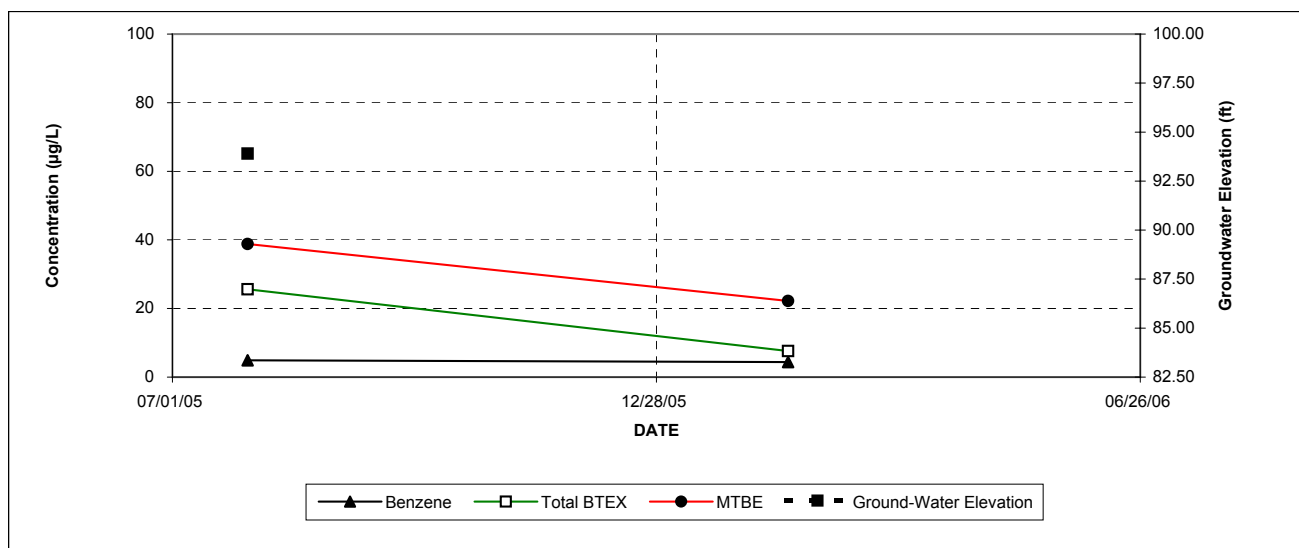
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 9. MW-4
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	4.9	4.6	2.0	14.1	25.6	38.8	2.5	7.5	1.3	93.90
02/15/06	4.4	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	3.2	7.6	22.2	BRL<1.0	2.5	1.4	--
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

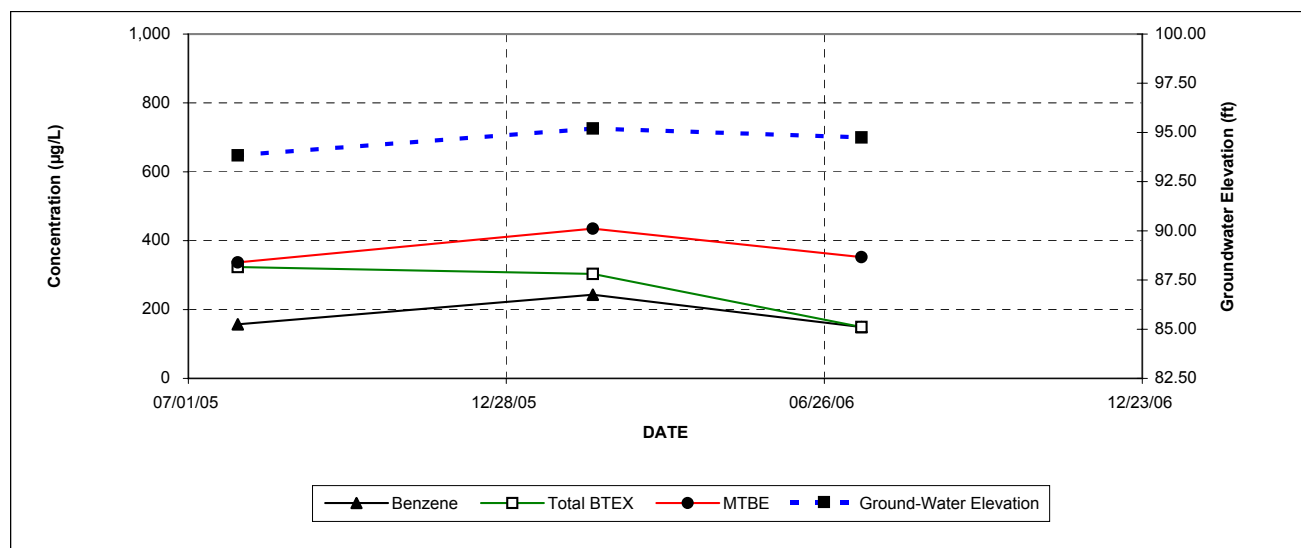
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 10. MW-5
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	157	BRL<5.0	21.6	145	323.6	337	55.6	159	93.7	93.84
02/15/06	243	BRL<5.0	10.7	49.7	303.4	435	19.2	63.8	26.6	95.20
07/17/06	149	BRL<5.0	BRL<5.0	BRL<15.0	149	352	BRL<5.0	20.5	12.8	94.75
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

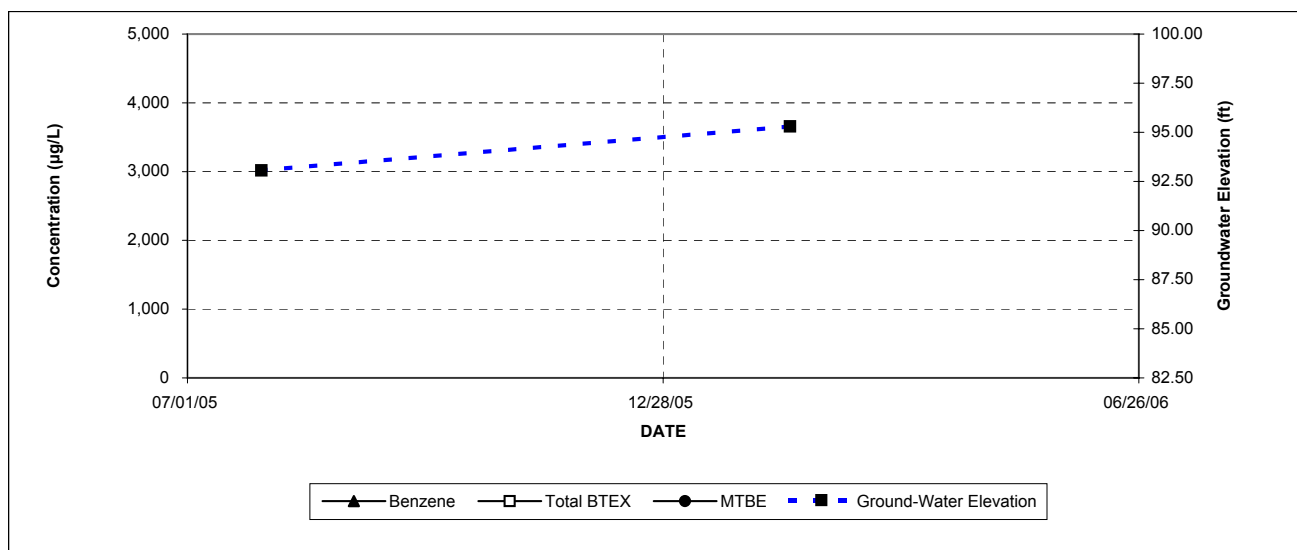
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 11. MW-7
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	93.06
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	95.30
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

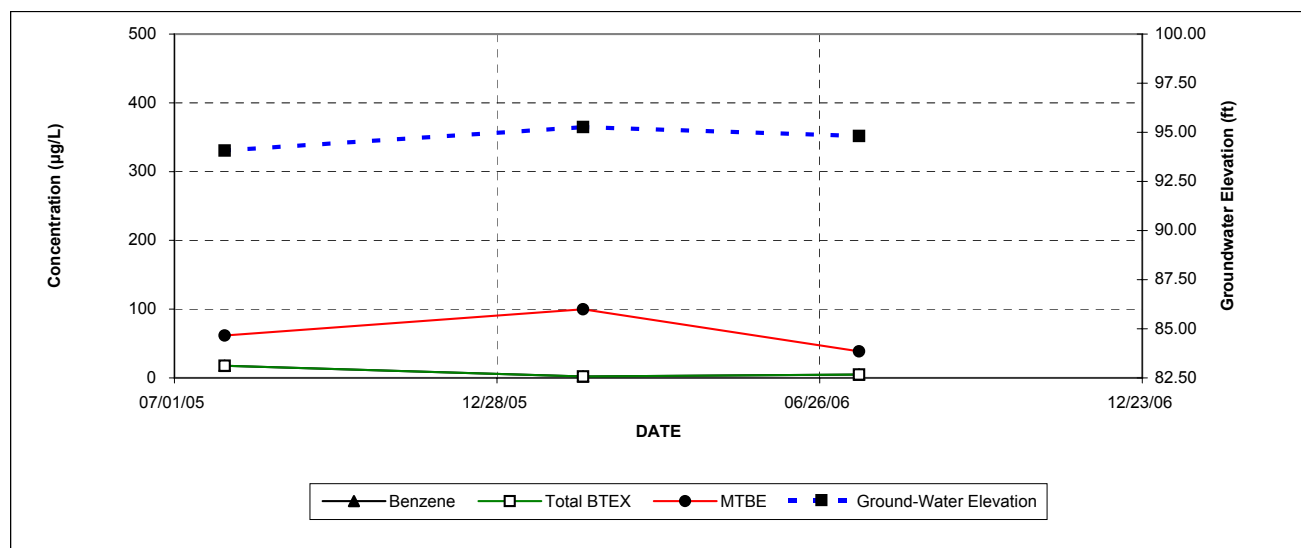
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not sampled due to free-phase product in well.

**FIGURE 12. MW-8
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	17.7	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	17.7	61.6	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	94.07
02/14/06	2.2	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	2.2	99.8	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.27
07/18/06	5.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	5.0	38.6	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	94.81
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

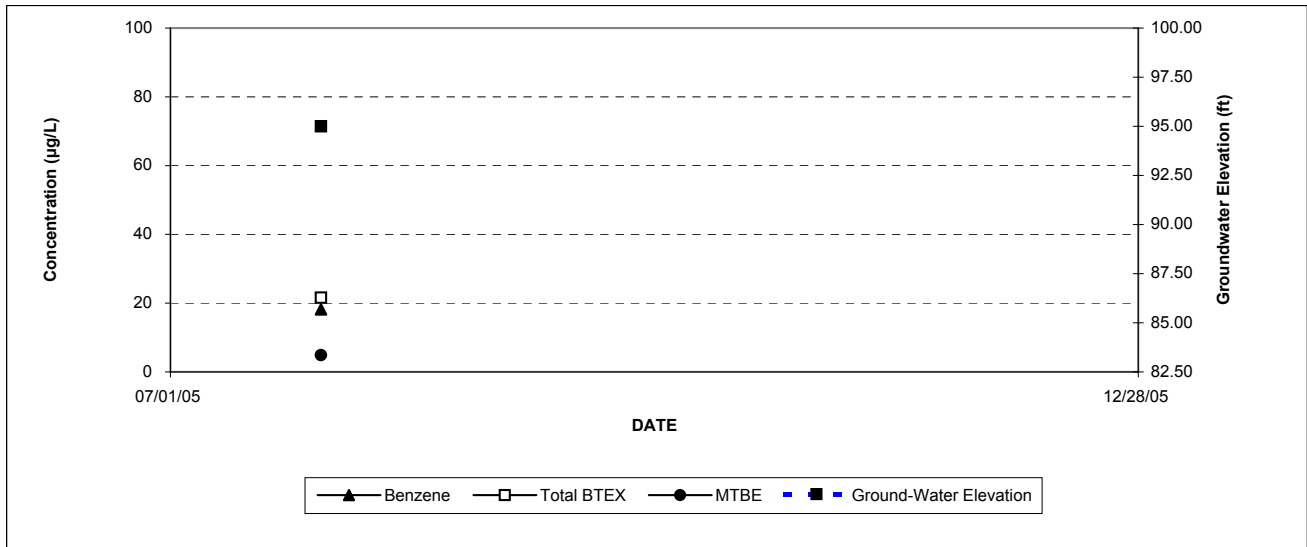
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 13. MW-11
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	18.2	BRL<1.0	1.3	2.1	21.6	4.9	3.4	50.6	BRL<1.0	95.00
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	--
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

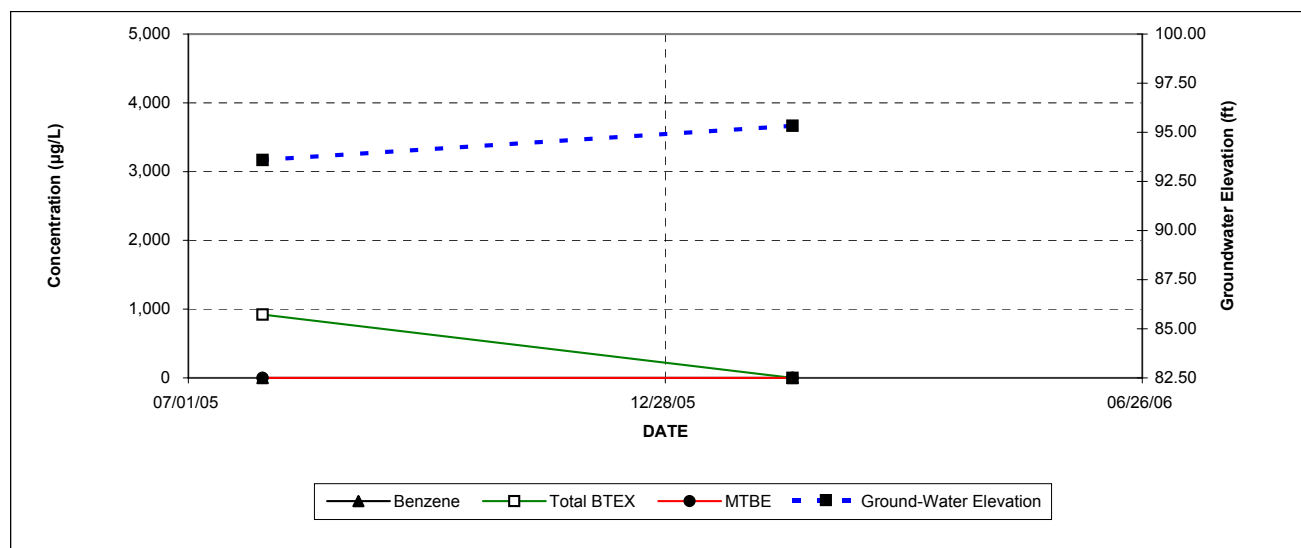
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 14. MW-12
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<10.0	BRL<10.0	162	758.7	920.7	BRL<10.0	252	760	438	93.59
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	95.33
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

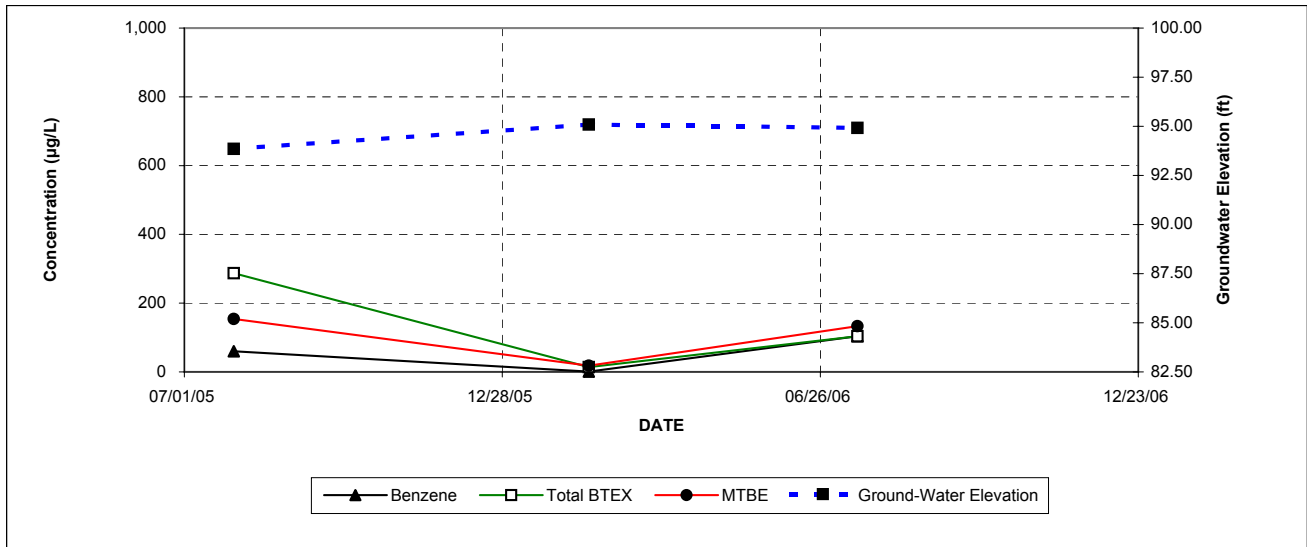
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not sampled due to free-phase product in well.

**FIGURE 15. MW-13
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	60.2	BRL<5.0	29.0	198.1	287.3	154	135	313	103	93.85
02/15/06	1.0	BRL<1.0	2.7	10.2	13.9	18.1	12.8	26.8	8.0	95.09
07/17/06	104	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	104	133	BRL<1.0	1.1	BRL<1.0	94.92
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

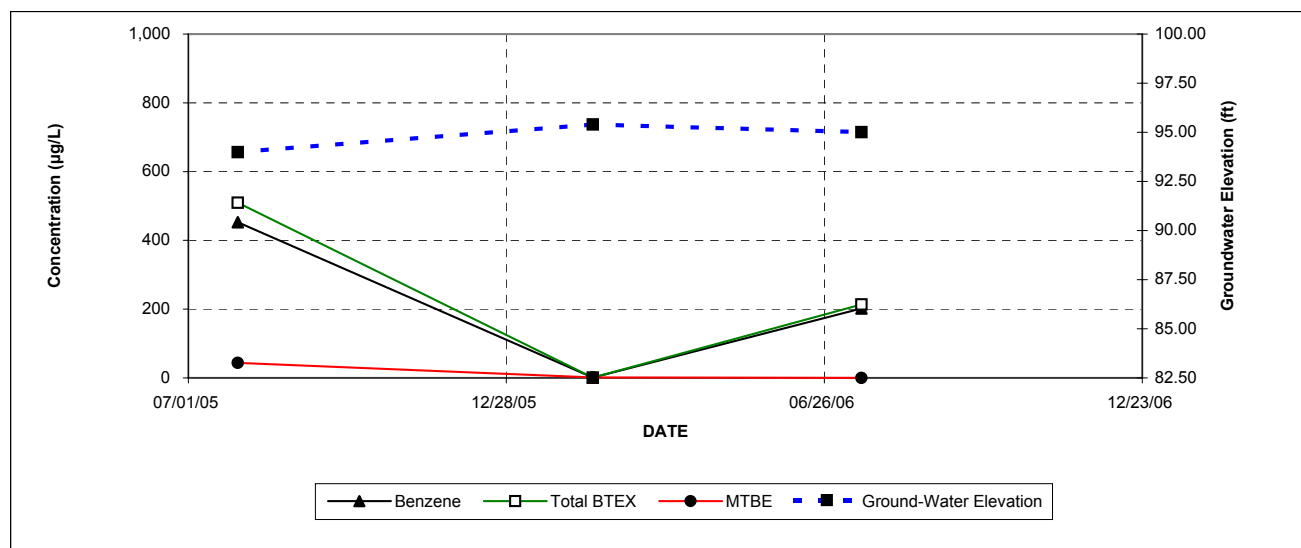
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 16. MW-16
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	453	5.8	11.1	39.6	509.5	43.8	64.6	177	224	93.99
02/15/06	1.1	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	1.1	1.3	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.40
07/17/06	202	BRL<5.0	BRL<5.0	11.4	213.4	BRL<5.0	18.2	48.5	47.2	95.01
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

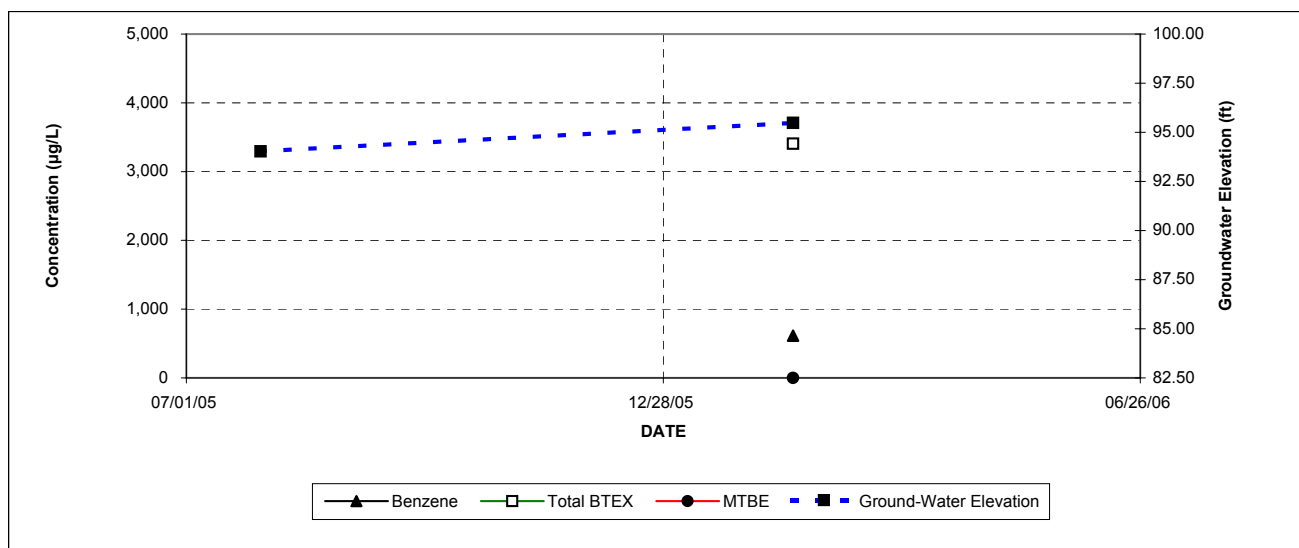
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 17. MW-17
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	94.03
02/15/06	614	543	309	1,940	3,406	BRL < 10.0	244	802	188	95.48
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

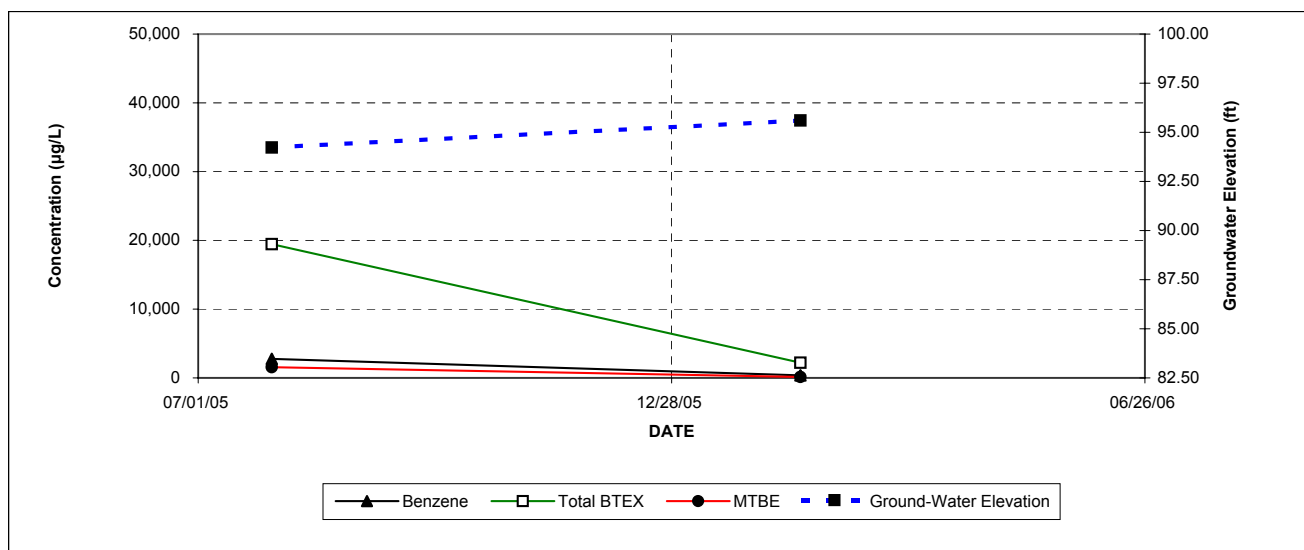
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not sampled due to free-phase product in well.

**FIGURE 18. MW-18
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	2,770	6,290	1,310	9,070	19,440	1,570	905	3,230	824	94.23
02/15/06	373	601	141	1,098	2,213	130	102	347	52.4	95.60
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

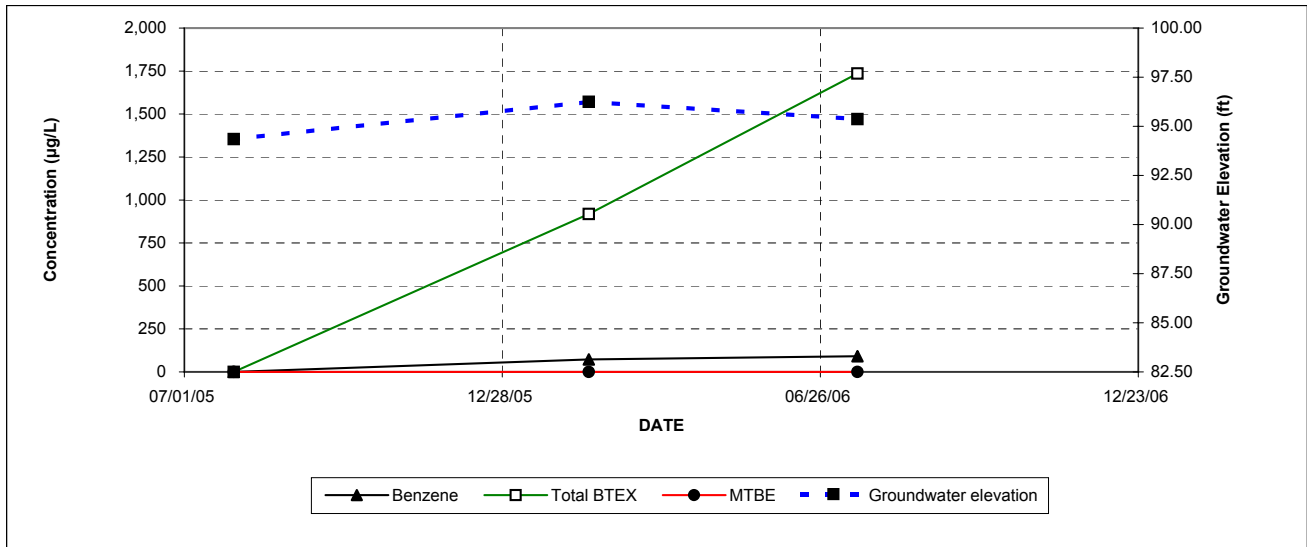
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 19. MW-19
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	94.35
02/15/06	72.9	16.5	179	650.6	919	BRL<5.0	289	748	83.0	96.25
07/17/06	91.6	460	233	951	1,736	BRL<5.0	66.5	248	84.6	95.37
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

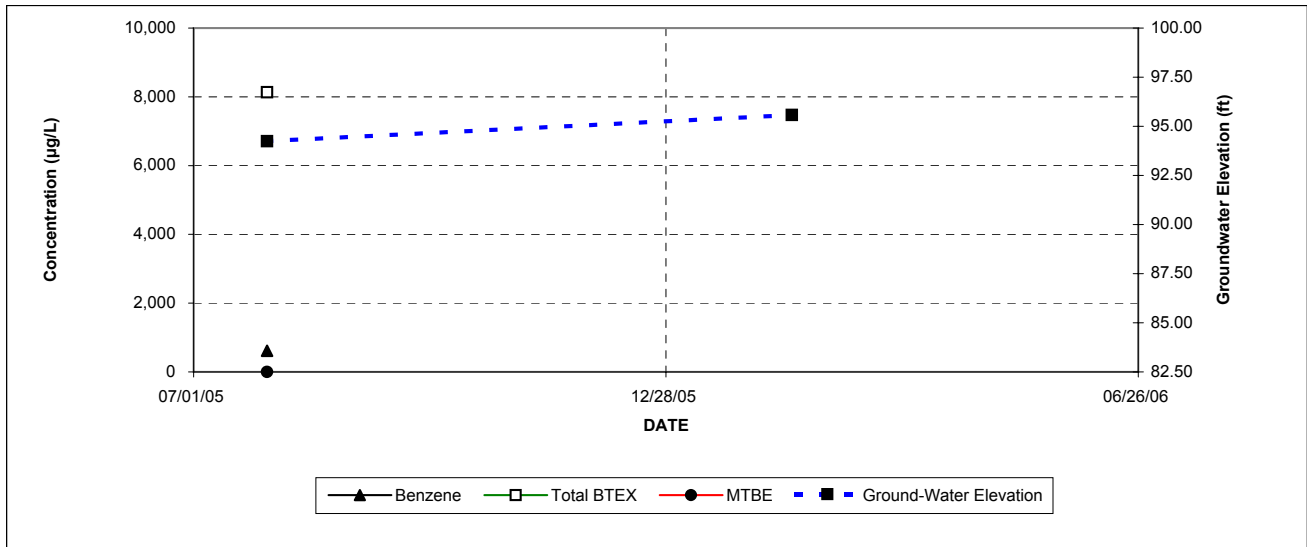
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not sampled due to free-phase product in well.

**FIGURE 20. MW-22
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	616	1,450	1,050	5,016	8,132	BRL < 50	363	1,310	352	94.24
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	95.58
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

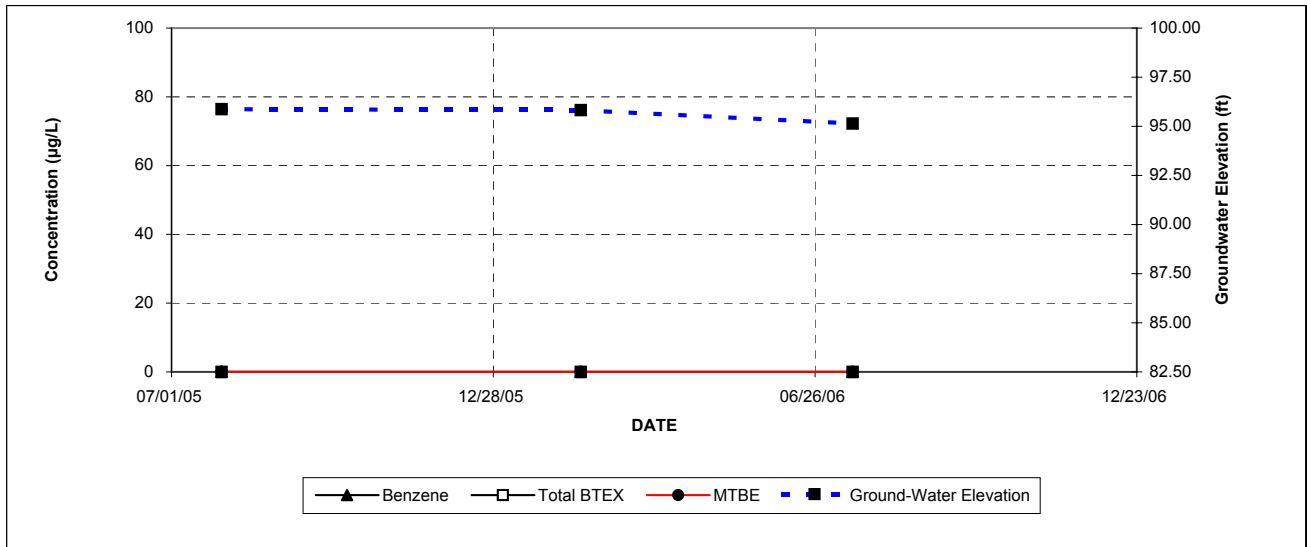
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not sampled due to free-phase product in well.

**FIGURE 21. MW-26
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	95.87
02/15/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.82
07/17/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.14
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

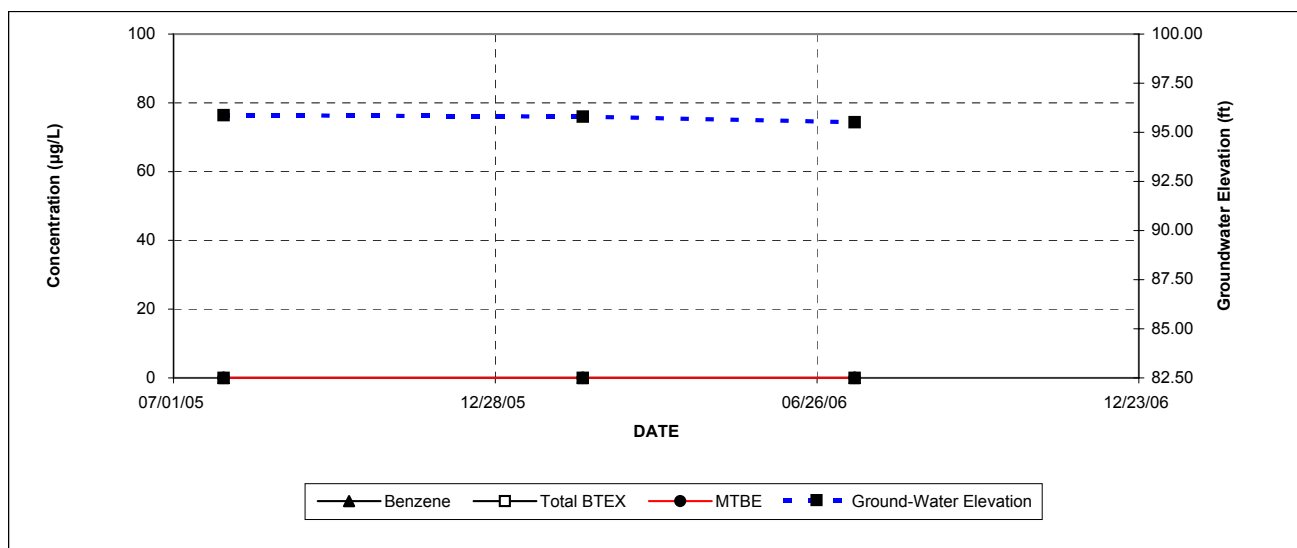
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 22. MW-27
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	95.87
02/15/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.80
07/17/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.51
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

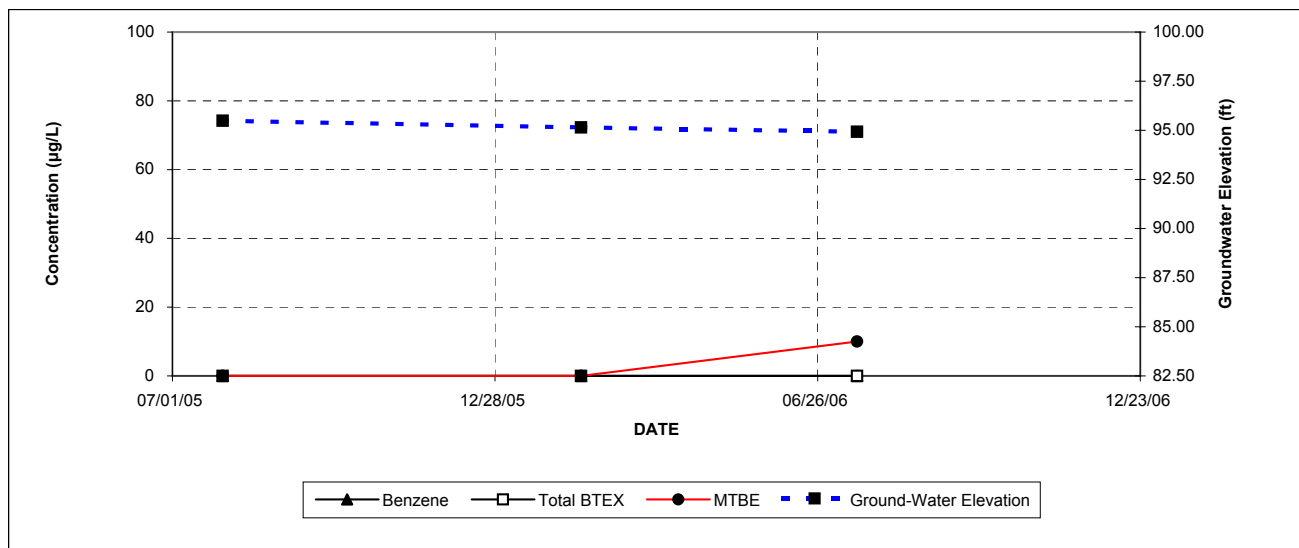
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 23. MW-29
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	95.49
02/14/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.15
07/18/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	10.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	94.93
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

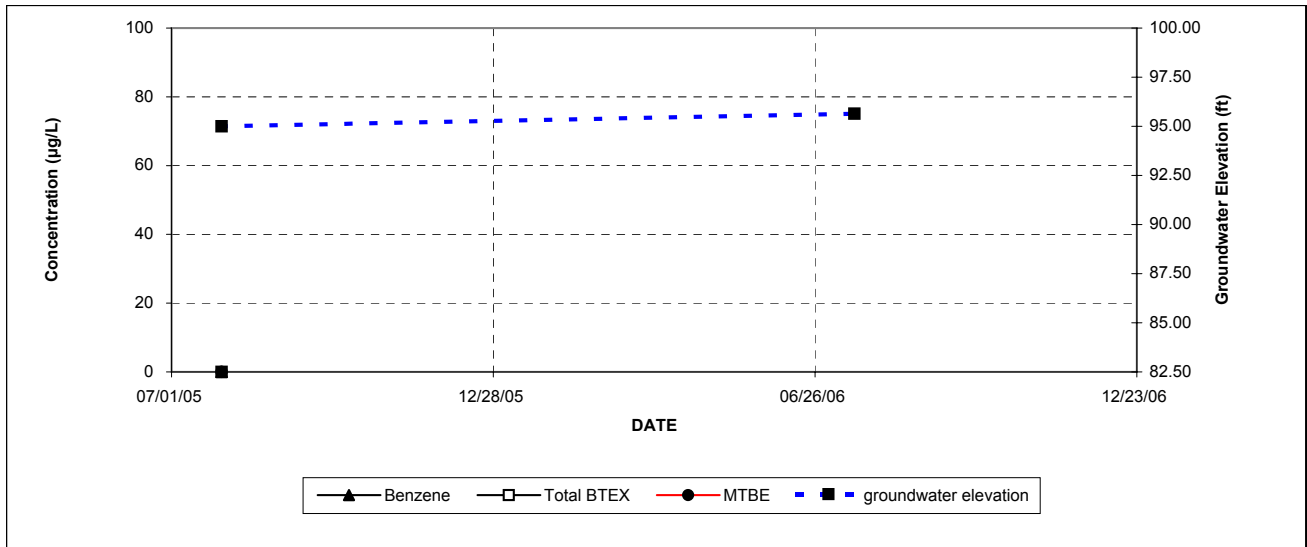
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 24. MW- 30
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	1.1	2.0	2.2	95.64
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	--
07/18/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	3.8	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.00
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

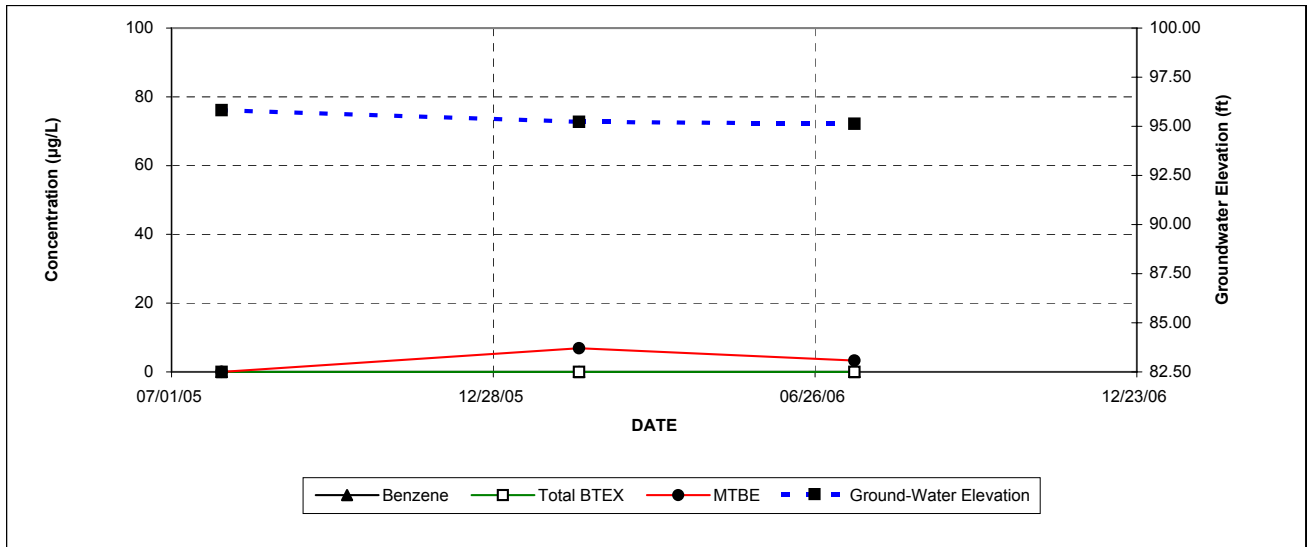
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

Not Sampled. Removed from Sampling Plan.

**FIGURE 25. MW- 31
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	95.82
02/14/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	6.9	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.23
07/18/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	3.3	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.13
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

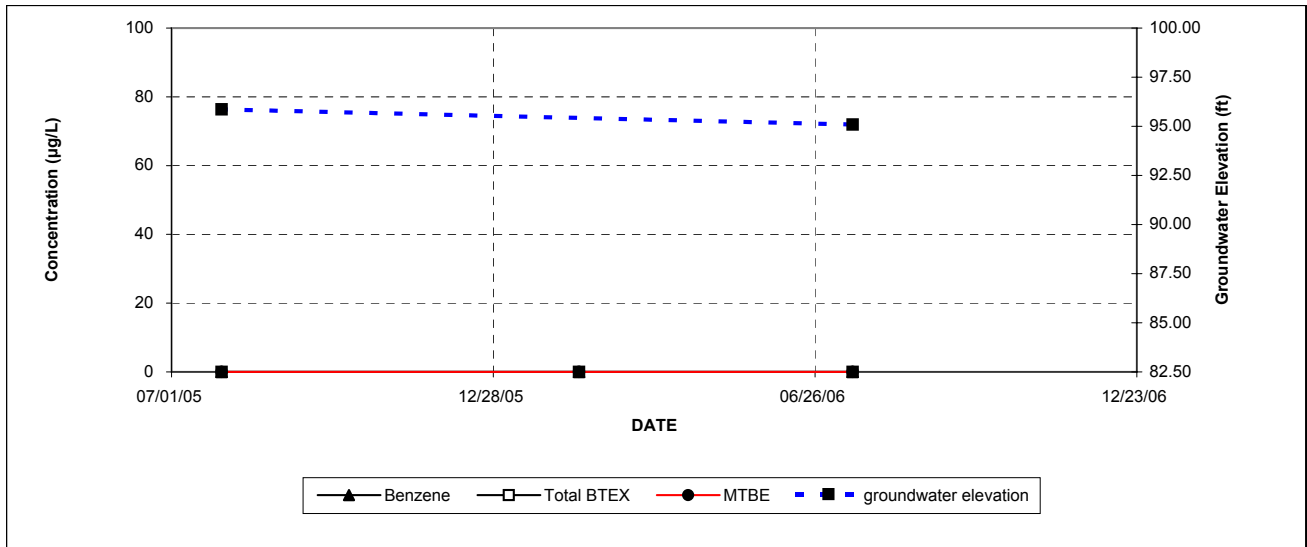
BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

**FIGURE 26. MW- 32
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<5.0	95.86
02/14/06	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	--
07/17/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	95.09
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

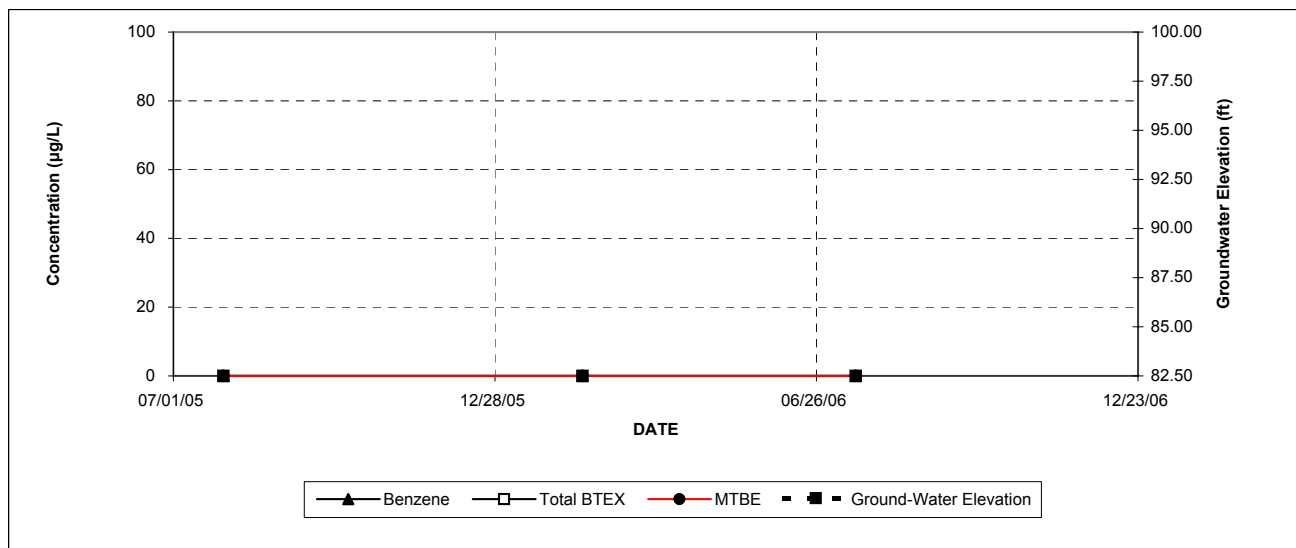
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

Not Sampled. Removed from Sampling Plan.

**FIGURE 27. MW-101
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	-
02/15/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<2.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	-
07/18/06	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<3.0	BRL	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	-
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

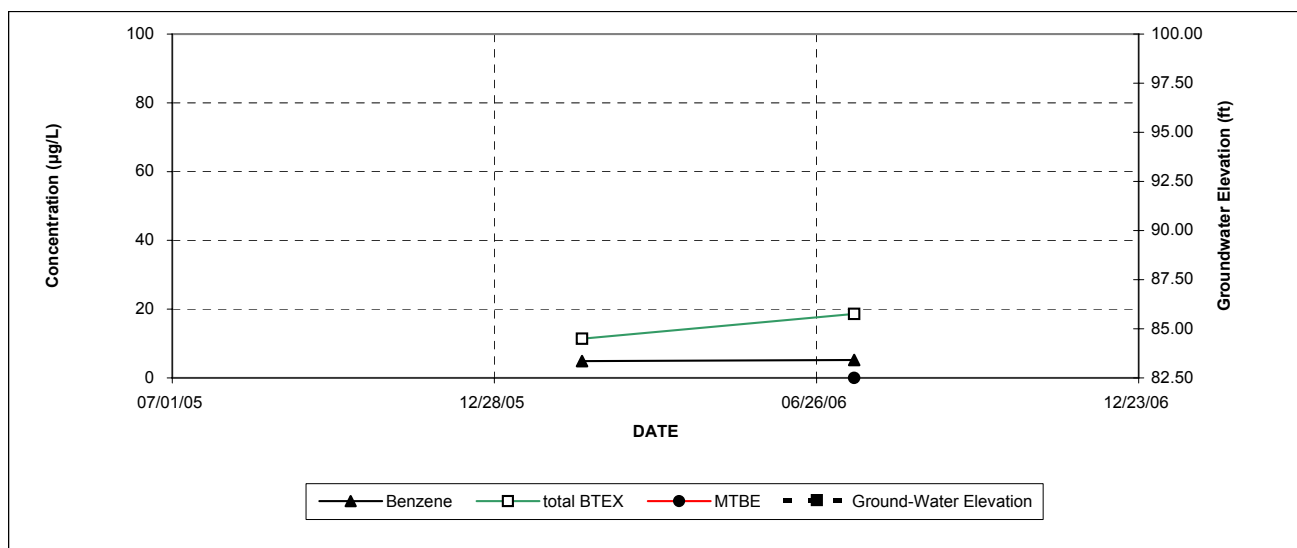
VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

Well not surveyed in.

**FIGURE 28. MW-102
VOC Concentrations**

Northern Petroleum Bulk Storage Plant
St. Johnsbury, VT



Date	Benzene	Toluene	Ethyl benzene	Xylenes	Total BTEX	MTBE	1,3,5 TMB	1,2,4 TMB	Naphthalene	Ground-Water Elevation
07/29/05	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	-
02/15/06	4.9	BRL<1.0	BRL<1.0	6.5	11.4	BRL<1.0	1.3	2.2	1.1	-
07/17/06	5.2	1.2	BRL<1.0	13.4	18.6	BRL<1.0	9.3	12.7	8.1	-
VGES	5	1,000	700	10,000	--	40	4	5	20	--

Notes:

Concentrations in micrograms per liter (µg/L).

MTBE - methyl tert-butyl ether

TMB - trimethyl benzene

BRL - Below Reporting Limit

VGES - Vermont Groundwater Enforcement Standards

Shaded areas indicate VGES exceedances.

NS - Not Sampled. Well not included in initial sampling plan.

Well not surveyed in.

APPENDIX A

LABORATORY ANALYTICAL REPORTS

Report Date:
03-Aug-06 16:43



- ☒ Final Report
☐ Re-Issued Report
☐ Revised Report

SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

Featuring

HANIBAL TECHNOLOGY

Laboratory Report

Environmental Compliance Services
65 Millet Street, Suite 301
Richmond, VT 05477
Attn: Laura Woodard

Project: N. Petroleum - St. Johnsbury, VT
Project 08-204262.00

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	<u>Client Sample ID</u>	<u>Matrix</u>	<u>Date Sampled</u>	<u>Date Received</u>
SA48439-01	Trip Blank	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 08:15	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-02	MW-5	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 11:45	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-03	MW-13	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 12:05	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-04	MW-1	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 14:55	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-05	MW-16	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 12:45	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-06	DUP	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 12:45	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-07	MW-19	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 15:50	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-08	MW-2 ECS	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 16:05	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-09	MW-26	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 17:15	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-10	MW-27	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 17:25	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48439-11	MW-102	Ground Water	17-Jul-06 18:20	20-Jul-06 10:15

I attest that the information contained within the report has been reviewed for accuracy and checked against the quality control requirements for each method. These results relate only to the sample(s) as received.

All applicable NELAC requirements have been met.

Please note that this report contains 10 pages of analytical data plus Chain of Custody document(s).

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Maine # MA138

New Hampshire # 2538/2972

New Jersey # MA011/MA012

New York # 11393/11840

Rhode Island # 98

USDA # S-51435

Vermont # VT-11393



Authorized by:

Hanibal C. Tayeh, Ph.D.
President/Laboratory Director

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Sample Identification

Trip Blank
SA48439-01

Client Project #
08-204262.00

Matrix
Ground Water

Collection Date/Time
17-Jul-06 08:15

Received
20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	95.3		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	96.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	108		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification

MW-5
SA48439-02

Client Project #
08-204262.00

Matrix
Ground Water

Collection Date/Time
17-Jul-06 11:45

Received
20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	149		µg/l	5.0	5	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	352		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	12.8		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20.5		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	10.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	98.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	97.7		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	108		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	104		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

This laboratory report is not valid without an authorized signature on the cover page.

* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 10

Sample Identification**MW-13**

SA48439-03

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 12:05

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	104		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	133		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.1		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	95.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	96.3		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	107		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	102		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification**MW-1**

SA48439-04

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 14:55

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	536		µg/l	50.0	50	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	263		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	5,620		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	90.0		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	142		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	230		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	65.5		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	1,000		µg/l	100	50	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	152		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	96.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	97.3		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	114		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	106		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Sample Identification**MW-16**

SA48439-05

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 12:45

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	202		µg/l	5.0	5	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	47.2		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	48.5		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	18.2		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	11.4		µg/l	10.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	97.0			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	101			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	102			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	97.0			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification**DUP**

SA48439-06

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 12:45

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	186		µg/l	5.0	5	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	46.0		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	46.0		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	17.8		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	11.5		µg/l	10.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	96.7			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	98.7			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	110			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	106			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Sample Identification**MW-19**

SA48439-07

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 15:50

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	91.6		µg/l	5.0	5	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	233		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	84.6		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	460		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	248		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	66.5		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	801		µg/l	10.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	150		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	99.3		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	98.3		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	108		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	104		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification**MW-2 ECS**

SA48439-08

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 16:05

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	782		µg/l	25.0	50	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	450		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	1,610		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	132		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	94.5		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	270		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	74.0		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	1,210		µg/l	50.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	31.0		µg/l	25.0	50	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	98.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	96.7		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	113		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	104		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Sample Identification**MW-26**

SA48439-09

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 17:15

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	101			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	96.7			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	105			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	100			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification**MW-27**

SA48439-10

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

17-Jul-06 17:25

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	97.0			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	98.7			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	113			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Sample Identification
MW-102
SA48439-11

Client Project #
08-204262.00

Matrix
Ground Water

Collection Date/Time
17-Jul-06 18:20

Received
20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	5.2		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071635	ek
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	8.1		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	1.2		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	12.7		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	9.3		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	13.4		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	104			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	98.3			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	112			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	105			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6071635 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
<u>Blank (6071635-BLK1)</u>										
Prepared: 26-Jul-06 Analyzed: 27-Jul-06										
Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Chlorobenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,1-Dichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Trichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0						
o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	29.4		µg/l		30.0		98.0	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	29.6		µg/l		30.0		98.7	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	32.9		µg/l		30.0		110	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	30.3		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
<u>LCS (6071635-BS1)</u>										
Prepared: 26-Jul-06 Analyzed: 27-Jul-06										
Benzene	18.4		µg/l		20.0		92.0	70-130		30
Ethylbenzene	16.8		µg/l		20.0		84.0	70-130		30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	21.4		µg/l		20.0		107	70-130		30
Naphthalene	18.8		µg/l		20.0		94.0	70-130		30
Toluene	17.6		µg/l		20.0		88.0	70-130		30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	16.2		µg/l		20.0		81.0	70-130		30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	16.7		µg/l		20.0		83.5	70-130		30
m,p-Xylene	33.2		µg/l		40.0		83.0	70-130		30
o-Xylene	17.8		µg/l		20.0		89.0	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	29.4		µg/l		30.0		98.0	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	28.6		µg/l		30.0		95.3	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	32.8		µg/l		30.0		109	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	30.9		µg/l		30.0		103	70-130		
<u>LCS Dup (6071635-BSD1)</u>										
Prepared: 26-Jul-06 Analyzed: 27-Jul-06										
Benzene	18.0		µg/l		20.0		90.0	70-130	2.20	30
Ethylbenzene	17.4		µg/l		20.0		87.0	70-130	3.51	30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	20.6		µg/l		20.0		103	70-130	3.81	30
Naphthalene	18.8		µg/l		20.0		94.0	70-130	0.00	30
Toluene	17.7		µg/l		20.0		88.5	70-130	0.567	30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	16.8		µg/l		20.0		84.0	70-130	3.64	30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	17.1		µg/l		20.0		85.5	70-130	2.37	30
m,p-Xylene	33.9		µg/l		40.0		84.8	70-130	2.15	30
o-Xylene	18.3		µg/l		20.0		91.5	70-130	2.77	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	30.2		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	29.4		µg/l		30.0		98.0	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	31.4		µg/l		30.0		105	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	30.2		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
<u>Matrix Spike (6071635-MS1)</u> Source: SA48439-11										
Prepared: 26-Jul-06 Analyzed: 27-Jul-06										
Benzene	22.8		µg/l		20.0	5.25	87.8	70-130		30
Chlorobenzene	17.9		µg/l		20.0	BRL	89.5	70-130		30
1,1-Dichloroethene	16.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	84.0	70-130		30
Toluene	18.2		µg/l		20.0	1.20	85.0	70-130		30
Trichloroethene	19.3		µg/l		20.0	BRL	96.5	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	29.7		µg/l		30.0		99.0	70-130		

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6071635 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
<u>Matrix Spike (6071635-MS1)</u> Source: SA48439-11										
Prepared: 26-Jul-06 Analyzed: 27-Jul-06										
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	29.7		µg/l		30.0		99.0	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	33.6		µg/l		30.0		112	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	33.0		µg/l		30.0		110	70-130		
<u>Matrix Spike Dup (6071635-MSD1)</u> Source: SA48439-11										
Prepared: 26-Jul-06 Analyzed: 27-Jul-06										
Benzene	24.0		µg/l		20.0	5.25	93.8	70-130	6.61	30
Chlorobenzene	17.7		µg/l		20.0	BRL	88.5	70-130	1.12	30
1,1-Dichloroethene	12.4	QM-07	µg/l		20.0	BRL	62.0	70-130	30.1	30
Toluene	17.5		µg/l		20.0	1.20	81.5	70-130	4.20	30
Trichloroethene	15.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	79.0	70-130	19.9	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	31.7		µg/l		30.0		106	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	30.3		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	43.2	S-GC	µg/l		30.0		144	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	37.3		µg/l		30.0		124	70-130		

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Notes and Definitions

QM-07	The spike recovery was outside acceptance limits for the MS and/or MSD. The batch was accepted based on acceptable LCS recovery.
S-GC	Surrogate recovery outside of control limits. The data was accepted based on valid recovery of the remaining surrogate.
BRL	Below Reporting Limit - Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
dry	Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
NR	Not Reported
RPD	Relative Percent Difference

A plus sign (+) in the Method Reference column indicates the method is not accredited by NELAC.

Laboratory Control Sample (LCS): A known matrix spiked with compound(s) representative of the target analytes, which is used to document laboratory performance.

Matrix Duplicate: An intra-laboratory split sample which is used to document the precision of a method in a given sample matrix.

Matrix Spike: An aliquot of a sample spiked with a known concentration of target analyte(s). The spiking occurs prior to sample preparation and analysis. A matrix spike is used to document the bias of a method in a given sample matrix.

Method Blank: An analyte-free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in sample processing. The method blank should be carried through the complete sample preparation and analytical procedure. The method blank is used to document contamination resulting from the analytical process.

Method Detection Limit (MDL): The minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero and is determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix type containing the analyte.

Reportable Detection Limit (RDL): The lowest concentration that can be reliably achieved within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operating conditions. For many analytes the RDL analyte concentration is selected as the lowest non-zero standard in the calibration curve. While the RDL is approximately 5 to 10 times the MDL, the RDL for each sample takes into account the sample volume/weight, extract/digestate volume, cleanup procedures and, if applicable, dry weight correction. Sample RDLs are highly matrix-dependent.

Surrogate: An organic compound which is similar to the target analyte(s) in chemical composition and behavior in the analytical process, but which is not normally found in environmental samples. These compounds are spiked into all blanks, standards, and samples prior to analysis. Percent recoveries are calculated for each surrogate.

Validated by:
Hanibal C. Tayeh, Ph.D.
Nicole Brown



SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.
Framingham

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 2

Special Handling:

- ☒ Standard TAT - 7 to 10 business days
- ☐ Rush TAT - Date Needed: _____
- ☐ All TATs subject to laboratory approval.
- ☐ Min. 24-hour notification needed for rushes.
- ☐ Samples disposed of after 60 days unless otherwise instructed.

Report To:

Project Mgr:

Invoice To:

Project No.:

Site Name:

Location:

Sampler(s):

Project Mgr: Laura Woodard

P.O. No.:

RON:

1= $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ 2= HCl 3= H_2SO_4 4= HNO_3 5= NaOH 6=Ascorbic Acid
7= CH_3OH 8= NaHSO_4 9=_____ 10=_____

DW=Drinking Water GW=Groundwater WW=Wastewater
O=Oil SW=Surface Water SO=Soil SL=Sludge A=Air
X1=_____ X2=_____ X3=_____

G=Grab C=Composite

Lab Id:	Sample Id:	Date:	Time:	Type	Matrix	Preservative	# of VOA Vials	# of Amber Glass	# of Clear Glass	# of Plastic	Analyses:	QA Reporting Notes: (check if needed)
BA48439-01	Tri-B Blank	7/17/06	8:15	G	GW	2	3				848439-01	
	MW-5		11:45									
	MW-13		12:05									
	MW-1		14:55									
	MW-16		12:45									
	DUP		12:45									
	MW-19		15:50									
	MW-20		16:05									
	MW-26		17:15									
	MW-27		17:25									

Relinquished by:

Received by:

Date:

Time:

☐ Fax results when available to (_____) _____
☒ E-mail to LWoodard@ECSconsult.com

EDD Format

Condition upon receipt: ☒ Iced ☐ Ambient ☐ °C 3

Signature

[Signature]

[Signature]

7/17/06 20:00



SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

Framingham, MA 01901

Framingham, MA 01901

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Page 2 of 2

Special Handling:

- ☒ Standard TAT - 7 to 10 business days
☐ Rush TAT - Date Needed: _____
All TATs subject to laboratory approval.
Min. 24-hour notification needed for rushes.
Samples disposed of after 60 days unless otherwise instructed.

Report To: ECS

Invoice To: _____

Project No.: 08-204262-0065 Millet St. Suite 301Site Name: N. PetroleumRichmond, VT 05401Location: St. Johnsbury State: VTProject Mgr.: Laura Woodard

P.O. No.: _____

Sampler(s): KR, JG

RON: _____

1= $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$ 2= HCl 3= H_2SO_4 4= HNO_3 5= NaOH 6=Ascorbic Acid
7= CH_3OH 8= NaHSO_4 9=_____ 10=_____

Containers:

Analyses:

QA Reporting Notes:
(check if needed)DW=Drinking Water GW=Groundwater WW=Wastewater
O=Oil SW=Surface Water SO=Soil SL=Sludge A=Air
X1=_____ X2=_____ X3=_____

G=Grab C=Composite

Lab Id:

Sample Id:

Date:

Time:

Type

Matrix

Preservative

of VOA Vials

of Amber Glass

of Clear Glass

of Plastic

✓

VT 8021B

State specific reporting standards
If applicable, please list below:
☐ Provide MCP CAM Report
Were all field QC requirements met
as per MADEP CAM Section 2.0?
☐ Yes ☐ No
(Response required for CAM report)☐ Fax results when available to () _____☒ E-mail to lwoodard@ecsconsult.com

EDD Format _____

Condition upon receipt: ☒ Filled ☐ Ambient ☐ °C 3

Relinquished by: _____

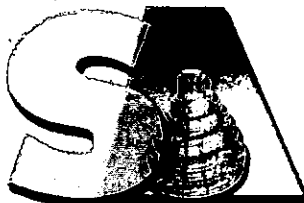
Received by: _____

Date:

Time:

Keegan OrrSt. Johnsbury7/17/0620:00JohnSt. Johnsbury7/17/0610:15

Report Date:
03-Aug-06 17:08



SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

Featuring
HANIBAL TECHNOLOGY

Laboratory Report

Environmental Compliance Services
65 Millet Street; Suite 301
Richmond, VT 05477
Attn: Laura Woodard

Project: Northern Petroleum-St Johnsbury, VT
Project 08-204262.00

- ☒ Final Report
☐ Re-Issued Report
☐ Revised Report

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	<u>Client Sample ID</u>	<u>Matrix</u>	<u>Date Sampled</u>	<u>Date Received</u>
SA48441-01	MW-32	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 11:15	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-02	MW-31	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 11:00	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-03	MW-30	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 11:50	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-04	MW-8	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 12:10	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-05	MW-101	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 13:10	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-06	MW-29	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 12:40	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-07	MW-2	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 13:22	20-Jul-06 10:15
SA48441-08	MW-1R	Ground Water	18-Jul-06 14:12	20-Jul-06 10:15

I attest that the information contained within the report has been reviewed for accuracy and checked against the quality control requirements for each method. These results relate only to the sample(s) as received.

All applicable NELAC requirements have been met

Please note that this report contains 9 pages of analytical data plus Chain of Custody document(s).

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Massachusetts Certification # M-MA138/MA1110

Connecticut # PH-0777

Florida # E87600/E87936

Maine # MA138

New Hampshire # 2538/2972

New Jersey # MA011/MA012

New York # 11393/11840

Rhode Island # 98

USDA # S-51435

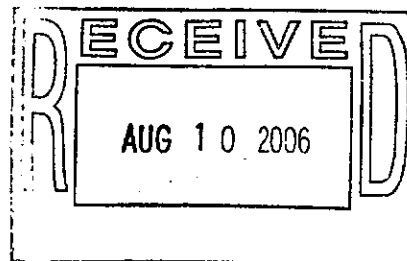
Vermont # VT-11393



Authorized by:

Hanibal C. Tayeh, Ph.D.
President/Laboratory Director

Spectrum Analytical, Inc. is a NELAC accredited laboratory organization and meets NELAC testing standards. Use of the NELAC logo however does not insure that Spectrum is currently accredited for the specific method indicated. Please refer to our "Quality" webpage at www.spectrum-analytical.com for a full listing of our current certifications.



ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES

11 Almgren Drive • Agawam, Massachusetts 01001 • Operational Building & Sample Receiving
830 Silver Street • Agawam, Massachusetts 01001 • Administrative Offices, Volatile & Air Departments
1-800-789-9115 • 413-789-9018 • Fax 413-789-4076

Sample Identification

MW-32

SA48441-01

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

18-Jul-06 11:15

Received

20-Jul-06

CAS No.	Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Dilution	Method Ref.	Prepared	Analyzed	Batch	Analyst
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	26-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	90.6			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	108			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99.4			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	102			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification

MW-31

SA48441-02

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

18-Jul-06 11:00

Received

20-Jul-06

CAS No.	Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Dilution	Method Ref.	Prepared	Analyzed	Batch	Analyst
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	26-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.3		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	93.8			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	107			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99.0			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	102			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

This laboratory report is not valid without an authorized signature on the cover page.

* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 9

Sample Identification

MW-30

SA48441-03

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

18-Jul-06 11:50

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	26-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	3.8		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	92.4		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	107		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification

MW-8

SA48441-04

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

18-Jul-06 12:10

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	5.0		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	26-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	38.6		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	95.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	108		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	98.2		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Page 3 of 9

Sample Identification

MW-101

SA48441-05

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

18-Jul-06 13:10

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No. Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	26-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL	µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	93.0		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	108		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	101		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	105		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

Sample Identification

MW-29

SA48441-06

Client Project #

08-204262.00

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

18-Jul-06 12:40

Received

20-Jul-06

<i>CAS No. Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	10.0	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL	µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL	µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	91.0		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	105		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	99.2		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	102		70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Page 4 of 9

Sample IdentificationMW-2
SA48441-07Client Project #
08-204262.00Matrix
Ground WaterCollection Date/Time
18-Jul-06 13:22Received
20-Jul-06

CAS No.	Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Dilution	Method Ref.	Prepared	Analyzed	Batch	Analyst
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	58.4		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	28-Jul-06	28-Jul-06	6071849	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	37.2		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	12.4		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	8.4		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	40.0		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	12.0		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	63.4		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	2.4		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	99.4		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	106		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	97.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	99.4		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

Sample IdentificationMW-1R
SA48441-08Client Project #
08-204262.00Matrix
Ground WaterCollection Date/Time
18-Jul-06 14:12Received
20-Jul-06

CAS No.	Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Dilution	Method Ref.	Prepared	Analyzed	Batch	Analyst
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Volatile Organic Compounds

Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	26-Jul-06	27-Jul-06	6071640	Jro
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	94.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	108		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	100		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	103		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Page 5 of 9

Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6071640 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
Blank (6071640-BLK1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 26-Jul-06										
Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Chlorobenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,1-Dichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Trichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0						
o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	47.8		µg/l		50.0		95.6	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	52.6		µg/l		50.0		105	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	52.5		µg/l		50.0		105	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	53.0		µg/l		50.0		106	70-130		
LCS (6071640-BS1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 26-Jul-06										
Benzene	19.8		µg/l		20.0		99.0	70-130		30
Ethylbenzene	20.0		µg/l		20.0		100	70-130		30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	22.6		µg/l		20.0		113	70-130		30
Naphthalene	21.7		µg/l		20.0		108	70-130		30
Toluene	20.2		µg/l		20.0		101	70-130		30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	21.6		µg/l		20.0		108	70-130		30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	20.7		µg/l		20.0		104	70-130		30
m,p-Xylene	42.2		µg/l		40.0		106	70-130		30
o-Xylene	20.6		µg/l		20.0		103	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	50.8		µg/l		50.0		102	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	52.0		µg/l		50.0		104	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	47.1		µg/l		50.0		94.2	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	49.4		µg/l		50.0		98.8	70-130		
LCS Dup (6071640-BSD1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 26-Jul-06										
Benzene	18.8		µg/l		20.0		94.0	70-130	5.18	30
Ethylbenzene	19.2		µg/l		20.0		96.0	70-130	4.08	30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	21.9		µg/l		20.0		110	70-130	2.69	30
Naphthalene	20.8		µg/l		20.0		104	70-130	3.77	30
Toluene	19.2		µg/l		20.0		96.0	70-130	5.08	30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	21.3		µg/l		20.0		106	70-130	1.87	30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	20.5		µg/l		20.0		102	70-130	1.94	30
m,p-Xylene	40.8		µg/l		40.0		102	70-130	3.85	30
o-Xylene	20.3		µg/l		20.0		102	70-130	0.976	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	51.7		µg/l		50.0		103	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	51.9		µg/l		50.0		104	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	49.0		µg/l		50.0		98.0	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	49.6		µg/l		50.0		99.2	70-130		
Matrix Spike (6071640-MS1) Source: SA48434-01										
Prepared & Analyzed: 26-Jul-06										
Benzene	17.0		µg/l		20.0	BRL	85.0	70-130		30
Chlorobenzene	17.7		µg/l		20.0	BRL	88.5	70-130		30
1,1-Dichloroethene	19.7		µg/l		20.0	BRL	98.5	70-130		30
Toluene	18.0		µg/l		20.0	BRL	90.0	70-130		30
Trichloroethene	17.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	89.0	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	45.5		µg/l		50.0		91.0	70-130		

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit
Batch 6071640 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
Matrix Spike (6071640-MS1)		Source: SA48434-01								
Prepared & Analyzed: 26-Jul-06										
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	53.0		µg/l		50.0		106	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	49.1		µg/l		50.0		98.2	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	51.2		µg/l		50.0		102	70-130		
Matrix Spike Dup (6071640-MSD1)		Source: SA48434-01								
Prepared & Analyzed: 26-Jul-06										
Benzene	17.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	89.0	70-130	4.60	30
Chlorobenzene	18.7		µg/l		20.0	BRL	93.5	70-130	5.49	30
1,1-Dichloroethene	19.1		µg/l		20.0	BRL	95.5	70-130	3.09	30
Toluene	19.0		µg/l		20.0	BRL	95.0	70-130	5.41	30
Trichloroethene	18.7		µg/l		20.0	BRL	93.5	70-130	4.93	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	46.3		µg/l		50.0		92.6	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	53.2		µg/l		50.0		106	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	50.4		µg/l		50.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	50.4		µg/l		50.0		101	70-130		
Batch 6071849 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
Blank (6071849-BLK1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 28-Jul-06										
Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Chlorobenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,1-Dichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Trichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0						
o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	47.4		µg/l		50.0		94.8	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	53.2		µg/l		50.0		106	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	52.5		µg/l		50.0		105	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	52.6		µg/l		50.0		105	70-130		
LCS (6071849-BS1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 28-Jul-06										
Benzene	20.1		µg/l		20.0		100	70-130		30
Ethylbenzene	21.4		µg/l		20.0		107	70-130		30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	22.2		µg/l		20.0		111	70-130		30
Naphthalene	20.9		µg/l		20.0		104	70-130		30
Toluene	21.1		µg/l		20.0		106	70-130		30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	23.1		µg/l		20.0		116	70-130		30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	22.4		µg/l		20.0		112	70-130		30
m,p-Xylene	44.8		µg/l		40.0		112	70-130		30
o-Xylene	22.0		µg/l		20.0		110	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	53.2		µg/l		50.0		106	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	51.6		µg/l		50.0		103	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	47.6		µg/l		50.0		95.2	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	48.9		µg/l		50.0		97.8	70-130		
LCS Dup (6071849-BSD1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 28-Jul-06										
Benzene	19.2		µg/l		20.0		96.0	70-130	4.08	30
Ethylbenzene	19.5		µg/l		20.0		97.5	70-130	9.29	30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	22.0		µg/l		20.0		110	70-130	0.905	30

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6071849 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
LCS Dup (6071849-BSD1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 28-Jul-06										
Naphthalene	20.2		µg/l		20.0		101	70-130	2.93	30
Toluene	19.4		µg/l		20.0		97.0	70-130	8.87	30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20.8		µg/l		20.0		104	70-130	10.9	30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	20.1		µg/l		20.0		100	70-130	11.3	30
m,p-Xylene	40.5		µg/l		40.0		101	70-130	10.3	30
o-Xylene	20.3		µg/l		20.0		102	70-130	7.55	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	51.9		µg/l		50.0		104	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	50.9		µg/l		50.0		102	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	47.9		µg/l		50.0		95.8	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	49.6		µg/l		50.0		99.2	70-130		
Matrix Spike (6071849-MS1) Source: SA48441-07										
Prepared & Analyzed: 28-Jul-06										
Benzene	74.9		µg/l		20.0	58.4	82.5	70-130		30
Chlorobenzene	19.0		µg/l		20.0	BRL	95.0	70-130		30
1,1-Dichloroethene	18.0		µg/l		20.0	BRL	90.0	70-130		30
Toluene	27.3		µg/l		20.0	8.45	94.2	70-130		30
Trichloroethene	18.5		µg/l		20.0	BRL	92.5	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	51.0		µg/l		50.0		102	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	53.3		µg/l		50.0		107	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	47.7		µg/l		50.0		95.4	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	48.8		µg/l		50.0		97.6	70-130		
Matrix Spike Dup (6071849-MSD1) Source: SA48441-07										
Prepared & Analyzed: 28-Jul-06										
Benzene	69.2	QM-07	µg/l		20.0	58.4	54.0	70-130	41.8	30
Chlorobenzene	18.6		µg/l		20.0	BRL	93.0	70-130	2.13	30
1,1-Dichloroethene	17.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	89.0	70-130	1.12	30
Toluene	26.6		µg/l		20.0	8.45	90.8	70-130	3.68	30
Trichloroethene	18.1		µg/l		20.0	BRL	90.5	70-130	2.19	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	50.3		µg/l		50.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	53.9		µg/l		50.0		108	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	48.1		µg/l		50.0		96.2	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	48.8		µg/l		50.0		97.6	70-130		

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Notes and Definitions

QM-07	The spike recovery was outside acceptance limits for the MS and/or MSD. The batch was accepted based on acceptable LCS recovery.
BRL	Below Reporting Limit - Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit
dry	Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
NR	Not Reported
RPD	Relative Percent Difference

A plus sign (+) in the Method Reference column indicates the method is not accredited by NELAC

Laboratory Control Sample (LCS): A known matrix spiked with compound(s) representative of the target analytes, which is used to document laboratory performance.

Matrix Duplicate: An intra-laboratory split sample which is used to document the precision of a method in a given sample matrix

Matrix Spike: An aliquot of a sample spiked with a known concentration of target analyte(s). The spiking occurs prior to sample preparation and analysis. A matrix spike is used to document the bias of a method in a given sample matrix

Method Blank: An analyte-free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in sample processing. The method blank should be carried through the complete sample preparation and analytical procedure. The method blank is used to document contamination resulting from the analytical process.

Method Detection Limit (MDL): The minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero and is determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix type containing the analyte.

Reportable Detection Limit (RDL): The lowest concentration that can be reliably achieved within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operating conditions. For many analytes the RDL analyte concentration is selected as the lowest non-zero standard in the calibration curve. While the RDL is approximately 5 to 10 times the MDL, the RDL for each sample takes into account the sample volume/weight, extract/digestate volume, cleanup procedures and, if applicable, dry weight correction. Sample RDLs are highly matrix-dependent.

Surrogate: An organic compound which is similar to the target analyte(s) in chemical composition and behavior in the analytical process, but which is not normally found in environmental samples. These compounds are spiked into all blanks, standards, and samples prior to analysis. Percent recoveries are calculated for each surrogate.

Validated by:
Hanibal C. Tayeh, Ph.D.
Nicole Brown



SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.
Featuring
HANIBAL TECHNOLOGY

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Page 1 of 1

Special Handling:

- ☒ Standard TAT - 7 to 10 business days
- ☐ Rush TAT - Date Needed: _____
- All TATs subject to laboratory approval.
- Min. 24-hour notification needed for rushes.
- Samples disposed of after 60 days unless otherwise instructed.

504844146

Report To: ECS

Invoice To: _____

Project No.: 08-204222.00

15 Miller St Suite 301
Richmond VT 05477

10400 10434 QP

Site Name: Northern Peloponnesus

Location: St. Johnsbury

State: VT

Project Mgr.: Lucas Woodard

P.O. No.: _____

RQN: _____

Sampler(s): JL / KR

1=Na₂SO₃ 2=HCl 3=H₂SO₄ 4=HNO₃ 5=NaOH 6=Ascorbic Acid
7=CH₃OH 8=NaHSO₄ 9=_____ 10=_____

DW=Drinking Water GW=Groundwater WW=Wastewater
O=Oil SW=Surface Water SO=Soil SL=Sludge A=Air
X1=_____ X2=_____ X3=_____

G=Grab C=Composite

Lab Id:	Sample Id:	Date:	Time:	Type	Matrix	Preservative	# of VOA Vials	# of Amber Glass	# of Clear Glass	# of Plastic	Containers:	Analyses:	QA Reporting Notes: (check if needed)
48441-01	MW-32	7/18/06	11:15	6	GW	2	3						State specific reporting standards if applicable, please list below.
-02	MW-31		11:00										<input type="checkbox"/> Provide MCP CAM Report Were all field QC requirements met as per MADEP CAM Section 2.0? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No (Response required for CAM report)
-03	MW-30		11:50										
-04	MW-8		12:10										
-05	MW-101		13:10										
-06	MW-29		12:40										
-07	MW-2		13:22										
-08	MW-1R		14:12										

Relinquished by: _____

Received by: _____

Date:

Time:

☐ Fax results when available to (_____) _____
☒ E-mail to Woodard@ECSconsult.com

EDD Format _____

Condition upon receipt: ☒ Iced ☐ Ambient ☐ °C 3

AS

Jack

St. Johnsbury

7/18/06

16:00

7/20/06 1015

Report Date:
14-Aug-06 17:03



SPECTRUM ANALYTICAL, INC.

Featuring
HANIBAL TECHNOLOGY

Laboratory Report

- ☒ Final Report
☐ Re-Issued Report
☐ Revised Report

Environmental Compliance Services
65 Millet Street; Suite 301
Richmond, VT 05477
Attn: Laura Woodard

Project: Northern Petroleum-St Johnsbury, VT
Project 08-204262

<u>Laboratory ID</u>	<u>Client Sample ID</u>	<u>Matrix</u>	<u>Date Sampled</u>	<u>Date Received</u>
SA49007-01	Trip Blank	Ground Water	31-Jul-06 08:45	02-Aug-06 10:25
SA49007-02	MW 17	Ground Water	31-Jul-06 13:40	02-Aug-06 10:25
SA49007-03	MW 18	Ground Water	31-Jul-06 15:05	02-Aug-06 10:25

I attest that the information contained within the report has been reviewed for accuracy and checked against the quality control requirements for each method. These results relate only to the sample(s) as received.

All applicable NELAC requirements have been met.

Please note that this report contains 8 pages of analytical data plus Chain of Custody document(s).

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Connecticut # PH-0777

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New Jersey # MA011/MA012

New York # 11393/11840

Rhode Island # 98

USDA # S-51435

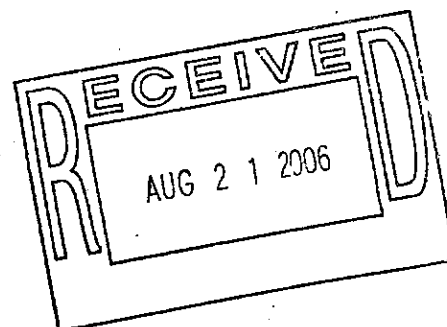
Vermont # VT-11393



Authorized by

Hanibal C. Tayeh, Ph.D.
President/Laboratory Director

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ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSES

Sample Identification

Trip Blank
SA49007-01

Client Project #
08-204262

Matrix
Ground Water

Collection Date/Time
31-Jul-06 08:45

Received
02-Aug-06

CAS No.	Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Dilution	Method Ref.	Prepared	Analyzed	Batch	Analyst
---------	------------	--------	------	-------	------	----------	-------------	----------	----------	-------	---------

Volatile Organic CompoundsVolatile Organic Compounds by 8260B

Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS

71-43-2	Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	SW846 8260B	08-Aug-06	09-Aug-06	6080562	mar
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0	1	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0	1	"	"	"	"	"

Surrogate recoveries:

460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	92.6			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	98.6			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	115			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	101			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Page 2 of 8

Sample IdentificationMW 17
SA49007-02Client Project #
08-204262Matrix
Ground WaterCollection Date/Time
31-Jul-06 13:40Received
02-Aug-06

<u>CAS No.</u>	<u>Analyte(s)</u>	<u>Result</u>	<u>Flag</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>*RDL</u>	<u>Dilution</u>	<u>Method Ref.</u>	<u>Prepared</u>	<u>Analyzed</u>	<u>Batch</u>	<u>Analyst</u>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	1,450		µg/l	5.0	5	SW846 8260B	08-Aug-06	09-Aug-06	6080562	mar
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	549		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	14.0		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	364		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	1,570	E	µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	819		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	242		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	2,380	E	µg/l	10.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	632		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
<u>Surrogate recoveries:</u>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	94.4		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	102		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	114		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	99.6		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
108-88-3	Toluene	2,110		µg/l	25.0	25	SW846 8260B	10-Aug-06	10-Aug-06	6080689	RLJ
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	3,220		µg/l	50.0	25	"	"	"	"	"
<u>Surrogate recoveries:</u>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	103		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	89.7		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	91.0		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	92.3		70-130 %			"	"	"	"	"

SA49007-02RE1

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Sample Identification

MW 18

SA49007-03

Client Project #

08-204262

Matrix

Ground Water

Collection Date/Time

31-Jul-06 15:05

Received

02-Aug-06

<i>CAS No.</i>	<i>Analyte(s)</i>	<i>Result</i>	<i>Flag</i>	<i>Units</i>	<i>*RDL</i>	<i>Dilution</i>	<i>Method Ref.</i>	<i>Prepared</i>	<i>Analyzed</i>	<i>Batch</i>	<i>Analyst</i>
Volatile Organic Compounds											
<u>Volatile Organic Compounds by 8260B</u>											
Prepared by method SW846 5030 Water MS											
71-43-2	Benzene	728		µg/l	5.0	5	SW846 8260B	08-Aug-06	09-Aug-06	6080562	mar
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	150		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1634-04-4	Methyl tert-butyl ether	108		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
91-20-3	Naphthalene	87.8		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-88-3	Toluene	125		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	277		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
108-67-8	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	70.6		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
1330-20-7	m,p-Xylene	678		µg/l	10.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
95-47-6	o-Xylene	90.8		µg/l	5.0	5	"	"	"	"	"
<i>Surrogate recoveries:</i>											
460-00-4	4-Bromofluorobenzene	94.8			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
2037-26-5	Toluene-d8	100			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
17060-07-0	1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	114			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"
1868-53-7	Dibromofluoromethane	99.2			70-130 %		"	"	"	"	"

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6080562 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
Blank (6080562-BLK1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 08-Aug-06										
Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Chlorobenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,1-Dichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Trichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0						
o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	48.7		µg/l		50.0		97.4	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	50.1		µg/l		50.0		100	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	61.0		µg/l		50.0		122	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	51.0		µg/l		50.0		102	70-130		
LCS (6080562-BS1)										
Prepared: 08-Aug-06 Analyzed: 09-Aug-06										
Benzene	17.4		µg/l		20.0		87.0	70-130		30
Ethylbenzene	18.9		µg/l		20.0		94.5	70-130		30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	18.6		µg/l		20.0		93.0	70-130		30
Naphthalene	19.7		µg/l		20.0		98.5	70-130		30
Toluene	16.0		µg/l		20.0		80.0	70-130		30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20.6		µg/l		20.0		103	70-130		30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	20.2		µg/l		20.0		101	70-130		30
m,p-Xylene	37.5		µg/l		40.0		93.8	70-130		30
o-Xylene	19.4		µg/l		20.0		97.0	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	47.5		µg/l		50.0		95.0	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	50.6		µg/l		50.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	60.8		µg/l		50.0		122	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	51.5		µg/l		50.0		103	70-130		
Matrix Spike (6080562-MS1) Source: SA48997-06										
Prepared: 08-Aug-06 Analyzed: 09-Aug-06										
Benzene	17.5		µg/l		20.0	0.550	84.8	70-130		30
Chlorobenzene	20.6		µg/l		20.0	BRL	103	70-130		30
1,1-Dichloroethene	20.6		µg/l		20.0	BRL	103	70-130		30
Toluene	16.3		µg/l		20.0	BRL	81.5	70-130		30
Trichloroethene	19.1		µg/l		20.0	BRL	95.5	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	49.5		µg/l		50.0		99.0	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	51.6		µg/l		50.0		103	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	59.4		µg/l		50.0		119	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	50.5		µg/l		50.0		101	70-130		
Matrix Spike Dup (6080562-MSD1) Source: SA48997-06										
Prepared: 08-Aug-06 Analyzed: 09-Aug-06										
Benzene	17.4		µg/l		20.0	0.550	84.2	70-130	0.710	30
Chlorobenzene	20.6		µg/l		20.0	BRL	103	70-130	0.00	30
1,1-Dichloroethene	19.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	99.0	70-130	3.96	30
Toluene	16.1		µg/l		20.0	BRL	80.5	70-130	1.23	30
Trichloroethene	18.3		µg/l		20.0	BRL	91.5	70-130	4.28	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	49.0		µg/l		50.0		98.0	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	51.5		µg/l		50.0		103	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	60.2		µg/l		50.0		120	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	51.6		µg/l		50.0		103	70-130		
Batch 6080689 - SW846 5030 Water MS										

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6080689 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
Blank (6080689-BLK1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 10-Aug-06										
Benzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Chlorobenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,1-Dichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Ethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Methyl tert-butyl ether	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Naphthalene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Toluene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Trichloroethene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
m,p-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	2.0						
o-Xylene	BRL		µg/l	1.0						
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	30.6		µg/l		30.0		102	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	25.8		µg/l		30.0		86.0	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	26.5		µg/l		30.0		88.3	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	27.1		µg/l		30.0		90.3	70-130		
LCS (6080689-BS1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 10-Aug-06										
Benzene	20.6		µg/l		20.0		103	70-130		30
Ethylbenzene	21.0		µg/l		20.0		105	70-130		30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	18.4		µg/l		20.0		92.0	70-130		30
Naphthalene	21.6		µg/l		20.0		108	70-130		30
Toluene	18.8		µg/l		20.0		94.0	70-130		30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	21.9		µg/l		20.0		110	70-130		30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	21.9		µg/l		20.0		110	70-130		30
m,p-Xylene	43.3		µg/l		40.0		108	70-130		30
o-Xylene	21.8		µg/l		20.0		109	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	30.4		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	27.6		µg/l		30.0		92.0	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	27.8		µg/l		30.0		92.7	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	29.0		µg/l		30.0		96.7	70-130		
LCS Dup (6080689-BSD1)										
Prepared & Analyzed: 10-Aug-06										
Benzene	20.8		µg/l		20.0		104	70-130	0.966	30
Ethylbenzene	20.5		µg/l		20.0		102	70-130	2.90	30
Methyl tert-butyl ether	17.4		µg/l		20.0		87.0	70-130	5.59	30
Naphthalene	20.2		µg/l		20.0		101	70-130	6.70	30
Toluene	17.6		µg/l		20.0		88.0	70-130	6.59	30
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	20.9		µg/l		20.0		104	70-130	5.61	30
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	21.0		µg/l		20.0		105	70-130	4.65	30
m,p-Xylene	41.8		µg/l		40.0		104	70-130	3.77	30
o-Xylene	21.4		µg/l		20.0		107	70-130	1.85	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	30.4		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	26.9		µg/l		30.0		89.7	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	26.6		µg/l		30.0		88.7	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	28.4		µg/l		30.0		94.7	70-130		
Matrix Spike (6080689-MS1) Source: SA48987-07										
Prepared & Analyzed: 10-Aug-06										
Benzene	19.6		µg/l		20.0	BRL	98.0	70-130		30
Chlorobenzene	19.2		µg/l		20.0	BRL	96.0	70-130		30
1,1-Dichloroethene	15.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	79.0	70-130		30
Toluene	16.9		µg/l		20.0	BRL	84.5	70-130		30
Trichloroethene	17.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	89.0	70-130		30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	31.8		µg/l		30.0		106	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	27.3		µg/l		30.0		91.0	70-130		

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

Volatile Organic Compounds - Quality Control

Analyte(s)	Result	Flag	Units	*RDL	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit
Batch 6080689 - SW846 5030 Water MS										
Matrix Spike (6080689-MS1) Source: SA48987-07										
Prepared & Analyzed: 10-Aug-06										
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	27.4		µg/l		30.0		91.3	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	27.9		µg/l		30.0		93.0	70-130		
Matrix Spike Dup (6080689-MSD1) Source: SA48987-07										
Prepared & Analyzed: 10-Aug-06										
Benzene	20.1		µg/l		20.0	BRL	100	70-130	2.02	30
Chlorobenzene	20.3		µg/l		20.0	BRL	102	70-130	6.06	30
1,1-Dichloroethene	16.5		µg/l		20.0	BRL	82.5	70-130	4.33	30
Toluene	17.8		µg/l		20.0	BRL	89.0	70-130	5.19	30
Trichloroethene	18.1		µg/l		20.0	BRL	90.5	70-130	1.67	30
Surrogate: 4-Bromofluorobenzene	30.3		µg/l		30.0		101	70-130		
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	27.2		µg/l		30.0		90.7	70-130		
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	27.4		µg/l		30.0		91.3	70-130		
Surrogate: Dibromofluoromethane	27.9		µg/l		30.0		93.0	70-130		

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* Reportable Detection Limit

BRL = Below Reporting Limit

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Notes and Definitions

__RE Reanalysis for data confirmation

E The concentration indicated for this analyte is an estimated value above the calibration range of the instrument This value is considered an estimate (CLP E-flag).

BRL Below Reporting Limit - Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit

dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis

NR Not Reported

RPD Relative Percent Difference

A plus sign (+) in the Method Reference column indicates the method is not accredited by NELAC

Laboratory Control Sample (LCS): A known matrix spiked with compound(s) representative of the target analytes, which is used to document laboratory performance

Matrix Duplicate: An intra-laboratory split sample which is used to document the precision of a method in a given sample matrix

Matrix Spike: An aliquot of a sample spiked with a known concentration of target analyte(s). The spiking occurs prior to sample preparation and analysis. A matrix spike is used to document the bias of a method in a given sample matrix

Method Blank: An analyte-free matrix to which all reagents are added in the same volumes or proportions as used in sample processing. The method blank should be carried through the complete sample preparation and analytical procedure The method blank is used to document contamination resulting from the analytical process

Method Detection Limit (MDL): The minimum concentration of a substance that can be measured and reported with 99% confidence that the analyte concentration is greater than zero and is determined from analysis of a sample in a given matrix type containing the analyte.

Reportable Detection Limit (RDL): The lowest concentration that can be reliably achieved within specified limits of precision and accuracy during routine laboratory operating conditions For many analytes the RDL analyte concentration is selected as the lowest non-zero standard in the calibration curve. While the RDL is approximately 5 to 10 times the MDL, the RDL for each sample takes into account the sample volume/weight, extract/digestate volume, cleanup procedures and, if applicable, dry weight correction Sample RDLs are highly matrix-dependent.

Surrogate: An organic compound which is similar to the target analyte(s) in chemical composition and behavior in the analytical process, but which is not normally found in environmental samples These compounds are spiked into all blanks, standards, and samples prior to analysis. Percent recoveries are calculated for each surrogate.

Validated by:
Hanibal C. Tayeh, Ph.D.
Nicole Brown

APPENDIX B
FIELD NOTES

7/17/06 Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury
08-204262.00

10:30 Onsite JE/KR

10:45 Calibrate Horiba

pH	Cond.	Turb.	D.O.
3.96	6.43	114	8.45

11:21 Calibrate Pine Horiba

pH	Cond	Turb	DO
4.00	4.90	0.0	8.13

- Could not find MW-4, MW-11, MW-12, MW-17, MW-18
- Found FP in MW-22 and MW-28
- 500 mL taken from MW-22
- 200 mL taken from MW-28

Bail Down Test

- MW-22

Before Bailing Measurements:

DTP = 4.43' DTW = 5.79' Thickness = 1.36'

Recharge Test: Began @ 14:32

Time	DTP	DTW	FP Thickness
0	4.66	4.76	0.10
2	4.65	4.82	0.17
4	4.65	4.81	0.16
6	4.65	4.82	0.17
8	4.65	4.81	0.16
10	4.65	4.81	0.16
12	4.65	4.81	0.16
14	4.66	4.81	0.15
16	4.66	4.81	0.15
18	4.66	4.81	0.15
20	4.66	4.80	0.14
30	4.65	4.80	0.15

Bailed Approx 500 mL FP, unable to get down to 0.01'

MW-28

Note: Cap missing

Before Bailing Measurements:

DTP = 6.92' DTW = 7.56' Thickness = 0.64'

Recharge test: Began @ 17:37

Time	DTP	DTW	FP Thickness
0	6.99	7.09	0.10
2	6.98	7.09	0.11
4	6.98	7.10	0.12
6	6.97	7.11	0.14
8	6.97	7.12	0.15
10	6.97	7.13	0.16
12	6.97	7.13	0.16
14	6.97	7.13	0.16
16	6.97	7.13	0.14
18	6.97	7.13	0.16
20	6.97	7.13	0.16
30	6.96	7.13	0.17

Bailed Approximately 200 mL FP, unable to bail down to 0.01'

KR/SG offsite 18:30

7/16/86 Northern Petroleum, St. J, VT.
08-20426200

10:00 AM Onsite KR/SG

- Complete Well monitoring

10:15 Calibrate Horiba (EC5)

PH	Cond	Turb	DO
3.99	4.28	17.4	7.72

Calibrate Pine Horiba

PH	Cond	Turb	DO
3.86	4.23	17.5	7.60
	4.47	209	

~~Min 7.2 did not have any product~~
as it was expected for home

MV-7

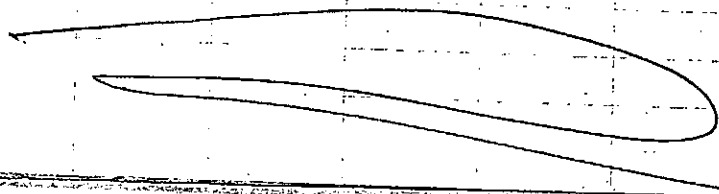


~40 ml. received

<u>Time</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>
Initial	5.62	5.75
0	5.65	5.74
2	5.64	5.74
4	5.63	5.71
6	5.64	5.74
8	5.64	5.77
10	5.64	5.76
12	5.64	5.74
14	5.64	5.74
16	5.64	5.77
18	5.64	5.77
20	5.63	5.77
20	5.64	5.67

- Still could not locate missing
wells from yesterday

KR/SG Offsite 14:30



ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: 11 Petroleum ~~STATION~~ St. Johnburg Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW 5 Collection Time 11:45

Sampling Sequence: 1 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J.G.

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 90°F

Depth To Product: N/A Feet Depth To Water: 4.20 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: N/A IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.84

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 Mason

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: odor, sheen on purge

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

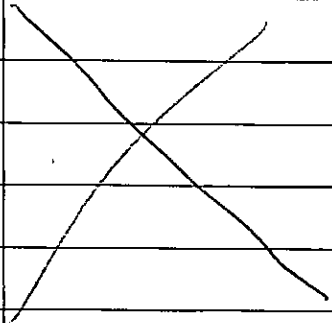
Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.84 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW5 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.50'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged gal	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
11:15	4.20	60	60	0.10	16.44	1.49	5.28	-57	3.65	-5	odor
11:20	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.21	1.50	5.52	-66	2.27	-5	
11:25	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.34	1.49	5.61	-67	2.00	-5	
11:30	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.42	1.49	5.72	-73	1.74	-5	
11:35	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.42	1.49	5.85	-101	1.62	755	
11:40	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.61	1.48	5.95	-110	1.53	708	Sample taken
11:45	4.20	↓	↓	2.0	15.55	1.48	5.96	-111	1.56	715	

Notes:

ODOR, shown on page

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petokum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-13 Collection Time ~~11:45~~ 12:05

Sampling Sequence: 2 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100°, P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.06 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +20 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.74

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy ☐ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: no color

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A 10.74 Of Screen (Below RP)
Well Id: MW-13 Top Bottom
Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.25
Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: 6 pump

[illegible]

Notes:

odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum St. Johnsbury Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW16 Collection Time 12:45

Sampling Sequence: 3 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 90°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.55 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.95'

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80216 VT Scan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: odor and sheen on purge

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: W. Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.95 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW16 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: JS Pump Intake Depth: 8.0
 Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

[illegible]

Notes:

Odor and sheen on purge

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petrokem Date: 6/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-22 Collection Time N/A

Sampling Sequence: 4 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100° P.C.

Depth To Product: 4.43 Feet Depth To Water: 5.79 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -1 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: Detectable IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): N/A

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? N/A

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque N/A

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8621B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Bail Down Test performed

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N Petroleum Depth To 1 Of Screen (Below RP)
Well Id: MW-22 Top Bottom
Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: _____
Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Grout

[illegible]

Notes:

ECS Well Sampling Form -- Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N P-Hotel St. Johnsbury Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW1 Collection Time 14:55

Sampling Sequence: 5 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J.G.

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.80 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) ↑OC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.30

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80216 VT S&S

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: light odor

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Location: N. Petrokum Depth To NA / 11.30 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW 1 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.50'

Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic pump

[illegible]

Notes:

light odor

ECS Well Sampling Form -- Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: mw-19 Collection Time 15:50

Sampling Sequence: 6 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100° F. C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.68 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.1 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.26

Well Yield: High ✓ Low ✓ Pumped Dry? ✓

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ✓ Cloudy ✓ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Ⓢ odor and sheen

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Location: <u>N. Petroleum</u>	Depth To <u>N/A</u> / <u>11.26</u> Of Screen (Below RP)
Well Id: <u>Mw-19</u>	Top Bottom
Field Personnel: <u>KR</u>	Pump Intake Depth: <u>8.28</u>
Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): <u>TOC</u>	Pumping Device: <u>Geopump</u>

[illegible]

Notes:

Odor and Sheen

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: 16 Petroleum St. Johnsbury Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-2ccs Collection Time 16:05

Sampling Sequence: 7 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 5.48 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.82

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTscan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: light odor

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: 11 Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.82 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: mw-2ecs Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged Gallons	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
15:30	5.48	60	60	0.10	17.27	3.79	6.11	-119	4.70	-5	
15:35	5.50	↓	↓	↓	16.25	2.76	6.23	-126	2.27	-5	
15:40	5.50	↓	↓	↓	16.02	2.49	6.29	-128	2.07	-5	
15:45	5.51	↓	↓	↓	16.00	2.44	6.31	-127	2.03	784	
15:50	5.51	↓	↓	↓	16.10	2.39	6.32	-127	2.03	522	
15:55	5.51	↓	↓	↓	15.76	2.36	6.33	-125	2.09	512	
16:00	5.51	↓	↓	↓	15.81	2.32	6.32	-124	2.10	442	Samples taken
16:05	5.51	↓	↓	↓	15.66	2.29	6.30	-121	2.03	391	

Notes:

light odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-27 Collection Time 17:25

Sampling Sequence: 8 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100° P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 7.39 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +3.0 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.80

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☐ Cloudy ☒ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: odor

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A / 11.80' Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-27 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: NR Pump Intake Depth: 9.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
16:45	7.93	60	60		17.8	.414	7.48	30	4.01	771.0	
16:50	7.93				17.3	0.381	7.21	43	2.82	481	
16:55	"				17.2	0.379	7.26	45	2.57	405.0	
17:00	7.94				16.9	0.375	7.31	54	1.96	698.0	
17:05	7.96				16.5	0.374	7.36	60	1.81	-5.0	
17:10	7.95				16.3	0.372	7.38	69	1.56	"	
17:15	7.96				16.0	0.368	7.40	78	1.38	"	
17:20	7.96			2gal	16.3	.368	7.40	73	1.28	"	

Notes:

Odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW 26 Collection Time 17:15

Sampling Sequence: 9 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J.G

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 97°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 7.62 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +3.00 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 13.28

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTsan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 13.28 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-26 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 10'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Grapump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
16:45	7.62	60	60	0.10	19.48	0.27	6.52	-34	3.23	-5	
16:50	7.63				19.45	0.27	6.38	-33	2.63	-5	
16:55	7.63				19.34	0.26	6.42	-38	1.73	-5	
17:00	7.65				19.08	0.26	6.46	-40	1.60	268	Turbidity going between (-5) and higher
17:05	7.66				19.09	0.27	6.48	-41	1.45	846	Jumped back down to -5
17:10	7.67				18.58	0.27	6.50	-40	1.41	957	Then back to -5
17:15	7.66			1.75	18.91	0.27	6.51	-40	1.35	846	Then back to -5 sampled

Notes: None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW 102 Collection Time 18:20

Sampling Sequence: 10 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J6

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 95° F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.20 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.18 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 12.26

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): DO216 VT Scan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: none

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

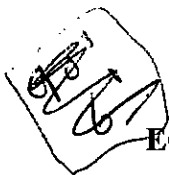
Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petaluma Depth To 112.26 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW 102 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: J.G. Pump Intake Depth: 8.00'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic G pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged gal	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
17:50	4.20	80	80	0.10	16.04	0.76	6.71	-103	3.20	512	Samples taken
17:55	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.32	0.81	6.72	-121	1.81	239	
18:00	4.20	↓	↓	↓	14.92	0.85	6.68	-128	1.48	173	
18:05	4.21	↓	↓	↓	14.69	0.88	6.58	-127	1.37	172	
18:10	4.21	↓	↓	↓	14.64	0.89	6.62	-131	1.29	140	
18:15	4.21	↓	↓	↓	14.60	0.90	6.65	-134	1.26	148	
18:20	4.23	↓	↓	2.00	14.61	0.90	6.67	-136	1.22	156	

Notes:

None



ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: NW 32 Collection Time 11:15

Sampling Sequence: 11 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 90°, P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.66 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use “+” For Aboveground, “-” For Belowground): -0.20 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.60

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☒ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☐ Cloudy ☒ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.60 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-32 Top 7.5' Bottom

Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged Gallons	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
10:30	4.66	60	60	0.10	21.24	0.96	6.18	108	6.32	920	
10:35	4.66				20.72	0.99	6.28	106	5.91	845	
10:40	4.66				20.53	1.01	6.43	97	5.14	455	
10:45	4.66				20.40	0.99	6.47	87	4.74	320	
10:50	4.66				20.61	0.99	6.51	78	4.98	255	
10:55	4.66				20.70	0.97	6.55	70	4.69	197	
11:00	4.67				20.18	0.99	6.53	69	4.67	191	
11:05	4.67				20.13	0.98	6.59	62	4.45	187	
11:10	4.67				20.08	0.99	6.62	57	4.36	184	
11:15	4.67	✓	✓	1.75	19.91	0.98	6.64	55	4.25	182	Sample taken

Notes:

None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: <u>N. Petroleum</u>		Date: <u>7/18/06</u>
Sample I.D.: <u>MW-31</u>	Collection Time <u>11:00</u>	
Sampling Sequence: <u>12</u> of <u>18</u>		
EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: <u>KR</u>		
Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): <u>85° P.C.</u>		
Depth To Product: <u>ND</u> Feet	Depth To Water: <u>4.42</u> Feet	
Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) <u>TOC</u>		
Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): <u>-2</u> feet		
Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) <u>IP</u>		
Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: <u>ND / IP</u>		
Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): <u>10.71</u>		
Well Yield: High _____ Low <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pumped Dry? _____	
Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection)	Clear <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cloudy _____ Opaque _____
Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) <u>Tubing</u>		
Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): <u>VT 8021B</u>		
Field Test Results (HACH Kits):		
Alkalinity: <u>N/A</u>	Chloride: <u>N/A</u>	
Iron (II): <u>N/A</u>	Sulfate: <u>N/A</u>	
Notes: <u>None</u>		

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To: N/A / 10.71 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-31 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.75

Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

[illegible]

Notes:

1/22/9

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Detmold

Date: 7/18/00

Sample I.D.: MW-30

Collection Time 11.50

Sampling Sequence: 13 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: AK

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip):

90° P.C.

Depth To Product: VD

Depth To Water: 5.01 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe)

500

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): 7.2 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe)

IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method:

ND / I A

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling)

10.60

Well Yield: High ✓

Low _____

Pumped Dry?

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection)

Clear

✓

Cloudy

Opaque.

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe)

Tubiqu

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods)

VT 8021 B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity:

 $\sim A$

Chloride:

N/A

Iron (II):

N/A

Sulfate:

N/A

Notes:

None

-USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A 10.60 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW-30 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.75
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
11:15	5.18	60	60	↓	18.9	.536	7.93	44	9.02	125.0	
11:20	5.16	60	60		17.9	.512	7.77	-21	4.03	38.2	
11:25	"	"	"		17.6	.641	7.78	-37	2.85	25.1	
11:30	"	"	"		17.7	.671	7.80	-45	2.45	26.1	
11:35	"	"	"		17.4	.691	7.79	-52	2.02	23.1	
11:40	5.17	↓	↓	↓	17.3	.706	7.79	-60	1.69	17.5	Sample
11:45	5.17		↓	2 gal	17.3	.720	7.79	-62	1.55	10.7	

Notes: None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW8 Collection Time 12:10

Sampling Sequence: 14 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 85°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 5.86 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +3.00 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 14.66

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy ☐ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA 14.66 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW 8 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 10'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged ^{gallons}	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
11:35	5.86	60	60	0.10	20.36	1.27	6.48	-98	4.64	271	
11:40	5.86				17.14	1.30	6.48	-81	3.19	133	
11:45	5.86				17.10	1.30	6.49	-103	2.65	116	
11:50	5.86				17.02	1.29	6.51	-113	2.06	109	
11:55	5.86				17.15	1.29	6.51	-117	1.82	146	
12:00	5.86				16.68	1.29	6.50	-118	1.79	157	
12:05	5.86				16.67	1.29	6.52	-121	1.69	120	Sample taken
12:10	5.86			1.75	16.50	1.29	6.52	-122	1.65	108	

Notes: None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-29 Collection Time 12:40

Sampling Sequence: 15 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 80° F, C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 9.70 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -3 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.00

Well Yield: High _____ Low ☒ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy _____ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8021B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To n/A / 11.00 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW-29 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: KK Pump Intake Depth: 7.75
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
12:00	4.76	120	120		20.4	.500	7.91	-24	8.92	24.2	
12:05	4.77				19.4	.521	7.66	3	2.60	12.9	
12:10	11				19.3	.588	7.64	-2	1.45	4.0	
12:15	11				18.7	.622	7.63	-15	1.18	1.8	
12:20	11				"	.638	"	-19	1.11	2.3	
12:25	11				"	.664	"	-27	.98	8.0	
12:30	4.78				18.8	.670	"	-31	.80	3.4	Sample
12:35	11			2.5 gal	18.9	.694	"	-34	.74	4.6	

Notes:

None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-101 Collection Time 13:10

Sampling Sequence: 16 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: IG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 85°F Short Rain Event

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.81 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.88

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy ☐ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 802113

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA 10.88 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-101 Top 7.5 Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.5

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged gals	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
12:35	4.81	60	60	0.10	17.82	1.01	6.53	-2	5.71	298	
12:40	4.82				17.18	1.04	6.48	-7	3.00	273	
12:45	4.82				16.61	1.13	6.43	-29	2.34	266	
12:50	4.82				16.55	1.19	6.45	-46	2.04	276	
12:55	4.82				16.25	1.20	6.46	-53	1.85	406	
13:00	4.82				16.38	1.23	6.47	-56	1.75	300	
13:05	4.82				15.99	1.22	6.48	-56	1.69	242	
13:10	4.81	↓	↓	1.80	16.09	1.23	6.49	-58	6.66	178	Sample taken

Notes: None

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-2 Collection Time 13:22

Sampling Sequence: 17 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 70° P.C.

Depth To Product: N/D Feet Depth To Water: 4.80 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): - .1 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.04

Well Yield: High Low ☒ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection)	Clear	✓ Cloudy	Opaque
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Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe)	Tubing
---	--------

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: *N/A* Chloride: *N/A*

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: *o.k.*

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Notes:

~~ABAC~~ odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-1R Collection Time 14:12

Sampling Sequence: 16 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 80° P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.85 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): 0 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 12.24

Well Yield: High _____ Low ☒ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8021B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Slight odor, no cap

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A / 12 24' Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-1R Top 8.5' Bottom

Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 8.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
13:35	5.18	90	90		17.4	1.43	7.57	22	7.24	134.0	
13:40	5.33	60	60		17.1	1.37	7.41	26	1.68	90.7	
13:45	5.20				17.4	1.31	7.48	35	1.05	67.4	
13:50	5.21				17.5	1.28	7.50	45	0.90	152.0	
13:55	"				17.6	1.24	7.54	54	0.90	131.0	
14:00	5.21				17.4	1.24	7.55	62	0.98	108.0	
14:05	"				17.3	1.25	7.55	66	0.96	98.8	
14:10	"	↓	↓		17.2	1.24	7.56	69	0.95	88.0	Sample

Notes: No Cap, slight odor

7/24/06

Northern Petroleum

41

08-204262

70°F

10:00 on-site JG

Bail Down Test

~ 20 ml Product recovered

MW-22

Time	DTF	DTW	Thickness
Initial	4.76	4.99	0.23
10:44 0	4.79	4.81	0.02
10:46 2	4.79	4.82	0.03
4	4.79	4.85	0.06
10:50 6	4.79	4.85	0.06
8	4.79	4.84	0.05
10	4.79	4.84	0.05
12	4.80	4.84	0.04
14	4.80	4.84	0.04
11:00 16	4.79	4.84	0.05
18	4.79	4.84	0.05
20	4.79	4.84	0.05
12:14 30	4.79	4.84	0.05

MW-19 - No Detect with IP
 MW-17 - No Detect with IP

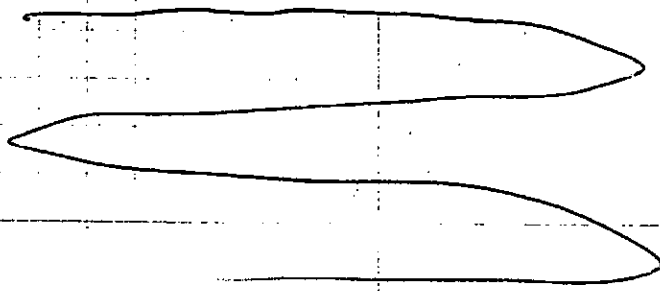
* MW-28 Soil Down Test - ND with IP

Time	DTP	DTW	Product
Initial			
0			
2			
4			
6			
8			
10			
12			
14			
16			
18			
20			
30			

* MW-28 - above ground casing with no cap
 * MW-28 - No Detect with IP.
 * There was an odor but no product was on end of probe
 (apparently)

MW-7	Soil Down Test	no 15 ml. Product removed	
Time	DTP	DTW	Products
Initial	5.68	5.81	0.13
11:48 0	5.70	5.73	0.03
11:50 2	5.69	5.74	0.05
4	5.70	5.75	0.05
6	5.69	5.75	0.06
8	5.69	5.75	0.06
10	5.69	5.76	0.07
12:00 12	5.69	5.75	0.06
14	5.69	5.75	0.06
16	5.69	5.75	0.06
18	5.69	5.75	0.06
12:08 20	5.69	5.76	0.07
12:18 30	5.69	5.75	0.06

12:30 off site JG



7/31/06 Northern Petroleum
08-204262 75°F

10:45 on site J.G.

- could not locate MW 4, MW 11

possibly under
2 AST beside berm

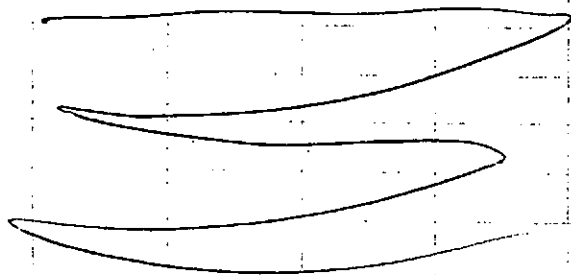
12:00 Calibrate Horiba

PH	Cond	Turb	D.O
3.89	4.44	0	7.59

- MW 12 had free product so a bail Down
test was done instead of low flow sampling.

MW 19 DTW → 4.72 (WD with IP)
odor from well

17:15 Offsite J.G.



Bail Down Test

MW-12

removed ~40 ml. of Product

Time	DTP	DTW
Initial	3.88	4.08
12:28	3.90	3.94
12:39	3.88	3.99
12:42	3.88	4.01
12:45	3.88	4.01
12:47	3.88	4.01
12:51	3.88	4.01
12:53	3.88	4.01
12:55	3.88	4.01
12:58	3.88	4.01
13:50	3.88	4.01

MW 22

removed ~10 ml of Product

Time	DTP	DTW
Initial	4.69	4.82
14:07	4.71	4.76
14:11	4.69	4.78
14:15	4.69	4.78
14:18	4.69	4.78
14:20	4.69	4.78
14:22	4.69	4.79
14:24	4.69	4.79
14:26	4.69	4.79
14:46	4.69	4.78
15:17	4.70	4.79

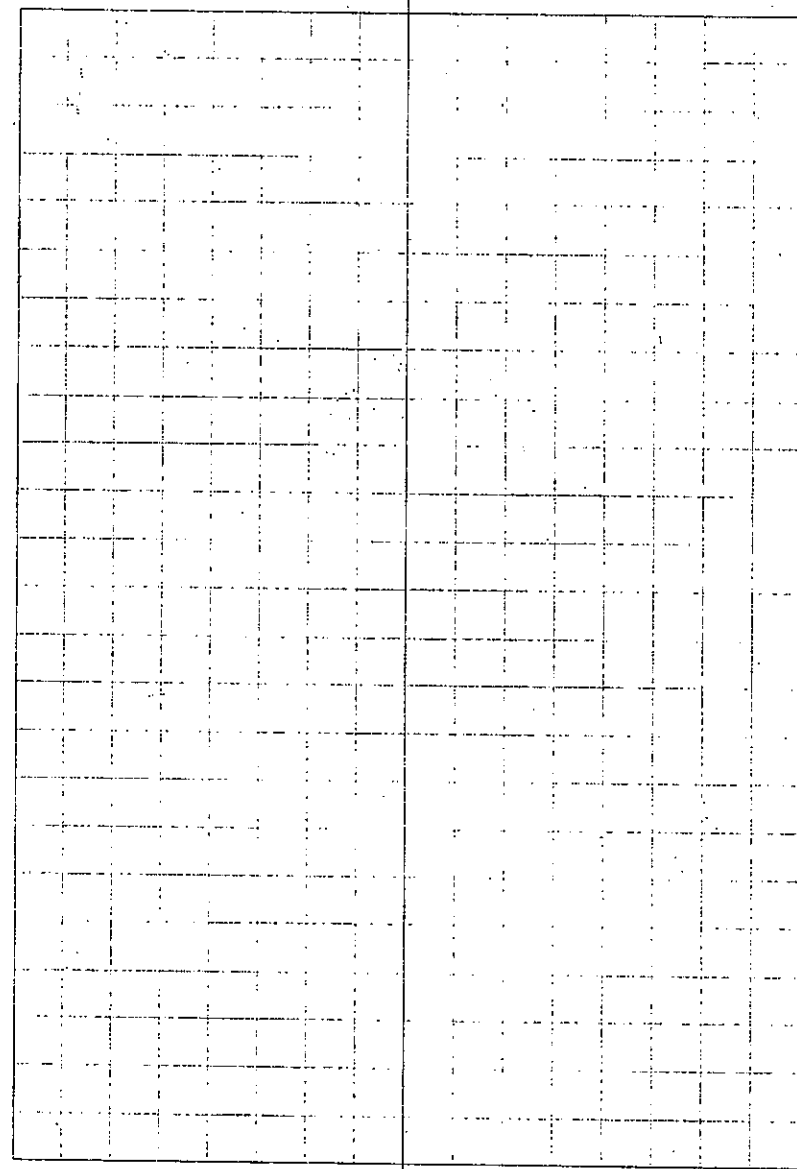
MW 7 (5 ml Product removed)

MW 28 (5 ml Product removed)

Time	DTP	DTW
15:35	5.60	5.63
15:46	5.61	5.62
15:49	5.61	5.63
15:51	5.61	5.63
15:54	5.61	5.63
15:56	5.61	5.63
15:59	5.61	5.64
16:01	5.61	5.63
16:03	5.61	5.63
16:05	5.61	5.63
16:42	5.62	5.64

Time	DTP	DTW
16:10	6.78	6.94
16:18	6.92	6.93
16:20	6.90	6.91
16:22	6.88	6.90
16:25	6.88	6.96
16:27	6.86	7.00
16:29	6.85	7.02
16:31	6.85	7.02
16:33	6.88	7.03
16:35	6.88	7.04
17:11	6.86	7.09

Cap was off when arrived
I put it back on
at end of day.
This is an above ground
casing so rain past
few days could
get in.



ECS Well Sampling Form -- Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/31/06

Sample I.D.: MW 17 Collection Time 13:40

Sampling Sequence: 1 of 2

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 75°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.75 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.13

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTran

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: NA

Chloride: NA

Iron (II): NA

Sulfate: NA

Notes: _____

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 11.13 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: ~~NA~~ MW 17 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 8.00'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged ^{Gallons}	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
13:10	4.75	200	200	0.50	15.00	2.52	7.19	-132	11.80	0	Slight odor
13:15	4.75				14.70	2.40	7.29	-135	8.80	306	Screen on purge
13:20	4.75				14.4	2.32	7.39	-137	6.56	79	
13:25	4.75				14.3	2.26	7.46	-139	5.50	38	
13:30	4.75				14.3	2.20	7.56	-142	4.75	29	
13:35	4.75				14.2	2.19	7.63	-142	4.55	35	
13:40	4.75			3.00	14.2	2.17	7.69	-143	4.29	53	Sampled

Notes:

No cap on casing

ECS Well Sampling Form - Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: W. Petroleum St. Johnburg Date: 7/31/06

Sample I.D.: MW 18 Collection Time 15:05

Sampling Sequence: 2 Of 2

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 75°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.73 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.15 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.88

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTscan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: NA Chloride: NA

Iron (II): NA Sulfate: NA

Notes: _____

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA 10.88 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW 18 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.5'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged ^{5dby}	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
14:40	4.73	140	140	0.10	15.3	2.73	7.59	-112	10.04	340	Moderate odor
14:45	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.0	2.67	7.64	-114	5.97	79	Sharn on Purge
14:50	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.1	2.62	7.68	-116	4.55	47	
14:55	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.1	2.59	7.74	-119	3.85	33	
15:00	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.0	2.56	7.80	-122	3.52	24	
15:05	4.73	✓	↓	2.00	15.8	2.53	7.85	-124	3.19	8	Samples taken

Notes:

NO CAP ON casing

8/7/06 W. Petroleum in St. Johnsbury

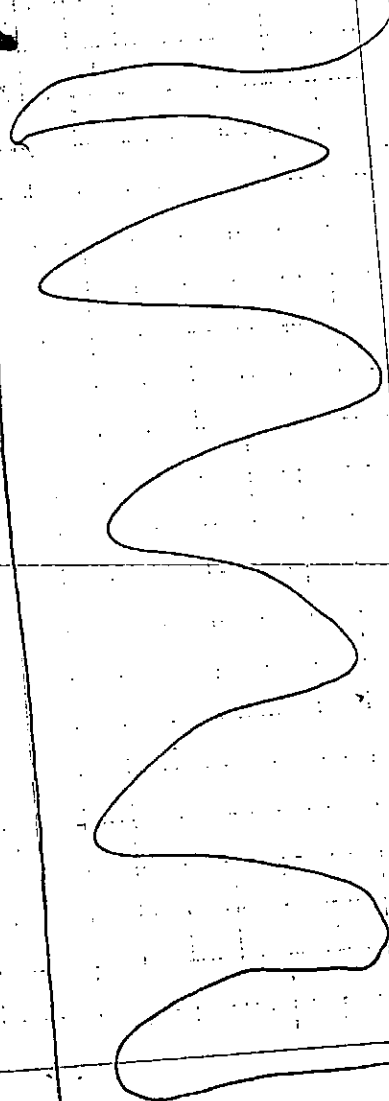
08-204262

72°F

9:30 Onsite JG.

MW7 Bail Down Testings
Removes ~ 5ml

Time	DTF	DTW	Sp
Initial 9:33	5.49	5.50	5.50
9:40	ND	5.50	5.50
9:42	5.495	5.50	5.50
9:44	5.495	5.50	5.50
9:46	5.495	5.50	5.50
9:48	ND	5.49	5.50
9:50	ND	5.49	
9:52	5.495	5.50	
9:54	5.495	5.50	
9:56	ND	5.49	
9:58	ND	5.49	
10:00	ND	5.50	
11:27	ND	5.50	



MW17 DTW → 4.59

10 odor 10:10

MW19 DTW → 4.61

10 odor 10:14

MW22 Bail Down Test

Time	DTW	DTW
10:16	4.37	5.82
10:22	4.61	4.69
10:24	4.59	4.73
10:26	4.59	4.74
10:28	4.59	4.75
10:30	4.59	4.76
10:32	4.59	4.76
10:34	4.59	4.76
10:36	4.59	4.76
10:38	4.59	4.76
10:40	4.59	4.76
10:42	4.59	4.76
11:32	4.58	4.74

Strong Odor

removed ~200 ml
of Product

12:30 Offsite J.G.

MW28 Bail Down Test

Time	DTW	DTW
10:50	6.68	7.03
10:58	6.85	6.86
11:00	6.81	6.95
11:02	6.83	6.92
11:04	6.81	6.95
11:06	6.81	6.95
11:08	6.83	6.93
11:10	6.82	6.90
11:12	6.81	6.93
11:14	6.81	6.91
11:16	6.81	6.96
11:18	6.81	6.88
12:12	6.75	6.77

- Product appeared frothy/bubbly
as if air was being blown
into well

- Strong Odor

- removed ~30 ml of
Product

7/17/06 Northern Petroleum St. Johnsbury
08-204262.00

10:30 Onsite JE/KR

10:45 Calibrate Horiba

pH	Cond.	Turb.	D.O.
3.96	6.43	114	8.45

11:21 Calibrate Pine Horiba

pH	Cond	Turb	DO
4.00	4.90	0.0	8.13

- Could not find MW-4, MW-11, MW-12, MW-17, MW-18
- Found FP in MW-22 and MW-28
- 500 mL taken from MW-22
- 200 mL taken from MW-28

Bail Down Test

- MW-22

Before Bailing Measurements:

DTP = 4.43' DTW = 5.79' Thickness = 1.36'

Recharge Test: Began @ 14:32

Time	DTP	DTW	FP Thickness
0	4.66	4.76	0.10
2	4.65	4.82	0.17
4	4.65	4.81	0.16
6	4.65	4.82	0.17
8	4.65	4.81	0.16
10	4.65	4.81	0.16
12	4.65	4.81	0.16
14	4.66	4.81	0.15
16	4.66	4.81	0.15
18	4.66	4.81	0.15
20	4.66	4.80	0.14
30	4.65	4.80	0.15

Bailed Approx 500 mL FP, unable to get down to 0.01'

MW-28 Note: Cap missing

Before Bailing Measurements:

DTP = 6.92' DTW = 7.56' Thickness = 0.64'

Recharge test: Began @ 17:37

Time	DTP	DTW	FP Thickness
0	6.99	7.09	0.10
2	6.98	7.09	0.11
4	6.98	7.10	0.12
6	6.97	7.11	0.14
8	6.97	7.12	0.15
10	6.97	7.13	0.16
12	6.97	7.13	0.16
14	6.97	7.13	0.16
16	6.97	7.13	0.14
18	6.97	7.13	0.16
20	6.97	7.13	0.16
30	6.96	7.13	0.17

Bailed Approximately 200 mL FP. unable to bail down to 0.01'

KR/SG offsite 18:30

7/16/86 Northern Petroleum, St. J, VT.
08-20426200

10:00 AM Onsite KR/SG

- Complete Well monitoring

10:15 Calibrate Horiba (EC5)

PH	Cond	Turb	DO
3.99	4.28	17.4	7.72

Calibrate Pine Horiba

PH	Cond	Turb	DO
3.86	4.23	17.5	7.60
	4.47	209	

~~Min 7.2 did not have time to read~~
95 It was expected to have

MV-7

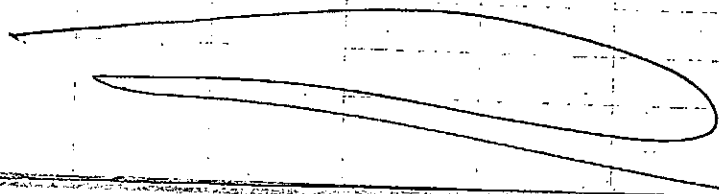


~40 ml. removed

<u>Time</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>
Initial	5.62	5.75
0	5.65	5.74
2	5.64	5.74
4	5.63	5.71
6	5.64	5.74
8	5.64	5.77
10	5.64	5.76
12	5.64	5.74
14	5.64	5.74
16	5.64	5.77
18	5.64	5.77
20	5.63	5.77
20	5.64	5.67

- Still could not locate missing
wells from yesterday

KR/SG Offsite 14:30



ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: 11 Petroleum ~~STATION~~ St. Johnburg Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW 5 Collection Time 11:45

Sampling Sequence: 1 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J.G.

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 90°F

Depth To Product: N/A Feet Depth To Water: 4.20 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: N/A IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.84

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 Mason

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

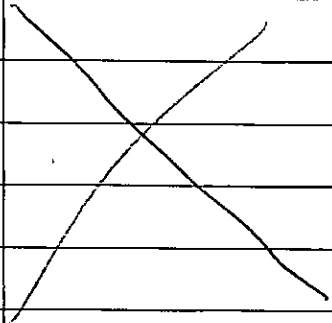
Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: odor, sheen on purge

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.84 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW5 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: JB Pump Intake Depth: 7.50'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged gal	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
11:15	4.20	60	60	0.10	16.44	1.49	5.28	-57	3.65	-5	odor
11:20	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.21	1.50	5.52	-66	2.27	-5	
11:25	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.34	1.49	5.61	-67	2.00	-5	
11:30	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.42	1.49	5.72	-73	1.74	-5	
11:35	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.42	1.49	5.85	-101	1.62	755	
11:40	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.61	1.48	5.95	-110	1.53	708	Sample taken
11:45	4.20	↓	↓	2.0	15.55	1.48	5.96	-111	1.56	715	

Notes:

ODOR, shown on page

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petokum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-13 Collection Time ~~11:45~~ 12:05

Sampling Sequence: 2 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100°, P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.06 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +20 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.74

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy ☐ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: no color

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To 2.1A 10.74 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-13 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.25

Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: 6 pump

[illegible]

Notes:

odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum St. Johnsbury Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW16 Collection Time 12:45

Sampling Sequence: 3 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 90° F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.55 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.95'

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ✓ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80216 VT Scan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: odor and sheen on purge

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: W. Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.95 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW16 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 8.0

Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

[illegible]

Notes:

Odor and when on purge

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petrokem Date: 6/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-22 Collection Time N/A

Sampling Sequence: 4 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100° P.C.

Depth To Product: 4.43 Feet Depth To Water: 5.79 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -1 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: Detectable IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): N/A

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? N/A

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque N/A

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8621B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Bail Down Test performed

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Location: <u>N. Petroleum</u>	Depth To <u>1</u> Of Screen (Below RP)
Well Id: <u>MW-22</u>	Top Bottom
Field Personnel: <u>KR</u>	Pump Intake Depth: <u> </u>
Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): <u>TOC</u>	Pumping Device: <u>Gr pump</u>

[illegible]

Notes:

ECS Well Sampling Form -- Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N P-Hotel St. Johnsbury Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW1 Collection Time 14:55

Sampling Sequence: 5 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J.G.

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.80 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) ↑OC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.30

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80216 VT S&S

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: light odor

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petrokum Depth To NA / 11.30 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW 1 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.50'

Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic pump

[illegible]

Notes:

light odor

ECS Well Sampling Form -- Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: mw-19 Collection Time 15:50

Sampling Sequence: 6 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100° F. C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.68 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.1 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.26

Well Yield: High ✓ Low ✓ Pumped Dry? ✓

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ✓ Cloudy ✓ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Ⓢ odor and sheen

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Location: <u>N. Petroleum</u>	Depth To <u>N/A</u> / <u>11.26</u> Of Screen (Below RP)
Well Id: <u>Mw-19</u>	Top Bottom
Field Personnel: <u>KR</u>	Pump Intake Depth: <u>8.28</u>
Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): <u>TOC</u>	Pumping Device: <u>Geopump</u>

[illegible]

Notes:

Odor and Sheen

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: 16 Petroleum St. Johnsbury Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-2ccs Collection Time 16:05

Sampling Sequence: 7 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 5.48 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.82

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTscan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: light odor

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: 11 Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.82 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-2ecs Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged Gallons	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
15:30	5.48	60	60	0.10	17.27	3.79	6.11	-119	4.70	-5	
15:35	5.50	↓	↓	↓	16.25	2.76	6.23	-126	2.27	-5	
15:40	5.50	↓	↓	↓	16.02	2.49	6.29	-128	2.07	-5	
15:45	5.51	↓	↓	↓	16.00	2.44	6.31	-127	2.03	784	
15:50	5.51	↓	↓	↓	16.10	2.39	6.32	-127	2.03	522	
15:55	5.51	↓	↓	↓	15.76	2.36	6.33	-125	2.09	512	
16:00	5.51	↓	↓	↓	15.81	2.32	6.32	-124	2.10	442	Samples taken
16:05	5.51	↓	↓	↓	15.66	2.29	6.30	-121	2.03	391	

Notes:

light odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW-27 Collection Time 17:25

Sampling Sequence: 8 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 100° P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 7.39 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): + 3.0 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.80

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☐ Cloudy ☒ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: odor

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A / 11.80' Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-27 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: NR Pump Intake Depth: 9.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
16:45	7.93	60	60		17.8	.414	7.48	30	4.01	771.0	
16:50	7.93				17.3	0.381	7.21	43	2.82	481	
16:55	"				17.2	0.379	7.26	45	2.57	405.0	
17:00	7.94				16.9	0.375	7.31	54	1.96	698.0	
17:05	7.96				16.5	0.374	7.36	60	1.81	-5.0	
17:10	7.95				16.3	0.372	7.38	69	1.56	"	
17:15	7.96				16.0	0.368	7.40	78	1.38	"	
17:20	7.96			2gal	16.3	.368	7.40	73	1.28	"	

Notes:

Odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW 26 Collection Time 17:15

Sampling Sequence: 9 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J.G

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 97°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 7.62 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +3.00 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 13.28

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTsan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 13.28 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW-26 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 10'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Grapump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
16:45	7.62	60	60	0.10	19.48	0.27	6.52	-34	3.23	-5	
16:50	7.63				19.45	0.27	6.38	-33	2.63	-5	
16:55	7.63				19.34	0.26	6.42	-38	1.73	-5	
17:00	7.65				19.08	0.26	6.46	-40	1.60	268	Turbidity going between (-5) and higher
17:05	7.66				19.09	0.27	6.48	-41	1.45	846	Jumped back down to -5
17:10	7.67				18.58	0.27	6.50	-40	1.41	957	Then back to -5
17:15	7.66			1.75	18.91	0.27	6.51	-40	1.35	846	Then back to -5 sampled

Notes: None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/17/06

Sample I.D.: MW 102 Collection Time 18:20

Sampling Sequence: 10 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: J6

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 95° F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.20 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.18 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 12.26

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): DO216 VT Scan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: none

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

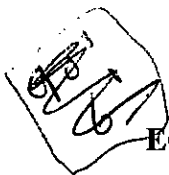
Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petaluma Depth To 112.26 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW 102 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 8.00'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic G pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged (gallons)	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
17:50	4.20	80	80	0.10	16.04	0.76	6.71	-103	3.20	512	Samples taken
17:55	4.20	↓	↓	↓	15.32	0.81	6.72	-121	1.81	239	
18:00	4.20	↓	↓	↓	14.92	0.85	6.68	-128	1.48	173	
18:05	4.21	↓	↓	↓	14.69	0.88	6.58	-127	1.37	172	
18:10	4.21	↓	↓	↓	14.64	0.89	6.62	-131	1.29	140	
18:15	4.21	↓	↓	↓	14.60	0.90	6.65	-134	1.26	148	
18:20	4.23	↓	↓	2.00	14.61	0.90	6.67	-136	1.22	156	

Notes:

None



ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: NW 32 Collection Time 11:15

Sampling Sequence: 11 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 90°, P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.66 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.20 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.60

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☒ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☐ Cloudy ☒ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 10.60 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW-32 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.5'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged Gallons	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
10:30	4.66	60	60	0.10	21.24	0.96	6.18	108	6.32	920	
10:35	4.66				20.72	0.99	6.28	106	5.91	845	
10:40	4.66				20.53	1.01	6.43	97	5.14	455	
10:45	4.66				20.40	0.99	6.47	87	4.74	320	
10:50	4.66				20.61	0.99	6.51	78	4.98	255	
10:55	4.66				20.70	0.97	6.55	70	4.69	197	
11:00	4.67				20.18	0.99	6.53	69	4.67	191	
11:05	4.67				20.13	0.98	6.59	62	4.45	187	
11:10	4.67				20.08	0.99	6.62	57	4.36	184	
11:15	4.67	✓	✓	1.75	19.91	0.98	6.64	55	4.25	182	Sample taken

Notes:

None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-31 Collection Time 11:00

Sampling Sequence: 12 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 85° P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.42 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): 1.2 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe)	IP
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Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.71

Well Yield: High Low ☒ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection)	Clear	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Cloudy	Opaque
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Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe)	Tubing
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Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8031B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: *N/A* Chloride: *N/A*

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Name

[illegible]

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[illegible]

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--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A 10.71 Of Screen (Below RP)
Well Id: MW-31 Top Bottom
Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.75
Reference Point (RP - TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

[illegible]

Notes:

1/20

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Detmold

Date: 7/18/00

Sample I.D.: MW-30

Collection Time 11.50

Sampling Sequence: 13 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: AK

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip):

9:00 P.C.

Depth To Product: ND

Depth To Water: 5.01 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe)

500

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -2 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe)

IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method:

ND / I A

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling)

10.60

Well Yield: High ✓

Low_____

Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection)

Clear_

✓

Cloudy

Opaque.

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe)

Tubiqu

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods):

VT 8021 B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity:

N/A

Chloride:

N/A

Iron (II):

N/A

Sulfate:

N/A

Notes:

None

-USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A 10.60 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW-30 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 7.75
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
11:15	5.18	60	60	↓	18.9	.536	7.93	44	9.02	125.0	
11:20	5.16	60	60		17.9	.512	7.77	-21	4.03	38.2	
11:25	"	"	"		17.6	.641	7.78	-37	2.85	25.1	
11:30	"	"	"		17.7	.671	7.80	-45	2.45	26.1	
11:35	"	"	"		17.4	.691	7.79	-52	2.02	23.1	
11:40	5.17	↓	↓	↓	17.3	.706	7.79	-60	1.69	17.5	Sample
11:45	5.17		↓	2 gal	17.3	.720	7.79	-62	1.55	10.7	

Notes: None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW8 Collection Time 12:10

Sampling Sequence: 14 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 85°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 5.86 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): +3.00 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 14.66

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy ☐ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA 14.66 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW 8 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 10'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged ^{gallons}	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
11:35	5.86	60	60	0.10	20.36	1.27	6.48	-98	4.64	271	
11:40	5.86				17.14	1.30	6.48	-81	3.19	133	
11:45	5.86				17.10	1.30	6.49	-103	2.65	116	
11:50	5.86				17.02	1.29	6.51	-113	2.06	109	
11:55	5.86				17.15	1.29	6.51	-117	1.82	146	
12:00	5.86				16.68	1.29	6.50	-118	1.79	157	
12:05	5.86				16.67	1.29	6.52	-121	1.69	120	Sample taken
12:10	5.86			1.75	16.50	1.29	6.52	-122	1.65	108	

Notes: None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: NW-29 Collection Time 12:40

Sampling Sequence: 15 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 80° F, C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 9.70 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): - .3 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.00

Well Yield: High _____ Low ☒ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy _____ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8021B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To n/A / 11.00 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW-29 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: KK Pump Intake Depth: 7.75
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
12:00	4.76	120	120		20.4	.500	7.91	-24	8.92	24.2	
12:05	4.77				19.4	.521	7.66	3	2.60	12.9	
12:10	11				19.3	.588	7.64	-2	1.45	4.0	
12:15	11				18.7	.622	7.63	-15	1.18	1.8	
12:20	11				"	.638	"	-19	1.11	2.3	
12:25	11				"	.664	"	-27	.98	8.0	
12:30	4.78				18.8	.670	"	-31	.80	3.4	
12:35	11			2.5 gal	18.9	.694	"	-34	.74	4.6	Sample

Notes:

None

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-101 Collection Time 13:10

Sampling Sequence: 16 Of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: IG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 85°F Short Rain Event

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.81 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.88

Well Yield: High ☒ Low ☐ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear ☒ Cloudy ☐ Opaque ☐

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 802113

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: None

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA 110.88 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-101 Top 7.5 Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.5

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged gals	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
12:35	4.81	60	60	0.10	17.82	1.01	6.53	-2	5.71	298	
12:40	4.82				17.18	1.04	6.48	-7	3.00	273	
12:45	4.82				16.61	1.13	6.43	-29	2.34	266	
12:50	4.82				16.55	1.19	6.45	-46	2.04	276	
12:55	4.82				16.25	1.20	6.46	-53	1.85	406	
13:00	4.82				16.38	1.23	6.47	-56	1.75	300	
13:05	4.82				15.99	1.22	6.48	-56	1.69	242	
13:10	4.81	↓	↓	1.80	16.09	1.23	6.49	-58	6.66	178	Sample taken

Notes: None

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-2 Collection Time 13:22

Sampling Sequence: 17 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 70° P.C.

Depth To Product: N/D Feet Depth To Water: 4.80 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): - .1 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.04

Well Yield: High Low ☒ Pumped Dry? ☐

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection)	Clear	✓ Cloudy	Opaque
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Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe)	Tubing
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Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 80213

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: *N/A* Chloride: *N/A*

Iron (II): N/A Sulfate: N/A

Notes: *o.k.*

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

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[illegible]

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--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Notes:

~~ABAC~~ odor

ECS Well Sampling Form – Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/18/06

Sample I.D.: MW-1R Collection Time 14:12

Sampling Sequence: 16 of 18

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: KR

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 80° P.C.

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.85 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): 0 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND / IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 12.24

Well Yield: High _____ Low ☒ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy ☒ Opaque _____

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): VT 8021B

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: N/A

Chloride: N/A

Iron (II): N/A

Sulfate: N/A

Notes: Slight odor, no cap

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To N/A / 12 24' Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: MW-1R Top 8.5' Bottom

Field Personnel: KR Pump Intake Depth: 8.5'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Geopump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed	Cumulative Volume Purged	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
13:35	5.18	90	90		17.4	1.43	7.57	22	7.24	134.0	
13:40	5.33	60	60		17.1	1.37	7.41	26	1.68	90.7	
13:45	5.20				17.4	1.31	7.48	35	1.05	67.4	
13:50	5.21				17.5	1.28	7.50	45	0.90	152.0	
13:55	"				17.6	1.24	7.54	54	0.90	131.0	
14:00	5.21				17.4	1.24	7.55	62	0.98	108.0	
14:05	"				17.3	1.25	7.55	66	0.96	98.8	
14:10	"	↓	↓		17.2	1.24	7.56	69	0.95	88.0	Sample

Notes: No Cap, slight odor

7/24/06

Northern Petroleum

41

08-204262

70°F

10:00 on-site JG

Bail Down Test

~ 20 ml Product recovered

MW-22

Time	DTP	DTW	Thickness
Initial	4.76	4.99	0.23
10:44 0	4.79	4.81	0.02
10:46 2	4.79	4.82	0.03
4	4.79	4.85	0.06
10:50 6	4.79	4.85	0.06
8	4.79	4.84	0.05
10	4.79	4.84	0.05
12	4.80	4.84	0.04
14	4.80	4.84	0.04
11:00 16	4.79	4.84	0.05
18	4.79	4.84	0.05
20	4.79	4.84	0.05
12:14 30	4.79	4.84	0.05

MW-19 - No Detect with IP
 MW-17 - No Detect with IP

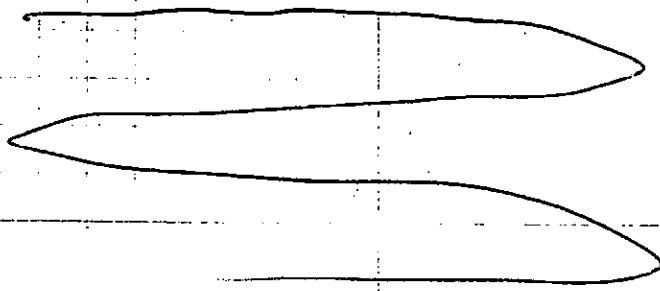
* MW-28 Soil Down Test - ND with IP

Time	DTP	DTW	Product
Initial			
0			
2			
4			
6			
8			
10			
12			
14			
16			
18			
20			
30			

* MW-28 - No Detect with IP.
 - above ground casing with no cap
 - There was an odor but no product was on end of probe
 (apparently)

MW-7	Soil Down Test	no 15 ml. Product removed	
Time	DTP	DTW	Products
Initial	5.68	5.81	0.13
11:48 0	5.70	5.73	0.03
11:50 2	5.69	5.74	0.05
4	5.70	5.75	0.05
6	5.69	5.75	0.06
8	5.69	5.75	0.06
10	5.69	5.76	0.07
12:00 12	5.69	5.75	0.06
14	5.69	5.75	0.06
16	5.69	5.75	0.06
18	5.69	5.75	0.06
12:08 20	5.69	5.76	0.07
12:18 30	5.69	5.75	0.06

12:30 off site JG



7/31/06 Northern Petroleum
08-204262 75°F

10:45 on site J.G.

- could not locate MW 4, MW 11

possibly under
AST beside berm

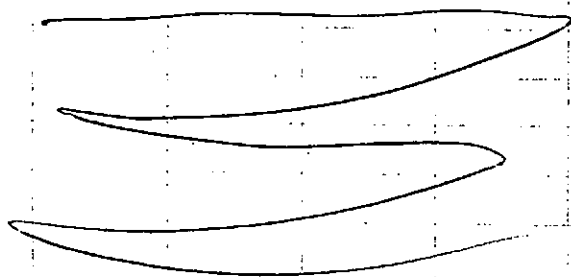
12:00 Calibrate Horiba

PH	Cond	Turb	D.O
3.89	4.44	0	7.59

- MW 12 had free product so a bail Down
test was done instead of low flow sampling.

MW 19 DTW → 4.72 (WD with IP)
odor from well

17:15 Offsite J.G.



Bail Down Test

MW-12

removed ~40 ml. of Product

Time	DTP	DTW
Initial	3.88	4.08
12:28	3.90	3.94
12:39	3.88	3.99
12:42	3.88	4.01
12:45	3.88	4.01
12:47	3.88	4.01
12:51	3.88	4.01
12:53	3.88	4.01
12:55	3.88	4.01
12:58	3.88	4.01
13:50	3.88	4.01

MW 22

removed ~10 ml of Product

Time	DTP	DTW
Initial	4.69	4.82
14:07	4.71	4.76
14:11	4.69	4.78
14:15	4.69	4.78
14:18	4.69	4.78
14:20	4.69	4.78
14:22	4.69	4.79
14:24	4.69	4.79
14:26	4.69	4.79
14:46	4.69	4.78
15:17	4.70	4.79

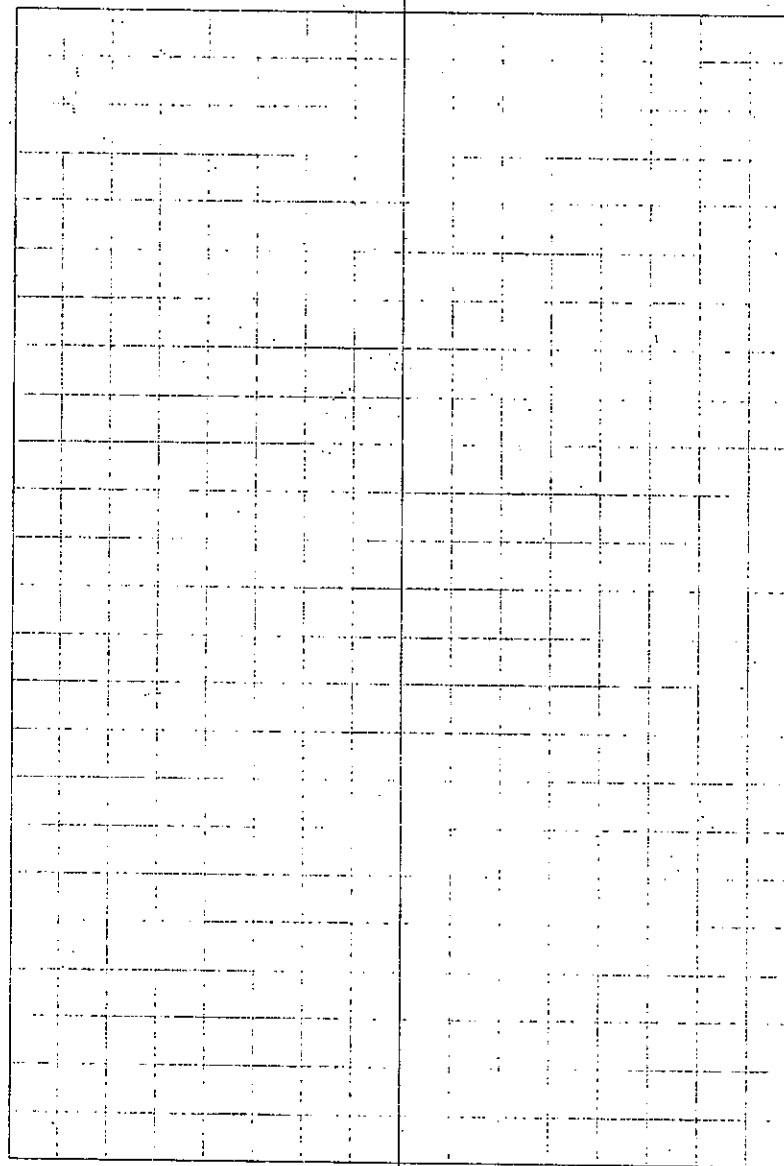
MW 7 (~ 5 ml Product removed)

MW 28 (~ 5 ml Product removed)

Time	DTP	DTW
15:35	5.60	5.63
15:46	5.61	5.62
15:49	5.61	5.63
15:51	5.61	5.63
15:54	5.61	5.63
15:56	5.61	5.63
15:59	5.61	5.64
16:01	5.61	5.63
16:03	5.61	5.63
16:05	5.61	5.63
16:42	5.62	5.64

Time	DTP	DTW
16:10	6.78	6.94
16:18	6.92	6.93
16:20	6.90	6.91
16:22	6.88	6.90
16:25	6.88	6.96
16:27	6.86	7.00
16:29	6.85	7.02
16:31	6.85	7.02
16:33	6.88	7.03
16:35	6.88	7.04
17:11	6.86	7.09

Cap was off when arrived
I put it back on
at end of day.
This is an above ground
casing so rain past
few days could
get in.



ECS Well Sampling Form -- Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: N. Petroleum Date: 7/31/06

Sample I.D.: MW 17 Collection Time 13:40

Sampling Sequence: 1 of 2

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 75°F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.75 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.10 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 11.13

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTran

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: NA

Chloride: NA

Iron (II): NA

Sulfate: NA

Notes: _____

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Last Update: Sep 2005

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA / 11.13 Of Screen (Below RP)

Well Id: ~~MW 10~~ MW 17 Top Bottom

Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 8.00'

Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged ^{Gallons}	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
13:10	4.75	200	200	0.50	15.00	2.52	7.19	-132	11.80	0	Slight odor
13:15	4.75				14.70	2.40	7.29	-135	8.80	306	Screen on purge
13:20	4.75				14.4	2.32	7.39	-137	6.56	79	
13:25	4.75				14.3	2.26	7.46	-139	5.50	38	
13:30	4.75				14.3	2.20	7.56	-142	4.75	29	
13:35	4.75				14.2	2.19	7.63	-142	4.55	35	
13:40	4.75			3.00	14.2	2.17	7.69	-143	4.29	53	Sampled

Notes:

No cap on casing

ECS Well Sampling Form - Page 1 of 2

Site Name/Location: W. Petroleum St. Johnburg Date: 7/31/06

Sample I.D.: MW 18 Collection Time 15:05

Sampling Sequence: 2 Of 2

EC S Field Staff Collecting This Sample: JG

Climatic Conditions (Temp/Precip): 75° F

Depth To Product: ND Feet Depth To Water: 4.73 Feet

Reference Point (TOC or other -Describe) TOC

Ref. Point Elev. Relative To Ground Surface (Use "+" For Aboveground, "-" For Belowground): -0.15 feet

Measurement Technique (WLM, IP or other -Describe) IP

Presence/Absence Of NAPL And Detection Method: ND IP

Total Depth Of Boring (Take Measurement After Sampling): 10.88

Well Yield: High _____ Low _____ Pumped Dry? _____

Final Water Appearance (At Sample Collection) Clear _____ Cloudy _____ Opaque ✓

Sample Collected from (tubing, bailer, or other-describe) Tubing

Submitted For Analysis By (Method or Methods): 80215 VTscan

Field Test Results (HACH Kits):

Alkalinity: NA

Chloride: NA

Iron (II): NA

Sulfate: NA

Notes: _____

--USE REVERSE SIDE OF FORM FOR LOW FLOW SAMPLING PARAMETERS--

Low-Flow Well Sampling Form – Page 2 of 2

Location: N. Petroleum Depth To NA 10.88 Of Screen (Below RP)
 Well Id: MW 18 Top Bottom
 Field Personnel: JG Pump Intake Depth: 7.5'
 Reference Point (RP – TOC or other-describe): TOC Pumping Device: Peristaltic Pump

Time (24 Hr)	Depth To Water (ft)	Purge Rate mL/min)	Pump Speed RPM	Cumulative Volume Purged ^{5dby}	Temperature °C	Specific Conductance (uS/cm)	pH	ORP / eH (mV)	DO (Mg/L)	Turbidity (NTU)	Comments
14:40	4.73	140	140	0.10	15.3	2.73	7.59	-112	10.04	340	Moderate odor
14:45	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.0	2.67	7.64	-114	5.97	79	Sharn on Purge
14:50	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.1	2.62	7.68	-116	4.55	47	
14:55	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.1	2.59	7.74	-119	3.85	33	
15:00	4.73	↓	↓	↓	15.0	2.56	7.80	-122	3.52	24	
15:05	4.73	↓	↓	2.00	15.8	2.53	7.85	-124	3.19	8	Samples taken

Notes:

NO CAP ON casing

MW17 DTW → 4.59

10 odor 10:10

MW19 DTW → 4.61

10 odor 10:14

MW22 Bail Down Test

Time	DTW	DTW
10:16	4.37	5.82
10:22	4.61	4.69
10:24	4.59	4.73
10:26	4.59	4.74
10:28	4.59	4.75
10:30	4.59	4.76
10:32	4.59	4.76
10:34	4.59	4.76
10:36	4.59	4.76
10:38	4.59	4.76
10:40	4.59	4.76
10:42	4.59	4.76
11:32	4.58	4.74

Strong Odor

removed ~200 ml
of Product

12:30 Offsite J.G.

MW28 Bail Down Test

Time	DTW	DTW
10:50	6.68	7.03
10:58	6.85	6.86
11:00	6.81	6.95
11:02	6.83	6.92
11:04	6.81	6.95
11:06	6.81	6.95
11:08	6.83	6.93
11:10	6.82	6.90
11:12	6.81	6.93
11:14	6.81	6.91
11:16	6.81	6.96
11:18	6.81	6.88
12:12	6.75	6.77

- Product appeared frothy/bubbly
as if air was being blown
into well

- Strong Odor

- removed ~30 ml of
Product

APPENDIX C

BAILDOWN TEST DATA & ANALYSIS

MW-7 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum in St. Johnsbury, VT

7/18/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	5.62	5.75	0.13	initial
1	5.65	5.74	0.09	0
2	5.64	5.71	0.07	2
4	5.63	5.71	0.08	4
6	5.64	5.74	0.10	6
8	5.64	5.77	0.13	8
10	5.64	5.76	0.12	10
12	5.64	5.74	0.10	12
14	5.64	5.74	0.10	14
16	5.64	5.77	0.13	16
18	5.64	5.77	0.13	18
20	5.63	5.77	0.14	20
30	5.64	5.67	0.03	30

7/24/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	5.68	5.81	0.13	initial
1	5.70	5.73	0.03	0
2	5.69	5.74	0.05	2
4	5.70	5.75	0.05	4
6	5.69	5.75	0.06	6
8	5.69	5.75	0.06	8
10	5.69	5.76	0.07	10
12	5.69	5.75	0.06	12
14	5.69	5.75	0.06	14
16	5.69	5.75	0.06	16
18	5.69	5.75	0.06	18
20	5.69	5.76	0.07	20
30	5.69	5.75	0.06	30

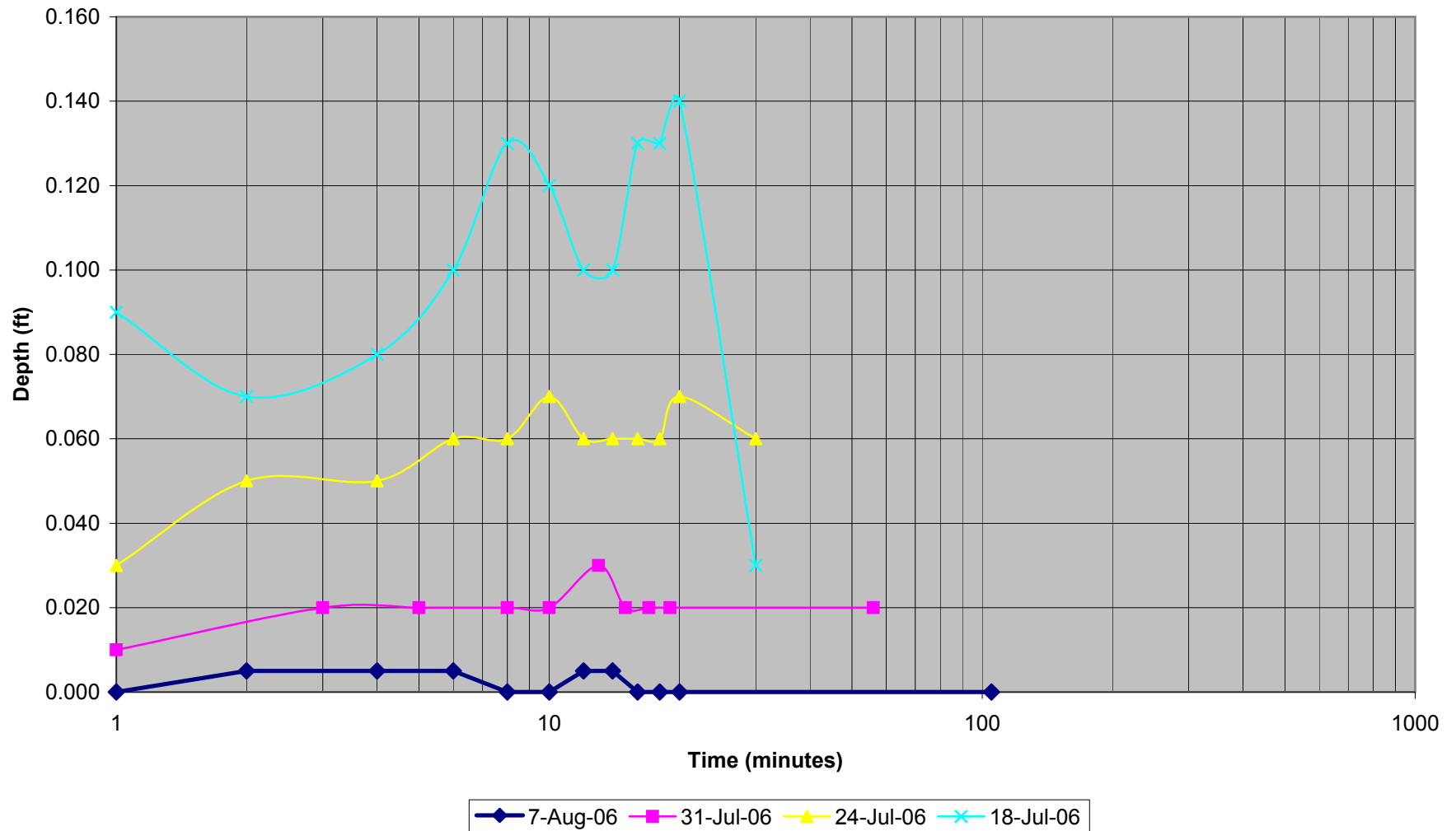
7/31/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	5.60	5.63	0.03	initial
1	5.61	5.62	0.01	0
3	5.61	5.63	0.02	3
5	5.61	5.63	0.02	5
8	5.61	5.63	0.02	8
10	5.61	5.63	0.02	10
13	5.61	5.64	0.03	13
15	5.61	5.63	0.02	15
17	5.61	5.63	0.02	17
19	5.61	5.63	0.02	19
56	5.62	5.64	0.02	56

8/7/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	5.49	5.50	0.01	initial
1	ND	5.50	0.00	0
2	5.495	5.50	0.005	2
4	5.495	5.50	0.005	4
6	5.495	5.50	0.005	6
8	ND	5.49	0.00	8
10	ND	5.49	0.00	10
12	5.495	5.50	0.005	12
14	5.495	5.50	0.005	14
16	ND	5.49	0.00	16
18	ND	5.49	0.00	18
20	ND	5.50	0.00	20
105	ND	5.50	0.00	105

MW-7 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum
St. Johnsbury, VT

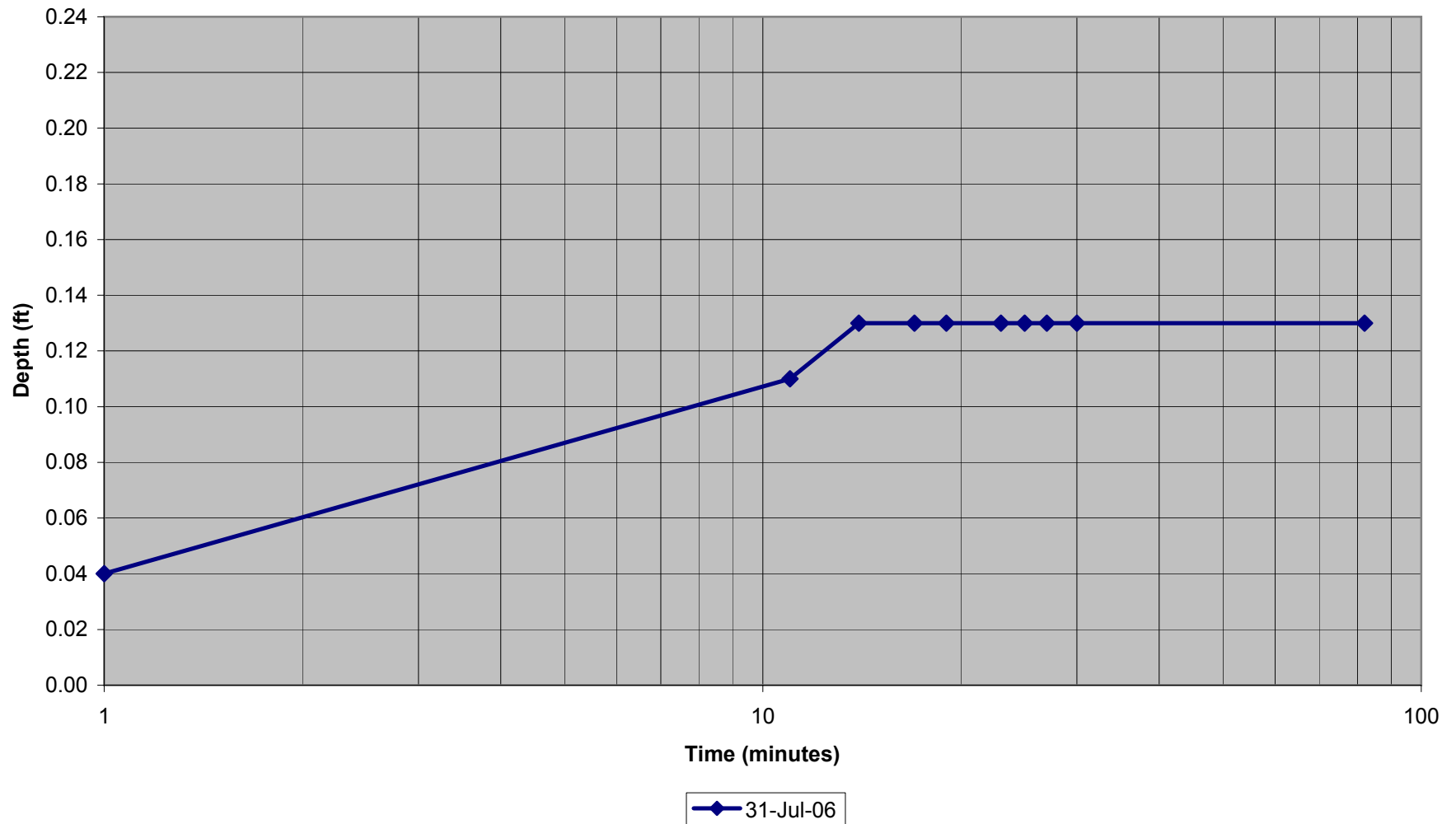


MW-12 Results of Product Bail Down Test
Northern Petroleum in St. Johnsbury, VT

7/31/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	3.88	4.08	0.20	initial
1	3.90	3.94	0.04	0
11	3.88	3.99	0.11	11
14	3.88	4.01	0.13	14
17	3.88	4.01	0.13	17
19	3.88	4.01	0.13	19
23	3.88	4.01	0.13	23
25	3.88	4.01	0.13	25
27	3.88	4.01	0.13	27
30	3.88	4.01	0.13	30
82	3.88	4.01	0.13	82

MW-12 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum
St. Johnsbury, VT



MW-22 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum in St. Johnsbury, VT

7/17/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	4.43	5.79	1.36	initial
1	4.66	4.82	0.16	0
2	4.65	4.82	0.17	2
4	4.65	4.81	0.16	4
6	4.65	4.82	0.17	6
8	4.65	4.81	0.16	8
10	4.65	4.81	0.16	10
12	4.65	4.81	0.16	12
14	4.66	4.81	0.15	14
16	4.66	4.81	0.15	16
18	4.66	4.81	0.15	18
20	4.66	4.80	0.14	20
30	4.65	4.80	0.15	30

7/24/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	4.76	4.99	0.23	initial
1	4.79	4.81	0.02	0
2	4.79	4.82	0.03	2
4	4.79	4.85	0.06	4
6	4.79	4.85	0.06	6
8	4.79	4.84	0.05	8
10	4.79	4.84	0.05	10
12	4.80	4.84	0.04	12
14	4.80	4.84	0.04	14
16	4.79	4.84	0.05	16
18	4.79	4.84	0.05	18
20	4.79	4.84	0.05	20
30	4.79	4.84	0.05	30

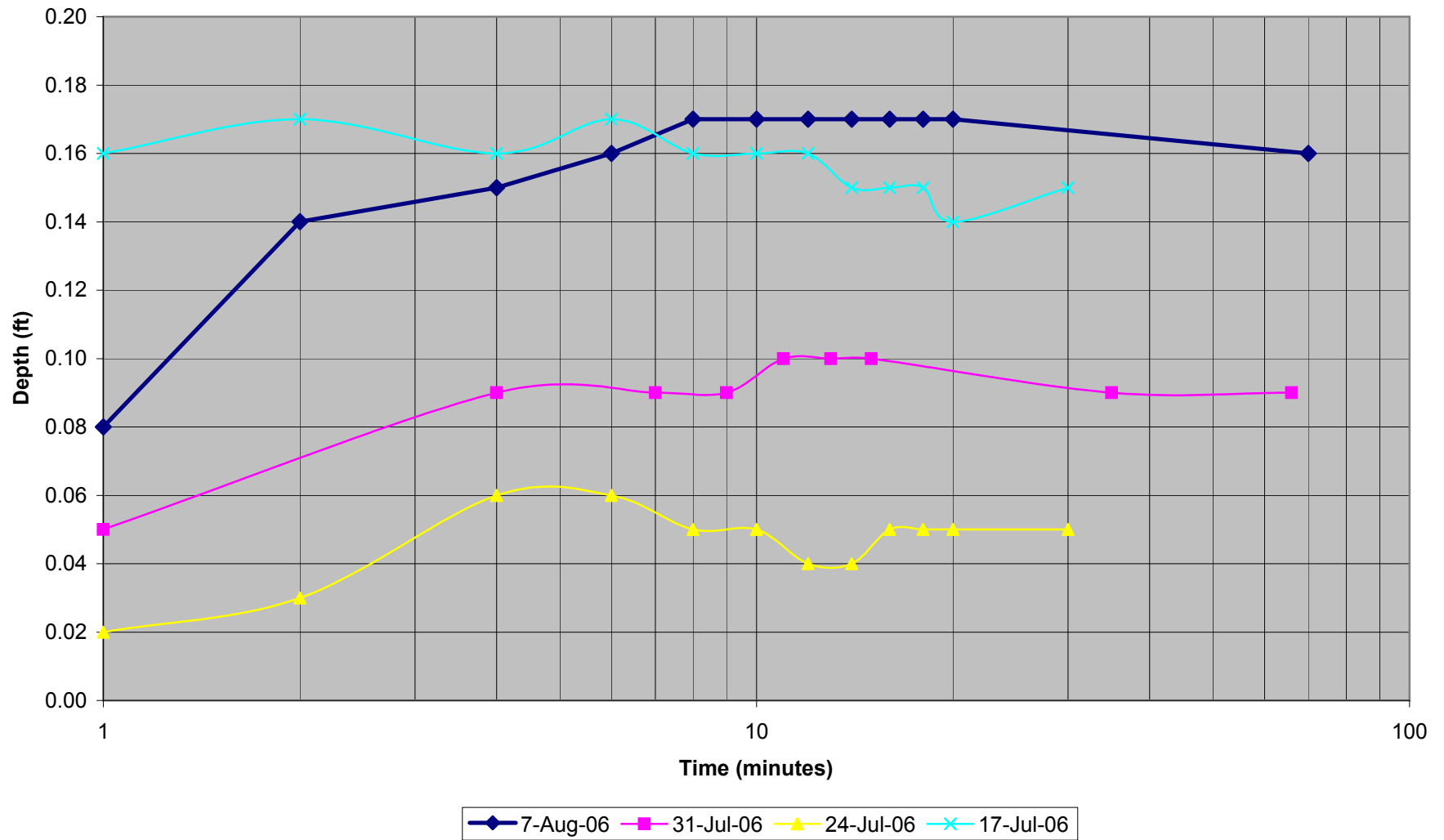
7/31/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	4.69	4.82	0.13	initial
1	4.71	4.76	0.05	0
4	4.69	4.78	0.09	4
7	4.69	4.78	0.09	7
9	4.69	4.78	0.09	9
11	4.69	4.79	0.10	11
13	4.69	4.79	0.10	13
15	4.69	4.79	0.10	15
35	4.69	4.78	0.09	35
66	4.70	4.79	0.09	66

8/7/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	4.37	5.82	1.45	initial
1	4.61	4.69	0.08	0
2	4.59	4.73	0.14	2
4	4.59	4.74	0.15	4
6	4.59	4.75	0.16	6
8	4.59	4.76	0.17	8
10	4.59	4.76	0.17	10
12	4.59	4.76	0.17	12
14	4.59	4.76	0.17	14
16	4.59	4.76	0.17	16
18	4.59	4.76	0.17	18
20	4.59	4.76	0.17	20
70	4.58	4.74	0.16	70

MW-22 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum
St. Johnsbury, VT



MW-28 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum in St. Johnsbury, VT

7/17/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	6.92	7.56	0.64	initial
1	6.99	7.09	0.10	0
2	6.98	7.09	0.11	2
4	6.98	7.10	0.12	4
6	6.97	7.11	0.14	6
8	6.97	7.12	0.15	8
10	6.97	7.13	0.16	10
12	6.97	7.13	0.16	12
14	6.97	7.13	0.16	14
16	6.97	7.13	0.16	16
18	6.97	7.13	0.16	18
20	6.97	7.13	0.16	20
30	6.96	7.13	0.17	30

8/7/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness (ft)</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	6.68	7.03	0.35	initial
1	6.85	6.86	0.01	0
2	6.81	6.95	0.14	2
4	6.83	6.92	0.09	4
6	6.81	6.95	0.14	6
8	6.81	6.95	0.14	8
10	6.83	6.93	0.10	10
12	6.82	6.90	0.08	12
14	6.81	6.93	0.12	14
16	6.81	6.91	0.10	16
18	6.81	6.96	0.15	18
20	6.81	6.88	0.07	20
74	6.75	6.77	0.02	74

7/31/2006

<u>Time (min)</u>	<u>DTP</u>	<u>DTW</u>	<u>Thickness</u>	<u>thick time</u>
1	6.78	6.94	0.16	initial
1	6.92	6.93	0.01	0
2	6.90	6.91	0.01	2
4	6.88	6.90	0.02	4
7	6.88	6.96	0.08	7
9	6.86	7.00	0.14	9
11	6.85	7.02	0.17	11
13	6.85	7.02	0.17	13
15	6.88	7.03	0.15	15
17	6.88	7.04	0.16	17
53	6.86	7.09	0.23	53

MW-28 Results of Product Bail-Down Test
Northern Petroleum
St. Johnsbury, VT

